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A method of modulating cell survival, differentiation and/or synaptic plasticity

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Field of invention

The present invention relates to a method of modulating cell differentiation and/or survival by providing compounds comprising fragments from the neural cell adhesion (NCAM) molecule capable of modulating the interaction between the Ig1, Ig2 and/or Ig3 modules of NCAM, wherein said modules derived from two individual NCAM molecules. The invention further relates to a method for screening a candidate compound capable of modulating the interaction between the Ig1, Ig2 and/or Ig3 modules of NCAM and provides an assay for the screening such candidate compound, said assay comprising using a crystal of the Ig1-Ig2-Ig3 module of NCAM. Accordingly, the invention provides a crystalline protein comprising the Ig1-Ig2-Ig3 module of NCAM. The invention also discloses candidate compounds capable of modulating the interaction between the Ig1, Ig2 and/or Ig3 modules of NCAM.

Background of invention

- The neural cell adhesion molecule, NCAM, mediates cell-cell adhesion via homophilic (NCAM-NCAM) binding. NCAM plays a key role in neural development, neuronal differentiation and synaptic plasticity, including learning and memory consolidation.
- Intercellular interactions play a crucial role in a wide range of biological processes, including cell migration, survival and differentiation. These phenomena depend upon protein recognition at the cell surface mediated by cell-cell adhesion molecules (CAMs).
- The neural cell adhesion molecule, NCAM, originally described as a synaptic membrane protein (Jørgensen and Bock, 1974), and later shown to mediate cell-cell adhesion was the first mammalian cell adhesion molecule identified. NCAM belongs to the immunoglobulin (Ig) superfamily. Alternative splicing of mRNA and post-translational modifications generate a large number of NCAM isoforms. The three

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major NCAM isoforms have identical extracellular parts consisting of five Ig modules and two fibronectin type III modules.

NCAM is known to mediate Ca²⁺-independent cell-cell and cell-substratum adhesion via homophilic (NCAM binding to NCAM) and heterophilic (NCAM binding to other molecules) interactions (Berezin et al., 2000). The different modules of NCAM have been shown to perform distinct functions. NCAM binds various extracellular matrix components such as heparin/heparan sulfate, chondroitin sulfate proteoglycans, and different types of collagen. The heparin binding sequence is localized to the Ig2 module. NCAM also binds to the neural cell adhesion molecule L1. This interaction is believed to take place between the fourth Ig module of NCAM and an oligomannosidic moiety expressed on L1.

Despite extensive studies, the precise mechanism of the homophilic binding of NCAM remains unclear, and the published results are to some extent contradictory. NCAM homophilic binding was originally reported to depend on an antiparallel interaction between Ig3 modules from two opposing NCAM molecules. Cell aggregation experiments performed on mouse L-cells expressing chicken NCAM with deletions of different Ig modules indicated an involvement of the Ig3 module. Later, employing microspheres coated with individual recombinant Ig modules of chicken NCAM, binding was demonstrated between the Ig1 and Ig5 modules, and between the Ig2 and Ig4 modules, whereas microspheres coated with Ig3 exhibited strong self-aggregation (Ranheim et al., 1996). However, a study by Atkins et al. (2001) on the solution structure of the Ig3 module of chicken NCAM including ultracentrifugation experiments did not support the suggested dimerization of Ig3.

A binding between recombinant modules of rat lg1 and lg2 was demonstrated by means of surface plasmon resonance analysis (Kiselyov et al., 1997). The three-dimensional structures of individual modules of rat lg1 and lg2, and the chicken lg1 module, have been determined by nuclear magnetic resonance (NMR) spectroscopy, resulting in the identification of amino acid residues involved in the homophilic binding between the lg1 and lg2 modules (Thomsen et al., 1996; Jensen et al., 1999; Atkins et al., 1999). The crystal structure of the lg1-2 fragment of rat NCAM provided detailed information on the cross-like lg1-2 dimer, and pointed out the key residues in this interaction, namely F19 and Y65 (Kasper et al., 2000).

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Recently, it was demonstrated that a point mutation of F19 (F19S) did not affect cell aggregation mediated by full length NCAM, even though it abolished dimerization of the lg1-2-3 fragment, which otherwise takes place in solution (Atkins et al., 2001). These results therefore question the suggested lg3-to-lg3 (Rao et al., 1992; Ranheim et al., 1996) and lg1-to-lg2 (Kiselyov et al., 1997; Kasper et al., 2000) models of NCAM homophilic binding.

As can be seen from the above, NCAM modules have numerous ways of interacting with other NCAM modules and with non-NCAM molecules. The present invention provides a method of moldulating such interactions by providing compounds capable of binding to NCAM modules.

Summary of invention

Accordingly, the present invention concerns compounds which are capable of modulating proliferation, induce differentiation, and promote regeneration, neuronal plasticity and survival of cells expressing NCAM.

In one aspect the present invention concerns a method of modulating cell differentiation and/or survival of the neural cell adhesion molecule (NCAM) presenting cells comprising

- a) providing a candidate compound capable of
- i) interacting with the Ig1 module of NCAM, and thereby mimicking and/or modulating the interaction between the Ig1 and Ig3 modules of NCAM, wherein said modules are from two individual NCAM molecules, and/or
- ii) interacting with the Ig3 module of NCAM, and thereby mimicking and/or modulating the interaction between the Ig3 and Ig1 modules of NCAM, wherein said modules are from two individual NCAM molecules, and/or
- iii) interacting with the Ig2 module of NCAM, and thereby mimicking the interaction between Ig2 and Ig3 modules of NCAM, wherein said modules are from two individual NCAM molecules, and/or
 - iv) interacting with the Ig3 module of NCAM, and thereby mimicking and/or modulating the interaction between the Ig3 and Ig2 modules of NCAM, wherein said modules are from two individual NCAM molecules, and/or

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- v) interacting with the Ig2 module of NCAM, and thereby mimicking and/or modulating the interaction between the Ig2 and Ig2 modules of NCAM, wherein said modules are from two individual NCAM motecules,
- b), providing at least one NCAM presenting cell;
- c) contacting the at least one NCAM presenting cell with said candidate compound, and thereby modulating cell differentiation and/or survival of the at least one NCAM presenting cell.

In another aspect the present invention is concerned with a method for screening whether a candidate compound is capable of modulating cell differentiation and/or survival of NCAM presenting cells by

- i) providing a candidate compound:
- providing a compound comprising the NCAM Ig1-2-3 module, or fragments of said module, such as Ig1, Ig2, Ig3, or Ig1-2, or Ig2-3 modules;
- 15 iii) detecting interaction between the candidate compound of (i) and the compound of (ii).

In still another aspect the present invention provide an assay for selecting a candidate compound capable of modulating cell differentiation and/or survival of NCAM presenting cells, said candidate conpound as above described, comprising the steps of

- i) incubating in vitro at least one candidate compound and the second compound, wherein said second compound is the lg1-2-3 module of NCAM in a solution;
- preparing a crystal of a complex of the candidate and second compound by co-crystallisation, wherein the crystal effectively diffracts X-rays for the determination of the atomic coordinates of said second compound or a complex of the second with the fist compound to a resolution at most 5. 0, preferably at most 4. 0, more preferably at most 3. 0 Å, even more preferably at most 1. 5Å;;
 - iii) determining the three-dimensional structure of the crystal of step (ii) followed by
 - iv) the selection the candidate compound capable of (1) interacting with the Ig1 module and thereby modulating the interaction between the Ig3 and Ig1 module in the crystal of the Ig1-2-3 module of NCAM, and/or (2) interacting

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to the Ig3 module and thereby modulating the interaction between the Ig1 and the Ig3 module in the crystal of the Ig1-2-3 module of NCAM, and/or (3) interacting with the Ig2 module and thereby modulating the interaction between the Ig3 and Ig2 module in the crystal of the Ig1-2-3 module of NCAM and/or (4) interacting with the Ig3 module and thereby modulating the interaction between the Ig2 and Ig3 module in the crystal of the Ig1-2-3 module of NCAM, and/or (5) interacting with the Ig2 module and thereby modulating the interaction of the Ig2 and Ig2 module in the crystal of the Ig1-2-3 module of NCAM;

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- contacting in vitro the candidate compound of step (iv) with a cell expressing
 NCAM followed by
 - vi) evaluating the cellular response.

It is an objective of the present invention to provide a crystalline protein comprising the Ig1-2-3 module of NCAM and a method of preparing said crystalline protein.

Moreover, in yet another aspect the invention provides a screening method for selecting a compound capable of modulating cell differentiation and/or survival of NCAM presenting cells, comprising the steps of

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- providing a polypeptide comprising the Ig1-2-3 module of NCAM, or parts of said module such as Ig1, Ig2, Ig3, Ig1-2 or Ig2-3 modules;
- generating a structural model of the Ig1-2-3 module of NCAM, or parts of said module such as Ig1, Ig2, Ig3, Ig1-2 or Ig2-3 modules by computer modelling techniques;
- iii) designing a compound into the structure of said generated model;
- iv) testing a compound of step (iii) in an in vitro or in vivo assay.

In a further aspect of the invention the Ig1-2-3 module of NCAM may be used for the manufacture of a kit for screening a candidate compound capable of modulating NCAM-dependent cell differentiation and/or survival.

The invention also discloses a kit for screening a candidate compound capable of modulating NCAM-dependent cell differentiation and/or survival.

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Further, the invention discloses a computer generated model of the crystal structure of the Ig1-2-3 module of NCAM for screening a candidate compound capable of modulating NCAM-dependent cell differentiation and/or survival.

Moreover, the invention provides a compound having the amino acid sequence WFSPNGEKLSPNQ (SEQ ID NO: 1),
YKCVVTAEDGTQSE (SEQ ID NO: 2),
TLVADADGFPEP (SEQ ID NO: 3),
QIRGIKKTD (SEQ ID NO: 4),

DVR (SEQ ID NO: 5),

RGIKKTD (SEQ ID NO: 6),

DVRRGIKKTD (SEQ ID NO: 7),

KEGED (SEQ ID NO: 8),

IRGIKKTD (SEQ ID NO: 9),

15 KEGEDGIRGIKKTD (SEQ ID NO: 10),
DKNDE (SEQ ID NO: 11),
TVQARNSIVNAT (SEQ ID NO: 12),
SIHLKVFAK (SEQ ID NO: 13),
LSNNYLQIR (SEQ ID NO: 14),

RFIVLSNNYLOI (SEQ ID NO: 15),

KKDVRFIVLSNNYLQI (SEQ ID NO: 16), QEFKEGEDAVIV (SEQ ID NO: 17), KEGEDAVIVCD (SEQ ID NO: 18), or

tedebrittob (GEG Ib No. 18), (

fragments or variants thereof.

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In yet a further embodiment the invention relates to the use of one or more of the above compounds for the manufacture a medicament.

Description of Drawings

- Table 1. Crystallographic data and refinement statistics
- Table 2. The atomic structure coordinates of the Ig1-2-3 module crystal.
- Figure 1. Crystal structure of the rat NCAM Ig1-2-3 fragment at 2.0 Å resolution.

 (A) CD backbone diagram in stereo with every 10th residue labeled.

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(B) Ribbon diagram with β -strands shown in blue and labeled according to $\log I$ set nomenclature. The $\alpha 3_{10}$ turns are shown in red.

- Figure 2. Crystal structure of the Ig1-2-3 fragment of NCAM reveals four major module-module interactions and two kinds of Ig1-2-3 arrays. Space-filling models of interacting Ig1-2-3 cis dimers (mediated by Ig1-Ig2 binding) are shown. The Ig1-to-Ig2, Ig1-to-Ig3, Ig2-to-Ig2, and Ig2-to-Ig3 interaction sites are indicated by white ellipses. The heparin binding sites of the Ig2 modules (residues 133-148) are shown in yellow. The arrows Indicate the position of N-linked glycosylation at Asn203 (Asn203 is colored pink). The termini are denoted by N and C.
- (A,B) The Ig1-2 mediated cis dimers of the Ig1-2-3 fragment are shown in cyan and green and form a "flat" zipper via an Ig2-to-Ig3 mediated trans interaction, reflecting an interaction between NCAM molecules on opposing cells.
- (C,D) The Ig1-2-3 fragment cis dimers also form a non-symmetrical "compact" zipper via Ig1-to-Ig3 and Ig2-to-Ig2 trans interactions. Two cis dimers shown in orange and green are held together by two Ig1-to-Ig3 interactions (full ellipses) on one side and one Ig2-to-Ig2 interaction (stippled ellipse) on the opposite side of the zipper. The views in B and D are perpendicular to A and C, respectively.
- 20 Figure 3. Close-up view of the interaction Interfaces in the NCAM Ig1-2-3 fragment.
 - (A) The Ig1-to-Ig2 interaction interface. The Ig1 and Ig2 modules are shown in yellow and green and belong to two different Ig1-2-3 fragments that form one Ig1-2-3 cis dimer.
 - (B) The Ig2-to-Ig3 interaction interface.
- 25 (C) The Ig2-to-Ig2 Interaction interface.
 - (D) The lg1-to-lg3 interaction interface. In B-D, the ribbon representations of modules from two interacting lg1-2-3 fragments belonging to different lg1-2-3 cis dimers are shown in green and cyan. Oxygen atoms are shown in red and nitrogens in blue. The hydrogen bonds are shown as red dashed lines. Water molecules are shown as red spheres.
 - Figure 4. The effect of the Ig3 module, the P1-B, P3-DE, P3-G, P3-B peptides, and their derivatives, on neurite outgrowth from the NCAM-expressing PC12-E2 cells grown on top of a confluent monolayer of NCAM-transfected fibroblasts.
- 35 (A-F) Confocal micrographs of NCAM-expressing pheochromocytoma PC12-E2 cells

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grown on top of a confluent monolayer of vector-transfected A,C,E or NCAM-140 transfected B,D,F L929 fibroblasts. NCAM-NCAM interaction stimulates neurite outgrowth in PC12-E2 cells grown on top of NCAM-expressing B versus NCAM-negative A fibroblasts. Introduction of the recombinant tg3 module does not affect PC12-E2 cells grown on vector-transfected fibroblasts C but clearly inhibits neurite outgrowth in PC12-E2 cells grown on NCAM-transfected fibroblasts D as a result of disruption of NCAM-NCAM interactions. In contrast, tg3mut2 neither affects PC12-E2 cells grown on vector-transfected fibroblasts E nor inhibits NCAM-induced neurite outgrowth F. Peptides P1-B, P3-DE, and P3-G have inhibitory effects comparable to the effect of tg3wt C,D, whereas effects of the tg3mut1, P3-B peptide, and control peptides are similar to the effect of tg3mut2 E,F. Scale bar, 20 Dm.

- (G) The effect of the Ig3 module, P1-B, P3-DE, P3-G, P3-B peptides, and their derivatives, is shown in percent of control, setting the difference between the average neurite length of PC12-E2 cells grown on NCAM-140-transfected and vector-transfected fibroblasts to 100%. Results are given as mean ± SEM.* P<0.05, ** P<0.01 (compared to the induction of neurite outgrowth from PC12-E2 cells grown on top of monolayer of NCAM-transfected fibroblasts).
- Figure 5. Schematic representations of the "compact", "flat", and "double" zipper adhesion complexes formed by NCAM, as observed in the crystal structure of the NCAM Ig1-2-3 fragment. The individual Ig modules of Ig1-2-3 are shown as cylinders (Ig1 is red, Ig2 is yellow, and Ig3 is green). The Ig4, Ig5, and the two membrane proximal FnIII modules have been modeled as gray cylinders. Ig and FnIII modules are numbered by Arabic and Roman numerals, respectively. In order to accommodate all seven extracellular modules of NCAM a bend has been introduced after Ig4 according to electron microscopy studies (HaII and Rutishauser, 1987; Becker et al., 1989). The size of the Ig1-2-3 fragment and distance between opposing cell membranes are indicated.
- (A) The "compact" zippers are stabilized by lg1-to-lg3 and lg2-to-lg2 interactions between lg1-2-3 cis dimers originating from two opposing cell membranes.
- (B) The "flat" zipper is stabilized by Ig2-to-Ig3 interactions between Ig1-2-3 cls dimers originating from two opposing cell membranes.
- (C) The two types of zippers may co-exist as observed in the crystal and will result in formation of a double zipper-like adhesion complex.

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Detailed description of the invention

It is an object of the invention to provide a method for selecting suitable compounds to be used for the promotion of cell differentiation of neural cells and neuronal plasticity, and stimulation of survival and regeneration of neuronal cells.

Molecules with the potential to promote neurite outgrowth as well as stimulate survival, regeneration and modulate proliferation of neuronal cells, such as certain endogenous trophic factors, adhesion molecules, are prime targets in the search for compounds that facilitate for example neuronal regeneration and other forms of neuronal plasticity. To evaluate the potential of the present compounds, the ability to interfere with cell adhesion, stimulate neurite outgrowth, proliferation and regeneration and the survival of neuronal cells may be investigated. It is an object of the present invention to provide compounds capable of binding to one or more positions on the NCAM molecule. In particular, positions in the NCAM Ig1, Ig2 and Ig3 modules are favourable for the promotion of neurite outgrowth. Compounds of the invention are therefore considered to be good promoters of regeneration of neuronal connections, and thereby of functional recovery after damages, as well as promoters of neuronal function in other conditions where such an effect is required.

In the present context "differentiation" is related to the processes of maturation of cells, such as for example extension of neurites from neurons which takes place after the last cell division of said neurons has ended. The compounds of the present invention may be capable of stopping cell division and initiate maturation and/or extension of neurites

In the present invention a compound is considered promising when it is capable of doubling the neurite outgrowth of cultured cells when compared to control cells, such as improving neurite outgrowth three-fold, such as four-fold, for example five fold, such as six-fold.

Further, in the present context the wording "stimulate/promoting survival" is used synonymously with the wording "preventing cell death" or "neuro-protection". By stimulating/promoting survival it is possible to prevent diseases or prevent further

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degeneration of the nervous system in individuals suffering from a neurodegenerative disorder.

"Survival" refers to the process, wherein a cell has been traumatised and would under normal circumstances, with a high probability die, if not the compound of the invention was used to prevent said cell from degenerating, and thus promoting or stimulating survival of said traumatised cell.

By the term "modulation" is meant a change, such as either stimulation or inhibition.

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By "modulating NCAM signalling" is meant a molecule capable of initiating the production and/or activation or inhibition of a cascade of messenger molecules leading to a physiological response of the cell, such as for example an increase in neurite length.

The invention further provides for a compound capable of "interfering with cell adhesion". This refers to the process wherein cells are attracted to one another and where the present compound is capable of either stimulating or inhibiting said attraction.

The term "ligand" is defined as a compound, which binds and mimics the compound of the present invention. The ligand may also inhibit naturally occurring interactions, such as by binding to parts of NCAM which are not a part of the binding sites, and wherein the interference is merely a steric interference.

The compounds according to the invention also relates to the prevention of neuronal cell death. Peripheral nerve cells possess to a limited extent a potential to regenerate and re-establish functional connections with their targets after various injuries. However, functional recovery is rarely complete and peripheral nerve cell damage remains a considerable problem. In the central nervous system, the potential for regeneration is even more limited. Therefore, the identification of substances with the ability to prevent neuronal cell death in the peripheral and the central nervous system is significant and of great commercial value.

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In a further embodiment of the invention the compounds may comprise other chemical entities, such as sugar, cholesterol, and fatty acid. Preferably, the chemical entity is bound to the N-terminal or C-terminal of the peptide of the compound.

It is an aspect of the present invention that the compounds are capable of binding to the NCAM Ig1 and/or Ig2 and/or Ig3 modules at a homophilic binding site, or at any other sites of the module mimicking the effect of the binding at a homophilic binding site, or modulating said effect.

Without being bound by theory, the present inventors believe that active ligands to the NCAM Ig1 and/or Ig2 and/ Ig3 modules are ligands which bind to the NCAM Ig1 and/or Ig2 and/or Ig3 modules and thus trigger a conformational change of the module resulting in a signalling cascade being initiated, wherein said signalling results in a physiological change in the cell, such as influencing proliferation of cells and/or neurite outgrowth. Thus, a compound according to the invention may be any compound described above which can trigger a conformational change of the NCAM Ig1 and/or the NCAM Ig2 and/or the NCAM Ig3 module resulting in a downstream signalling cascade.

20 Method of modulating

Thus, it is an object of the present invention to provide a method of modulating cell differentiation and/or survival of the neural cell adhesion molecule (NCAM) presenting cells by

25 a) providing a candidate compound capable of

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- i) interacting with the Ig1 module of NCAM, and thereby mimicking and/or modulating the interaction between the Ig1 and Ig3 modules of NCAM, wherein said modules are from two individual NCAM molecules, and/or
- ii) interacting with the Ig3 module of NCAM, and thereby mimicking and/or modulating the interaction between the Ig3 and Ig1 modules of NCAM, wherein said modules are from two individual NCAM molecules, and/or
 - iii) interacting with the Ig2 module of NCAM, and thereby mimicking the interaction between Ig2 and Ig3 modules of NCAM, wherein said modules are from two individual NCAM molecules, and/or

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- interacting with the Ig3 module of NCAM; and thereby mimicking and/or vi) modulating the interaction between the Ig3 and Ig2 modules of NCAM, wherein said modules are from two individual NCAM molecules, and/or
- interacting with the Ig2 module of NCAM, and thereby mimicking and/or vii) modulating the interaction between the Ig2 and Ig2 modules of NCAM, wherein said modules are from two individual NCAM molecules,
- b) providing at least one NCAM presenting cell;
- c) contacting the at least one NCAM presenting cell with said candidate compound, and thereby modulating cell differentiation and/or survival of the at least one NCAM presenting cell.

In the present context the term "mimicking" means that the compound of the invention is acting as a ligand binding to the Ig1, Ig2 or Ig3 module, respectively, and is thereby replacing the binding to these modules of another the Ig3, Ig2 or Ig1 modules, respectfully, as described above. The present inventors present a model for NCAM homophilic binding, wherein the lg1 and lg2 modules mediate dimerization of NCAM molecules situated on the same cell surface (cis interaction), and wherein the Ig3 module mediates interactions between NCAM molecules expressed on the surface of opposing cells (trans interaction) through simultaneous binding to the Ig1 and Ig2 modules. This arrangement results in the formation of a double zipper-like NCAM adhesion complex.

Sequences from NCAM

In one embodiment the cell differentiation and/or survival are mediated by NCAM.

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In another embodiment a candidate compound of the invention may be selected from the group comprising peptide fragments, or variants of the peptide fragments derived from the sequence of NCAM.

According to the invention a preferred candidate compound is selected from the 30 group comprising peptide fragments, or variants of said fragments, selected from the group comprising amino acid sequences

WFSPNGEKLSPNQ (SEQ ID NO: 1)

YKCVVTAEDGTQSE (SEQ ID NO: 2)

TLVADADGFPEP (SEQ ID NO: 3)

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QIRGIKKTD (SEQ ID NO: 4)

DVR (SEQ ID NO: 5)

RGIKKTD (SEO ID NO: 6)

DVRRGIKKTD (SEQ ID NO: 7

5 KEGED (SEQ ID NO: 8)

IRGIKKTD (SEQ ID NO: 9)

KEGEDGIRGIKKTD (SEQ ID NO: 10)

DKNDE (SEQ ID NO: 11)

TVQARNSIVNAT (SEQ ID NO: 12)

10 SIHLKVFAK (SEQ ID NO: 13)

LSNNYLQIR (SEQ ID NO: 14)

RFIVLSNNYLQI (SEQ ID NO: 15)

KKDVRFIVLSNNYLQI (SEQ ID NO: 16)

QEFKEGEDAVIV (SEQ ID NO: 17)

KEGEDAVIVCD (SEQ ID NO: 18)

GEISVGESKFFL (SEQ ID NO: 19)

KHIFSDDSSELTIRNVDKNDE (SEQ ID NO: 20),

or combinations thereof, wherein said amino acid sequences are derived from the sequence of rat NCAM having the NCBI accession number NP_113709 (SEQ ID NO: 40).

The NCAM of the invention is mammalian NCAM, or variants, or fragments thereof. In a preferred embodiment the NCAM may be human NCAM having the NCBI accession number P13591, or variants, or fragments thereof.

In the present context the "fragment thereof" is to be understood as being any part of the NCAM molecule or any part of the present compound capable of interacting with the lg1, lg2 and/or lg3 modules of NCAM and through said binding modulate proliferation, and/or induce differentiation, and/or stimulate regeneration, neuronal plasticity and/or survival of cells.

The "variant thereof" is to be understood as being any peptide sequence capable of interacting with the Ig1, Ig2 and/or Ig3 modules of NCAM, and via said binding induce differentiation, modulate proliferation, stimulate regeneration, neuronal plasticity and survival of cells. Thus, fragment or variant may be defined as

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- i) Fragments/variants comprising an amino acid sequence capable of being recognised by an antibody also capable of recognising the predetermined NCAM amino acid sequence, and/or
- ii) Fragments/variants comprising an amino acid sequence capable of binding to a receptor moiety also capable of binding the predetermined NCAM amino acid sequence, and/or
- Fragments/variants having at least a substantially similar binding affinity to at least one of the Ig1, Ig2 or Ig3 modules as said predetermined NCAM amino acid sequence.

in the present context the term "functional equivalent" means a variant as defined above.

The binding affinity of the compound according to the invention preferably has a binding affinity (Kd value) to the NCAM modules in the range of 10⁻⁹ to 10⁻¹⁰ M, such as preferably in the range of 10⁻⁴ to 10⁻⁸ M. According to the present invention the binding affinity is determined by one of the following assays of surface plasmon resonance analysis or nuclear magnetic resonance spectroscopy.

In one embodiment variants may be understood as exhibiting amino acid sequences gradually differing from the preferred predetermined sequence, as the number and scope of insertions, deletions and substitutions including conservative substitutions increase. This difference is measured as a reduction in homology between the predetermined sequence and the variant.

The peptides may be modified, for example by substitution of one or more of the amino acid residues. Both L-amino acids and D-amino acids may be used. Other modification may comprise derivatives such as esters, sugars, etc. Examples are methyl and acetyl esters. Polymerisation such as repetitive sequences or attachment to various carriers are well-known in the art, e.g. lysine backbones, such as lysine dendrimers carrying 4 peptides, 8 peptides, 16 peptides, or 32 peptides. Other carriers may be protein moieties, such as bovine serum albumin (BSA), or lipophilic dendrimers, or micelle-like carriers formed by lipophilic derivatives, or starburst (star-like) carbon chain polymer conjugates, or ligand presenting assembly (LPA) based on derivatives of diethylaminomethane.

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Variants of the fragments according to the invention may comprise, within the same variant, or fragments thereof or among different variants, or fragments thereof, at least one substitution, such as a plurality of substitutions introduced independently of one another. Variants of the complex, or fragments thereof may thus comprise conservative substitutions independently of one another, wherein at least one glycine (Gly) of said variant, or fragments thereof is substituted with an amino acid selected from the group of amino acids consisting of Ala, Val, Leu, and Ile, and independently thereof, variants, or fragments thereof, wherein at least one alanine (Ala) of said variants, or fragments thereof is substituted with an amino acid selected from the group of amino acids consisting of Gly, Val, Leu, and Ile, and independently thereof, variants, or fragments thereof, wherein at least one valine (Val) of said variant, or fragments thereof is substituted with an amino acid selected from the group of amino acids consisting of Gly, Ala, Leu, and Ile, and independently thereof, variants, or fragments thereof, wherein at least one leucine (Leu) of said variant, or fragments thereof is substituted with an amino acid selected from the group of amino acids consisting of Gly, Ala, Val, and Ile, and independently thereof, variants, or fragments thereof, wherein at least one isoleucine (lie) of said variants, or fragments thereof is substituted with an amino acid selected from the group of amino acids consisting of Gly, Ala, Val and Leu, and independently thereof, variants. or fragments thereof wherein at least one aspartic acids (Asp) of said variant, or fragments thereof is substituted with an amino acid selected from the group of amino acids consisting of Glu, Asn, and Gln, and independently thereof, variants, or fragments thereof, wherein at least one aspargine (Asn) of said variants, or fragments thereof is substituted with an amino acid selected from the group of amino acids consisting of Asp, Glu, and Gln, and independently thereof, variants, or fragments thereof, wherein at least one glutamine (Gln) of said variants, or fragments thereof is substituted with an amino acid selected from the group of amino acids consisting of Asp, Glu, and Asn, and wherein at least one phenylalanine (Phe) of said variants, or fragments thereof is substituted with an amino acid selected from the group of amino acids consisting of Tyr, Trp, His, Pro, and preferably selected from the group of amino acids consisting of Tyr and Trp, and independently thereof, variants, or fragments thereof, wherein at least one tyrosine (Tyr) of said variants, or fragments thereof is substituted with an amino acid selected from the group of amino acids consisting of Phe, Trp, His, Pro, preferably an amino acid selected from the group of amino acids consisting of Phe and Trp,

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and independently thereof, variants, or fragments thereof, wherein at least one arginine (Arg) of said fragment is substituted with an amino acid selected from the group of amino acids consisting of Lys and His, and independently thereof, variants, or fragments thereof, wherein at least one lysine (Lys) of said variants, or fragments thereof is substituted with an amino acid selected from the group of amino acids consisting of Arg and His, and independently thereof, variants, or fragments thereof, and independently thereof, variants, or fragments thereof, and wherein at least one proline (P.ro) of said variants, or fragments thereof is substituted with an amino acid selected from the group of amino acids consisting of Phe, Tyr, Trp, and His, and independently thereof, variants, or fragments thereof, wherein at least one cysteine (Cys) of said variants, or fragments thereof is substituted with an amino acid selected from the group of amino acids consisting of Asp, Glu, Lys, Arg, His, Asn, Gin, Ser, Thr, and Tyr.

Thus, judging from the above outline that the same equivalent or fragment thereof may comprise more than one conservative amino acid substitution from more than one group of conservative amino acids as defined herein above.

Substitutions.

Conservative substitutions may be introduced in any position of a preferred predetermined peptide of the invention or fragment thereof. It may however also be desirable to introduce non-conservative substitutions, particularly, but not limited to, a non-conservative substitution in any one or more positions.

A non-conservative substitution leading to the formation of a functionally equivalent fragment of the peptide of the invention would for example differ substantially in polarity, for example a residue with a non-polar side chain (Ala, Leu, Pro, Trp, Val, Ile, Leu, Phe or Met) substituted for a residue with a polar side chain such as Gly, Ser, Thr, Cys, Tyr, Asn, or Gln or a charged amino acid such as Asp, Glu, Arg, or Lys, or substituting a charged or a polar residue for a non-polar one; and/or ii) differ substantially in its effect on peptide backbone orientation such as substitution of or for Pro or Gly by another residue; and/or iii) differ substantially in electric charge, for example substitution of a negatively charged residue such as Glu or Asp for a positively charged residue such as Lys, His or Arg (and vice versa); and/or iv) differ substantially in steric bulk for example substitution of a bulky residue such as His,

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Trp, Phe or Tyr for one having a minor side chain, e.g. Ala, Gly or Ser (and vice versa).

Substitution of amino acids may in one embodiment be made based upon their hydrophobicity and hydrophilicity values and the relative similarity of the amino acid side-chain substituents, including charge, size, and the like. Exemplary amino acid substitutions which take various of the foregoing characteristics into consideration are well known to those of skill in the art and include: arginine and lysine; glutamate and aspartate; serine and threonine; glutamine and asparagine; and valine, leucine and isoleucine.

Addition/deletion

The addition or deletion of an amino acid may be an addition or deletion of from 2 to preferably 10 amino acids, such as from 2 to 8 amino acids, for example from 2 to 6 amino acids, such as from 2 to 4 amino acids. However, additions of more than 10 amino acids, such as additions from 2 to 10 amino acids, are also comprised within the present invention. In the multimeric forms additions/deletions may be made individually in each monomer of the multimer.

Non-peptides

The invention also concerns non-peptide variants of the compounds disclosed herein. In particular, such variants should be understood to be compounds which bind to or in other ways interact with the Iq1, Ig2 or the Ig3 modules of NCAM and thereby stimulate lg1, lg2 or lg3 signalling and/or modulate proliferation and/or induce differentiation and/or stimulate regeneration, neuronal plasticity and/or survival of cells presenting an NCAM receptor.

Functional equivalent

It will thus be understood that the invention concerns a compound comprising at least one fragment capable of binding at least one receptor, or a variant thereof including any variants and functional equivalents of such at least one fragment.

A functional equivalent obtained by substitution may well exhibit some form or degree of native NCAM activity, and yet be less homologous, if residues containing functionally similar amino acid side chains are substituted. Functionally similar in the present respect refers to dominant characteristics of the side chains such as

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hydrophobic, basic, neutral or acidic, or the presence or absence of steric bulk. Accordingly, in one embodiment of the invention, the degree of identity between i) a given functional equivalent capable of effect and ii) a preferred predetermined fragment, is not a principal measure of the fragment as a variant or functional

equivalent of a preferred predetermined peptide fragment according to the present

invention.

Fragments sharing at least some homology with a preferred predetermined fragment of at least 3 amino acids, more preferably at least 5 amino acids, are to be considered as falling within the scope of the present invention when they are at least about 25 percent homologous with the preferred predetermined NCAM peptide, or fragment thereof, such as at least about 30 percent homologous, for example at least about 40 percent homologous, such as at least about 50 percent homologous, for example at least about 55 percent homologous, such as at least about 60 percent homologous, for example at least about 65 percent homologous, such as at least about 75 percent homologous, for example at least about 80 percent homologous, such as at least about 85 percent homologous.

Sequence identity can be measured using sequence analysis software (for example, the Sequence Analysis Software Package of the Genetics Computer Group, University of Wisconsin Biotechnology Centre, 1710 University Avenue, Madison, WI 53705), with the default parameters as specified therein.

Where nothing is specified it is to be understood that the C-terminal amino acid of a polypeptide of the invention exists as the free carboxylic acid, this may also be specified as "-OH". However, the C-terminal amino acid of a compound of the invention may be the amidated derivative, which is indicated as "-NH₂". Where nothing else is stated the N-terminal amino acid of a polypeptide comprise a free amino-group, this may also be specified as "H-".

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Where nothing else is specified amino acid can be selected from any amino acid, whether naturally occurring or not, such as alpha amino acids, beta amino acids, and/or gamma amino acids. Accordingly, the group comprises but are not limited to: Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Trp, Met, Gly, Ser, Thr, Cys, Tyr, Asn, Gln, Asp, Glu, Lys, Arg, His Aib, Nal, Sar, Om, Lysine analogues DAP and DAPA, 4Hyp

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Method for screening

According to the present invention, compounds may be identified by a method for screening whether said compounds are capable of modulating cell differentiation and/or survival of NCAM presenting cells by

- i) providing a candidate compound;
- ii) providing a compound comprising the NCAM Ig1-2-3 module, or fragments of said module, such as Ig1, Ig2, Ig3, or Ig1-2, or Ig2-3 modules;
- 10 iii) detecting interaction between the candidate compound of (i) and the compound of (ii).

In a preferred embodiment of the invention the compound of (ii) is represented by the Ig1-2-3 module of NCAM comprising a consecutive sequence of at least 289 amino acids from the sequence of NCAM. In more preferred embodiment the sequence comprises as 1 to 289 of NCAM, wherein NCAM is rat NCAM having the NCBI accession number NP_113709 identified as SEQ ID NO: 40 of the present application.

- By the "Ig1-2-3 module of NCAM" in the present context is meant a contiguous amino acid sequence as described above consisting of the sequences of Ig1, Ig2, and Ig3, and linker sequences connecting said modules in the following order: N-terminus-Ig1-linker-Ig2-linker-Ig3 >C-terminus.
- 25 By the term "candidate compound" in the present context is meant a compound which is identified by the above method and selected by a screening assay or screening methods described below.
 - According to the present invention, the candidate compound may be any molecule capable of modulating neuronal differentiation and/or survival as described above. Such a compound may, for example, be selected from the group comprising combinatorial libraries of peptides, lipids, carbohydrates or other organic molecules, or co-polymers of amino acids with other organic compounds. In a preferred embodiment, the candidate compound of the invention is a peptide.

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The purpose of the above screening method is for identification and selection of interesting compounds (candidate compound) capable of interacting with the Ig1-2-3 module of NCAM, or fragments thereof, (second compound) and thereby modulating NCAM-dependent cell differentiation and/or survival.

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Solution

In one embodiment of the invention the second compound is a solution. In a preferred embodiment the solution of the second compound is an aquatic solution. In a more preferred embodiment the solution of the second compound is phosphate buffered saline (PBS) solution or a TRIS-HCI buffer, pH 7.4.

Crystal

Yet in a further embodiment the second compound of the invention comprises a crystalline protein comprising the Ig1-2-3 module of NCAM.

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Crystal

A crystal of the Ig1-2-3 module of NCAM having the amino acid sequence corresponding to amino acid residues 1-289 of rat NCAM (NCBI accession number NP_113709; SEQ ID NO: 40) should according to the present invention be preferably used for the purpose of the above screening method. Determining the structure of said crystal should be done using X-ray diffraction.

In a preferred embodiment the crystal is a crystal of a polypeptide comprising the Ig1-2-3 module of NCAM comprising a homophilic binding site of NCAM. The crystal may comprise more than one polypeptide, for example two polypeptides. In a preferred embodiment the crystal comprises the Ig1, Ig2 and Ig3 modules of NCAM co-jointed in one fragment by interconnecting amino acid sequences, said one fragment termed herein "the Ig1-2-3 fragment".

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Hence, it is preferred that the crystal diffracts X-rays for determination of atomic coordinates to a resolution of at least 4 Å, preferably at least 3 Å, more preferably at least 2.8 Å, even more preferably at least 2.5 Å, most preferably at least 2.0 Å.

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In a very preferred embodiment of the invention the crystal comprises atoms arranged in a spatial relationship represented by the structure co-ordinates of table 2, or by co-ordinates having a root mean square deviation there from of not more than 2.5 Å, preferably not more than 2.25 Å, more preferably not more than 2.0 Å, even more preferably not more than 1.75 Å, yet more preferably not more than 1.5 Å, for example not more than 1.25 Å, such as not more than 1.0 Å. Preferably, the co-ordinates has a root mean square deviation there from, of not more than 2.5 Å, preferably not more than 2.25 Å, more preferably not more than 2.0 Å, even more preferably not more than 1.75 Å, yet more preferably not more than 1.5 Å, for example not more than 1.25 Å, such as not more than 1.0 Å.

Preferably, the crystal comprises or more preferably consists of the structure as deposited to the PDB with id 1QZ1.

The crystal may comprise more than one polypeptide of the Ig1-2-3 fragment NCAM per asymmetric unit, in a preferred embodiment of the invention the crystal comprises polypeptides of the one Ig1-2-3 module of NCAM per asymmetric unit.

It is preferred that the crystal has unit cell dimensions of in the range of a=50 to 52, preferably 50.5 to 51.0, more preferably around 51.5 b=107.5 to 109.5, preferably 108 to 109, more preferably around 108.5 c=146 to 151, preferably 148 to 150, more preferably around 149.0 α=85.5 to 95.5, preferably 88 to 92, more preferably around 90 B=85.5 to 95.5, preferably 88 to 92, more preferably around 90 n=85.5 to 95.5, preferably 88 to 92, more preferably around 90.

Most preferably the crystal has the following characteristics:

Spacegroup: 12,2,2, with 1 molecule per asymmetric unit, unit cell dimensions of a=51.5 b=108.5 c=149.0 Å alpha=90° beta=90° gamma=90°.

Preparing crystals

After several unsuccessful attempts, suitable conditions for preparing crystals of a polypeptide corresponding to the Ig 1-2-3 module of NCAM were identified.

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It is therefore also an aspect of the present invention to provide a crystal comprising a polypeptide comprising at least 289 consecutive amino acid residues corresponding to amino acid residues 1-289 of rat NCAM (NCBI accession number NP_113709) (SEQ ID NO: 40), said consecutive amino acids correspond to the Ig1-2-3 fragment of rat NCAM using a method of preparing a crystal, wherein said method comprises the steps of

- providing said polypeptide;
- growing crystals under conditions wherein said polypeptide is incubated in a buffer comprising in the range of 14 to 17% polyethylene glycol 4000 (PEG4k), in the range of 0.150 M to 0.5 M Li sulfate salt wherein said buffer has a pH in the range of 4.8 5.8;
- iii) thereby preparing said crystals

In one embodiment of the invention, co-crystals of said polypeptide and a compound capable of interacting with said polypeptide are prepared. Said compound may have been identified by any of the methods outlined herein below. Hence, the compound may in one aspect of the invention be a modulator, such as a modulator of NCAM-homophilic interaction mediated by the Ig 1-2-3 module of NCAM.

The co-crystals are useful for designing optimised compounds, with enhanced binding properties. In particular, the co-crystals may be useful for designing better inhibitors of homophilic interaction mediated by the lg 1-2-3 module of NCAM, or stabilizers of said interaction.

The buffer preferably comprises in the range of 5 to 25% polyethylene glycol, more preferably in the range of 10 to 20%, even more preferably in the range of 12 to 18%, yet more preferably in the range of 14 to 16 %, most preferably around 15% polyethylene glycol. Polyethylene glycol (PEG) may be any suitable PEG for example a PEG selected from the group consisting of PEG 4000, PEG 6000 and PEG 8000, preferably polyethylene glycol is PEG 4000.

The buffer preferably comprises in the range of 0.15 M to 0.5 M salt, more preferably in the range of 0.2 to 0.5 M, even more preferably in the range of 0.3 to 0.5 M, yet more preferably in the range of 0.4 to 0.5 M, most preferably around 0.45 M salt. The salt may be any useful salt, preferably the salt is Li sulfate (Li_2SO_4)

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The buffer preferably has a pH in the range of 4.0 to 8.5, more preferably in the range of 4.5 to 7.5, even more preferably in the range of 5.0 to 6.5, yet more preferably in the range of 5.0 to 5.2. The buffer may be any useful buffer, preferably the Na-acetate buffer.

Incubation should be performed at a suitable temperature, preferably at a temperature in the range of 5 to 25°C, more preferably in the range of 10 to 25°C, even more preferably in the range of 15 to 25°C, even more preferably in the range of 17 to 21°C, yet more preferably around 18°C.

The crystals may be grown by any suitable method, for example by the hanging drop method.

15 <u>Determination of structure</u>

The structure of crystals may be determined by any method known to the person skilled in the art, for example using X-ray diffraction. Once a structure has been identified, said structure may be refined using suitable software.

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In one embodiment of the invention a molecular replacement technique may be used. Such techniques involves that the structure is determined by obtaining x-ray diffraction data for crystals of the polypeptide or complex for which one wishes to determine the three dimensional structure. Then, one determines the three-dimensional structure of that polypeptide or complex by analysing the x-ray diffraction data using molecular replacement techniques with reference to known structural co-ordinates of a structurally similar protein. In the case of polypeptide comprising the lg1-2 modules of NCAM, structural co-ordinates of said modules may be used. As described in U.S. Pat. No. 5,353,236, for instance, molecular replacement uses a molecule having a known structure as a starting point to model the structure of an unknown crystalline sample. This technique is based on the principle that two molecules, which have similar structures, orientations and positions in the unit cell, diffract similarly. Molecular replacement involves positioning the known structure in the unit cell in the same location and orientation as the unknown structure. Once positioned, the atoms of the known structure in the

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unit cell are used to calculate the structure factors that would result from a hypothetical diffraction experiment. This involves rotating the known structure in the six dimensions (three angular and three spatial dimensions) until alignment of the known structure with the experimental data is achieved. This approximate structure can be fine-tuned to yield a more accurate and often higher resolution structure using various refinement techniques. For instance, the resultant model for the structure defined by the experimental data may be subjected to rigid body refinement in which the model is subjected to limited additional rotation in the six dimensions yielding positioning shifts of under about 5%. The refined model may then be further refined using other known refinement methods.

Another method for determining the three-dimensional structure of a polypeptide corresponding to the Ig 1-2-3 module of NCAM, or a complex of said polypeptide with an interacting compound, is homology modelling techniques. Homology modelling involves constructing a model of an unknown structure using structural coordinates of one or more related proteins, protein domains and/or subdomains. Homology modelling may be conducted by fitting common or homologous portions of the protein or peptide whose three dimensional structure is to be solved to the three dimensional structure of homologous structural elements. Homology modelling can include rebuilding part or all of a three dimensional structure with replacement of amino acids (or other components) by those of the related structure to be solved.

An example of structure determination is outlined in example 2.

Structural coordinates of a crystalline polypeptide of this invention may be stored in a machine-readable form on a machine-readable storage medium, e.g. a computer hard drive, diskette, DAT tape, CD-ROM etc., for display as a three-dimensional shape or for other uses involving computer-assisted manipulation of, or computation based on, the structural coordinates or the three-dimensional structures they define. For example, data defining the three dimensional structure of a polypeptide corresponding to the Ig 1-2-3 module of NCAM, may be stored in a machine-readable storage medium, and may be displayed as a graphical three-dimensional representation of the protein structure, typically using a computer capable of reading the data from said storage medium and programmed with instructions for creating the representation from such data. This invention thus encompasses a machine,

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such as a computer, having a memory that contains data representing the structural coordinates of a crystalline composition of this invention, e.g. the coordinates set forth in table 2, together with additional optional data and instructions for maniputating such data. Such data may be used for a variety of purposes, such as the elucidation of other related structures and drug discovery.

A first set of such machine readable data may be combined with a second set of machine-readable data using a machine programmed with instructions for using the first data set and the second data set to determine at least a portion of the coordinates corresponding to the second set of machine-readable data. For instance, the first set of data may comprise a Fourier transform of at least a portion of the coordinates for the complex set forth in table 2, while the second data set may comprise X-ray diffraction data of a molecule or molecular complex.

More specifically, one of the objects of this invention is to provide three-dimensional 15 structural information of co-complexes comprising the homophilic binding site of the lg 1-2-3 module of NCAM. To that end, we provide for the use of the structural coordinates of a crystalline composition of this invention, or portions thereof, to solve, e.g. by molecular replacement or by homology modelling techniques, the three dimensional structure of a crystalline form of another similar cell adhesion molecule (CAM), for example another CAM comprising the Ig modules capable of homophilic interaction or a polypeptide:interacting compound complex.

For example, one may use molecular replacement to exploit a set of coordinates such as set forth in table 2 to determine the structure of a crystalline co-complex of a polypeptide corresponding to the Ig 1-2-3 module of NCAM comprising a homophilic binding site and an interacting compound.

Uses of the structures

A 3D representation of the polypeptides described in the present invention may be useful for several purposes, for example for determining the structure of similar proteins or polypeptides (see also herein above) or for designing compounds capable of interacting with said polypeptides.

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For example, the three dimensional structure defined by the machine readable data for the polypeptide of the Ig 1-2-3 module of NCAM may be computationally evaluated for its ability to associate with various chemical entities or test compounds. The term "chemical entity", as used herein, refers to chemical compounds, complexes of at least two chemical compounds, and fragments of such compounds or complexes.

For instance, a first set of machine-readable data defining the 3-D structure of polypeptide corresponding to the lg 1-2-3 module of NCAM or complex thereof, is combined with a second set of machine-readable data defining the structure of a chemical entity or test compound of interest using a machine programmed with instructions for evaluating the ability of the chemical entity or compound to associate with the lg 1-2-3 module of NCAM or complex thereof and/or the location and/or orientation of such association. Such methods provide insight into the location, orientation and energies of association of protein surfaces with such chemical entities.

The three dimensional structure defined by the data may be displayed in a graphical format permitting visual inspection of the structure, as well as visual inspection of the association of the polypeptide component(s) with an interacting compound. Aternatively, more quantitative or computational methods may be used. For example, one method of this invention for evaluating the ability of a chemical entity to associate with any of the molecules or molecular complexes set forth herein comprises the steps of: (a) employing computational means to perform a fitting operation between the chemical entity and a binding site or other surface feature of the molecule or molecular complex; and (b) analysing the results of said fitting operation to quantify the association between the chemical entity and the binding site.

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This invention further provides for the use of the structural coordinates of a crystalline composition of this invention, or portions thereof, to identify reactive amino acids, such as cysteine residues, within the three-dimensional structure, preferably within or adjacent to a binding site; to generate and visualise a molecular surface, such as a water-accessible surface or a surface comprising the space-filling

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van der Waals surface of all atoms; to calculate and visualise the size and shape of surface features of the protein or complex, e.g., substrate binding sites; to locate potential H-bond donors and acceptors within the three-dimensional structure, preferably within or adjacent to a ligand binding site; to calculate regions of hydrophobicity and hydrophilicity within the three-dimensional structure, preferably within or adjacent to a ligand binding site; and to calculate and visualize regions on or adjacent to the protein surface of favourable interaction energies with respect to selected functional groups of interest (e.g. amino, hydroxyl, carboxyl, methylene, alkyl, alkenyl, aromatic carbon, aromatic rings, heteroaromatic rings, etc.). One may use the foregoing approaches for characterising the polypeptide corresponding to the Ig 1-2-3 module of NCAM and its interactions with moleties of potential interacting compounds to design or select compounds capable of specific covalent attachment to reactive amino acids (e.g., cysteine) and to design or select compounds of complementary characteristics (e.g., size, shape, charge, hydrophobicity/hydrophilicity, ability to participate in hydrogen bonding, etc.) to surface features of the protein, a set of which may be preselected. Using the structural coordinates, one may also predict or calculate the orientation, binding constant or relative affinity of a given ligand to the protein in the complexed state, and use that information to design or select compounds of improved affinity.

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In such cases, the structural coordinates of the polypeptide of the Ig 1-2-3 module of NCAM, or portion or complex thereof, are entered in machine readable form into a machine programmed with instructions for carrying out the desired operation and containing any necessary additional data, e.g. data defining structural and/or functional characteristics of a potential interacting compound or moiety thereof, defining molecular characteristics of the various amino acids, etc.

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One method of this invention provides for selecting from a database of chemical structures a compound capable of binding to the lg 1-2-3 module of NCAM. The method starts with structural co-ordinates of a crystalline composition of the invention, e.g., ∞-ordinates defining the three dimensional structure of the lg 1-2-3 module of NCAM or a portion thereof or a complex thereof. Points associated with that three-dimensional structure are characterised with respect to the favourable ability of interactions with one or more functional groups. A database of chemical structures is then searched for candidate compounds containing one or more 2003 13:34 FAI 33320384

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functional groups disposed for favourable interaction with the protein based on the prior characterisation. Compounds having structures which best fit the points of favourable interaction with the three dimensional structure are thus identified.

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It is often preferred, although not required, that such searching be conducted with the aid of a computer. In that case a first set of machine-readable data defining the 3D structure of a polypeptide corresponding to the lg 1-2-3 module of NCAM, or a portion or polypeptide/interacting compound complex thereof, is combined with a second set of machine readable data defining one or more moieties or functional groups of interest, using a machine programmed with instructions for identifying preferred locations for favourable interaction between the functional group(s) and atoms of the polypeptide. A third set of data, i.e. data defining the location(s) of favourable interaction between polypeptide and functional group(s) is so generated. That third set of data is then combined with a fourth set of data defining the 3D structures of one or more chemical entities using a machine programmed with instructions for identifying chemical entities containing functional groups so disposed as to best fit the locations of their respective favourable interaction with the polypeptide.

Compounds having the structures selected or designed by any of the foregoing means may be tested for their ability to bind to the Ig 1-2-3 module of NCAM.

In one preferred embodiment of the invention, the compound is preferably a modulator of NCAM homophilic interaction mediated by the lg 1-2-3 fragment. For example, a compound capable of interacting with the lg1-2-3 homophilic binding site may be a good inhibitor of NCAM homophilic binding and NCAM function that requires this binding. Hence, compounds having the structures selected or designed by any of the foregoing means may be tested for their ability to modulate NCAM activity, such as mediation of cell differentiation and/or survival of NCAM presenting cells.

As practitioners in this art will appreciate, various computational analyses may be used to determine the degree of similarity between the three dimensional structure of a given polypeptide (or a portion or complex thereof) and a polypeptide corresponding to the Ig1-2-3 module of NCAM or complex thereof such as are

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described herein. Such analyses may be carried out with commercially available software applications, such as the Molecular Similarity application of QUANTA (Molecular Simulations Inc., Waltham, Mass.) version 3.3, and as described in the accompanying User's Guide, Volume 3 pgs. 134-135.

The Molecular Similarity application permits comparisons between different structures, different conformations of the same structure, and different parts of the same structure. The procedure used in Molecular Similarity to compare structures is divided into four steps: (1) load the structures to be compared; (2) define the atom equivalences in these structures; (3) perform a fitting operation; and (4) analyse the results.

Each structure is identified by a name. One structure is identified as the target (i.e., the fixed structure); all remaining structures are working structures (i.e., moving structures). Since atom equivalency within QUANTA is defined by user input, for the purpose of this invention we define equivalent atoms as protein backbone atoms (N, Ca, C and O) for all conserved residues between the two structures being compared and consider only rigid fitting operations.

When a rigid fitting method is used, the working structure is translated and rotated to obtain an optimum fit with the target structure. The fitting operation uses a least squares fitting algorithm that computes the optimum translation and rotation to be applied to the moving structure, such that the root mean square difference of the fit over the specified pairs of equivalent atom is an absolute minimum. This number, given in angstroms, is reported by QUANTA.

For the purpose of this invention, any set of structural co-ordinates of a polypeptide corresponding to Ig 1-2-3 module of NCAM or molecular complex thereof that has a root mean square deviation of conserved residue backbone atoms (N, Co, C, O) of less than 1.5 Å when superimposed—using backbone atoms—on the relevant structural co-ordinates of a protein or complex of this invention, e.g. the co-ordinates listed in table 2, are considered identical. More preferably, the root mean square deviation is less than 1.0 Å. Most preferably, the root mean square deviation is less than 0.5 Å.

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The term "root mean square deviation" means the square root of the arithmetic mean of the squares of the deviations from the mean. It is a way to express the deviation or variation from a trend or object. For purposes of this invention, the "root mean square deviation" defines the variation in the backbone of a protein from the backbone of a protein of this invention, such as a homophilic binding site of the Ig 1-2-3 module of NCAM as defined by the structural co-ordinates of table 2 and described herein.

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The term "least squares" refers to a method based on the principle that the best estimate of a value is that in which the sum of the squares of the deviations of observed values is a minimum.

In order to use the structural co-ordinates generated for a crystalline substance of this invention, e.g. the structural co-ordinates set forth in table 2, it is often necessary or desirable to display them as, or convert them to, a three-dimensional shape, or to otherwise manipulate them. This is typically accomplished by the use of commercially available software such as a program, which is capable of generating three-dimensional graphical representations of molecules or portions thereof from a set of structural co-ordinates.

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By way of illustration, a non-exclusive list of computer programs for viewing or otherwise manipulating protein structures include the following:

Midas (Univ. of California, San Francisco),

MidasPlus (Univ. of Cal., San Francisco)

MOIL (University of Illinois) 25

Yummie (Yale University)

Sybyl-(Tripos, Inc.)

Insight/Discover (Biosym Technologies)

MacroModel (Columbia University)

Quanta (Molecular Simulations, Inc.) 30

Cerius (Molecular Simulations, Inc.)

Alchemy (Tripos, Inc.)

LabVision (Tripos, Inc.)

Rasmol (Glaxo Research and Development)

Ribbon (University of Alabama) 35

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NAOMI (Oxford University)

Explorer Eyechem (Silicon Graphics, Inc.)

Univision (Cray Research)

Molscript (Uppsala University)

Chem-3D (Cambridge Scientific) 5

Chain (Baylor College of Medicine)

O (Uppsala University)

GRASP (Columbia University)

X-Plor (Molecular Simulations, Inc.; Yale Univ.)

Spartan (Wavefunction, Inc.) 10

Catalyst (Molecular Simulations, Inc.)

Molcadd (Tripos, Inc.)

VMD (Univ.of Illinois/Beckman Institute)

Sculpt (Interactive Simulations, Inc.)

• 15 Procheck (Brookhaven Nat'l Laboratory)

DGEOM (QCPE)

RE_VIEW (Brunel University)

Modeller (Birbeck Col., Univ. of London)

'Xmol (Minnesota Supercomputing Center)

Protein Expert (Cambridge Scientific) 20

HyperChem (Hypercube)

MD Display (University of Washington)

PKB (Nat'l Center for Biotech. Info., NIH)

ChemX (Chemical Design, Ltd.)

Cameleon (Oxford Molecular, Inc.) 25

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Iditis (Oxford Molecular, Inc.)

For storage, transfer and use with such programs of structural coordinates for a crystalline substance of this invention, a machine-readable storage medium is provided comprising a data storage material encoded with machine readable data which, when using a machine programmed with instructions for using said data, e.g. a computer loaded with one or more programs of the sort identified above, is capable of displaying a graphical three-dimensional representation of any of the molecules or molecular complexes described herein. Machine-readable storage media comprising a data storage material include conventional computer hard

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drives, floppy disks, DAT tape, CD-ROM, and other magnetic, magneto-optical, optical, floptical and other media which may be adapted for use with a computer.

Even more preferred is a machine-readable data storage medium that is capable of displaying a graphical three-dimensional representation of a molecule or molecular complex that is defined by the structural co-ordinates of the Ig1-2-3 module of NCAM, such as the co-ordinates set forth in table 2 +/- a root mean square deviation from the conserved backbone atoms of the amino acids thereof of not more than 1.5 . A. An illustrative embodiment of this aspect of the invention is a conventional 3.5" diskette, DAT tape or hard drive encoded with a data set, preferably in PDB format, comprising the co-ordinates of table 2. FIG. 1 illustrates a print-out of a graphical three-dimensional representation of such a polypeptide.

In another embodiment, the machine-readable data storage medium comprises a data storage material encoded with a first set of machine readable data which comprises the Fourier transform of the structural co-ordinates set forth in table 2 (or again, a derivative thereof), and which, when using a machine programmed with instructions for using said data, can be combined with a second set of machine readable data comprising the X-ray diffraction pattern of a molecule or molecular complex to determine at least a portion of the structural co-ordinates corresponding to the second set of machine readable data.

Such a system may for example include a computer comprising a central processing unit ("CPU"), a working memory which may be, e.g., RAM (random-access memory) or "core" memory, mass storage memory (such as one or more disk drives or CD-ROM drives), one or more cathode-ray tube ("CRT") display terminals, one or more keyboards, one or more input lines (IP), and one or more output lines (OP), all of which are interconnected by a conventional bidirectional system bus.

Input hardware, coupled to the computer by input lines, may be implemented in a variety of ways. Machine-readable data of this invention may be inputted via the use of a modern or moderns connected by a telephone line or dedicated data line. Atternatively or additionally, the input hardware may comprise CD-ROM drives or disk drives. In conjunction with the CRT display terminal, a keyboard may also be used as an input device.

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Output hardware, coupled to the computer by output lines, may similarly be implemented by conventional devices. By way of example, output hardware may include a CRT display terminal for displaying a graphical representation of a protein of this invention (or portion thereof) using a program such as QUANTA as described herein. Output hardware might also include a printer, so that hard copy output may be produced, or a disk drive, to store system output for later use.

In operation, the CPU coordinates the use of the various input and output devices, co-ordinates data accesses from mass storage and accesses to and from working memory, and determines the sequence of data processing steps. A number of programs may be used to process the machine-readable data of this invention. Examples of such programs are discussed herein above. Algorithms suitable for this purpose are also implemented in programs such as Cast-3D (Chemical Abstracts Service), 3DB Unity (Tripos, Inc.), Quest-3D (Cambridge Crystallographic Data Center), and MACCS/ISIS-3D (Molecular 'Design Limited). These geometric searches can be augmented by steric searching, in which the size and shape requirements of the binding site are used to weed out hits that have prohibitive dimensions. Programs that may be used to synchronize the geometric and steric requirements in a search applied to the FRB of FRAP include CAVEAT (P. Bartlett, University of California, Berkeley), HOOK (MSI), ALADDIN (Daylight Software) and DOCK (http://www.cmpharm.ucsf.edu/kuntz-/kuntz.html and references cited therein). All of these searching protocols may be used in conjunction with existing corporate databases, the Cambridge Structural Database, or available chemical databases from chemical suppliers.

In one embodiment of the invention the methods involve identifying a number of compounds potentially capable of interacting with the Ig 1-2-3 module of NCAM or a fragment thereof, for example the methods may involve identification of a sub-library of compounds potentially interacting with the Ig 1-2-3 module of NCAM or fragments thereof. This may be accomplished using any conventional method. For example, all the possible members of a combinatorial library may first be enumerated, according to the available reagents and the established synthetic chemistries. Individual members may then separately be docked into a binding site of a polypeptide of MASP-2. Finally, an optimal sub-library may be selected for synthesis, based on the

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ranking of their docking scores and/or diversity measures. Software for fast library enumeration has been developed, including for example CombiLibMaker in Sybyl, Analog Builder in Cerius2, and the QuaSAR-CombiGen module available in MOE (MOE Software, Chemical Computing Group, 1010 Sherbrooke Street W., Suite 910, Montreal, Canada H3A 2R7). Most of these programs can easily generate all of the 2D or 3D structures for a combinatorial library containing millions of compounds, using either fragment-based or reaction-based schemes. Other tools within these software packages are also available for decreasing the size of a virtual library prior to docking. For example, a library enumerated through CombiLibMaker can subsequently be analysed with diverse solutions (available in Sybyl) to provide a sub-library that adequately samples chemical space. QuaSAR-CombiDesign is another combinatorial library design tool available in MOE that provides a nonenumerative method for combinatorial library generation, and can, e.g. test against rule of five filters using statistical sampling techniques during library creation, creating smaller sub-libraries with user-defined property ranges. In principle, the docking step that follows library creation can be conducted using any of the available docking programs like DOCK or FlexX @, while the diversity selection for example may be performed using software available from Daylight, Tripos (diverse solutions), or BCI or by high throughput docking as for example described by Diller and Merz

In another example a 'divide-and-conquer' approach may be used. With this strategy, all of the product structures in a combinatorial library are viewed as having variable substituents attached through one or multiple sites on a common template. The template is first docked into the binding site and only the top-scoring poses are saved for the further consideration. Individual substituents are then independently attached onto each pose of the template, to assess which substituents can fit well into the binding site. Only those combinations of top-scoring substituents are further considered and scored to identify the whole product structures that can dock really well into the binding site. This may be done with the aid of suitable software for example PRO SELECT, CombiBUILD, CombiDOCK, DREAM ++ and FlexX @.

In one embodiment the methods of invention comprise application of pharmacophores obtained using active site maps. Herein the term "active site" is meant to describe a site responsible of interaction with a compound and not a

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catalytically active site. The method may for example be a computational approach comprising the generation of multiple, promising, structurally diverse testcompounds. The search for multiple structural series may be accomplished by coupling protein structural information with combinatorial library design using any suitable method. For example the "design in receptor," method (Murrary et al., 1999) or the method outlined herein below may be used. Methods to account for multiple protein conformations for example as described by Mason et al., 2000 may also be used, including the creation of a dynamic pharmacophore model (as for example described by Carlson et al., 2000) from molecular dynamics simulations. Also experimental and computational needle screening approaches for mapping active sites with molecular fragments may be used for example as described in Boehm et al., 2000. Any suitable software tools for mapping site points (e.g. GRID and SITEPOINT) may be used with the invention. Also MCSS techniques for generating site maps may be used.

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Suitable methods may for example comprise generation of active site maps from protein structures. Then all possible 2-, 3- and 4-point pharmacophores can be enumerated from the site map and encoded as a bit string (signature) these pharmacophores define a space to be probed by compounds that are selected using the informative library design tool. The metric used to evaluate the success of the approach is the number of active scaffolds selected in the library design, with the number of active compounds as a secondary measure. Any suitable algorithm for site map generation may be used, for example algorithms generating between 10 and 80 feature positions for each active site. An example of such a method is described for example by Eksterowicz et al J Mol Graph Model. 2002 Jun;20(6):469-77.

Information of the various binding sites of the Ig1-2-3 module along with the crystal structure of the invention provide a tool for the examination of the biological significance of the observed lg1-to-lg2, lg1-to-lg3, and lg2-to-lg3 contacts, and for the screening for compounds capable of mimicking the binding of the Ig1-to-Ig2, Ig1to-ig3, ig3-to-ig1, ig2-to-ig3 and ig2-to-ig2 modules of NCAM.

Screening assay

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It is an important objective of the present invention to provide an assay for selecting a compound capable of modulating cell differentiation and/or survival of NCAM presenting cells, said compound being her and below termed "the candidate compound", comprising the steps of

- i) incubating in vitro at least one candidate compound, and a second compound, wherein said second compound is the Ig1-2-3 module of NCAM, or fragments thereof, such as the Ig1, Ig2, Ig3, or Ig1-2, or Ig2-3 modules in a solution;
- preparing a crystal of a complex of the candidate compound of (i) and the compound of (ii) by co-crystallisation, wherein the crystal effectively diffracts X-rays for the determination of the atomic coordinates of said second compound or a complex of the second with the fist compound to a resolution at most 5. 0 Å, preferably at most 4. 0 Å, more preferably at most 3. 0 Å, even more preferably at most 1.5 Å,
- 15 iii) determining the three-dimensional structure of the crystal of step (ii) followed by
 - iv) the selection of a candidate compound capable of (1) interacting with the Ig1 module and thereby modulating the interaction between the Ig3 and Ig1 module in the crystal of the Ig1-2-3 module of NCAM, and/or (2) interacting with the Ig3 module and thereby modulating the interaction between the Ig1 and the Ig3 module in the crystal of the Ig1-2-3 module of NCAM, and/or (3) interacting with the Ig2 module and thereby modulating the interaction between the Ig3 and Ig2 module in the crystal of the Ig1-2-3 module of NCAM and/or (4) interacting with the Ig3 module and thereby modulating the interaction between the Ig2 and Ig3 module in the crystal of the Ig1-2-3 module of NCAM, and/or (5) interacting with the Ig2 module and thereby modulating the interaction of the Ig2 and Ig2 module in the crystal of the Ig1-2-3 module of NCAM;
 - v) contacting in vitro the candidate compound of step (iv) with a cell expressing NCAM followed by
 - vi) evaluating the cellular response.

In one embodiment the step ii) of the above assay may comprise soaking a crystal of the second compound with a candidate compound instead of crystallising of a complex of the candidate and second compound by co-crystallisation.

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A model of the Ig1-2-3 crystalline module of NCAM

The identification of a new compound capable of modulating cell differentiation and/or survival of NCAM presenting cells may in one aspect of the invention be performed by screening a computer model template, such as a three-dimensional crystal structure of the individual modules of NCAM. Accordingly, the invention also relates to providing a screening method for selecting a compound capable of modulating cell differentiation and/or survival of NCAM presenting cells, comprising the steps of

providing a polypeptide comprising the lg1-2-3 module of NCAM: ī)

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- generating a structural model of the Ig1-2-3 module of NCAM, or fragments II) of said module, such as Ig1, Ig2, Ig3, or Ig1-2, or Ig2-3 modules by computer modelling techniques;
- designing a compound into the structure of said generated model of step i); iii) ·15
 - testing the compound of step (ii) in an in vitro or in vivo assay. iv)

The above screening method may in one embodiment of the invention comprise a computer generated model of the Ig1-2-3 module of NCAM, or fragments of said module, such as Ig1, Ig2, Ig3, or Ig1-2, or Ig2-3 modules in a solution. Such a model may be generated on the basis of the data obtained, for example, from Nuclear Magnetic Resonance spectroscopy of the samples of the above modules. Alternatively, in another embodiment a computer generated model may be a structural model of a crystal of the above modules.

In a preferred embodiment of the invention a computer generated structural structure model of the 1g1-2-3 module for screening a compound capable of modulating NCAM-dependent cell survival and differentiation is provided.

Designing interacting compounds

Designing interacting compounds

Generating a site map

Feature points complementary to the active site are computed using an internally developed software tool. For example, a hydrogen bond donor feature is mapped in

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the proximity of a hydrogen bond acceptor in the protein active site. The collection of 3D coordinates and labels (acceptors, donors, negatives, positives, hydrophobes and aromatics) is called a site map. Technically, the site map is the union of three separately computed maps, ESMap which contains the electrostatic feature points (P. N. and H) HBMap with hydrogen-bonding feature points (D and A) and AroMap containing aromatic feature points (Ar).

The electrostatic feature map, ESMap, is computed by first using the sphere placement algorithm employed in the program PASS (Brady et al., 2000). It generates an evenly-distributed set of points (ProbeMap) in regions of buried volume along the protein surface. A subset of points in the ProbeMap comprises the P, N, and H feature points depending upon the local electrostatic character of the protein. The CVFF molecular mechanics force field is used to compute the electrostatic potential, ϕi , at each point i of ProbeMap, along with the mean potential ϕ and mean magnitude $|\phi|$ averaged over all points in ProbeMap. The value of ϕi determines whether or not point i is included as a P, N, or H feature point, according to the following definitions

i>φ+1.5*σ(φ), i=N feature point i>φ−1.5*σ(φ), i=P feature point |φ|-1.0*σ(|φ|)<|φ||<(|φ|)+1.0*σ(|φ|), i=H feature point

Here σ (X) denotes the standard deviation about the mean of quantity X. This normalizes the point assignments relative to the overall electrostatic environment of the active site. This presents non charge-neutral protein structures (which may result from counter ions not being resolved or present in the crystal structures) from skewing feature point assignments unreasonably.

The hydrogen-bonding feature map, HBMap, is determined by projecting complementary points outward from known hydrogen-bonding atoms of the protein. The resulting superset of points is filtered on the basis of steric clash, insufficient burial and minimal proximity of alike feature points. Ideal hydrogen-bonding points are positioned on the basis of the mean angle and distance as observed in the PDB (see for example table 2). Points that clash with the protein are removed. However, for robustness, small positional perturbations are applied to retain potentially important hydrogen-bonding positions. Bifurcated hydrogen-bonding joints are

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computed heuristically by investigating full rings of points equally bifurcated between protein atoms that are considered moderate or strong hydrogen bond participants. Points on such rings are retained as bifurcated HB points if they do not violate steric clash, burial and mutual proximity conditions. To build the final HBMap, the surviving sets of ideal and bifurcated HB points are combined and subjected to filtration on the basis of mutual proximity.

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The AroMap set of aromatic feature points is computed by repeatedly docking a benzene ring into the protein active site and retaining the centroids of the topscoring configurations. The protein is represented using a polar-hydrogen CVFF force field. The docking is performed using internal code in local optimization mode. One hundred separate local docking trials with different starting positions are performed. Any of the docked configurations whose score lies within an energy window of 5 kcal/mol of the minimum-energy configuration is included in AroMap. Again points are subjected to filtration on the basis of burial and mutual proximity.

Converting pharmacophores into a signature

Pharmacophores are generated on the basis of feature points in the active site by exhaustive enumeration of all 2-,3-, and 4-point subsets of the feature points. For all pairs of feature points their distance in 3D-space is precomputed. In order to arrive at a discrete representation of a pharmacophore, the distances are binned, applying a user-defined binning scheme. Chirality is denoted by encoding the handedness of 4-point pharmacophores. Each pharmacophore is mapped onto a unique address, such that any possible combination of up to four features and distances is represented. The address is taken for a binary representation of the pharmacophores; called a signature. The length of the signature is the highest possible address for an encoding of a 4-point pharmacophore. All bits in the signature are initially set to 0. In order to represent a pharmacophore the bit at the respective address in the signature is turned on (set to 1). For the representation of the active site all pharmacophores are exhaustively enumerated and the respective bits are turned on.

Union of signatures for multiple structures

Multiple signatures may be combined. The binary union of multiple signatures yields a single bit string representing all pharmacophores present in any structure. Any

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consensus threshold c can be used to define the consensus representation of multiple active sites. That is, a pharmacophore is present in at least c of active site conformations. Note that this way of handling multiple active site snapshots is quite expedient.

Molecular signatures

Test compounds are encoded as follows. First, conformers are generated for each compound using an internal tool that generates a fairly complete conformational model of the molecule. Features are assigned using a substructure-based set of rules. Pharmacophores are enumerated from these three-dimensional feature positions following the same protocol as for the active site, thus ensuring compatibility of the binary encodings. However, multiple conformers need to be represented simultaneously here. This is done by wrapping the exhaustive enumeration of pharmacophores for a single conformer into an extra loop over all the conformers of a compound. That is, any pharmacophore on any conformer of a compound is represented by turning the respective bit in the signature on.

Molecular signature masking

With the binary representation of the active site and the binary representation of the molecules being defined analogously, the meaning of a bit at a certain address is the same (the same pharmacophore, within the tolerances of the distance binning). Therefore, representing a design space amounts to masking all molecule signatures by the active site signature. Masking a signature means taking the logical and of the bits of the site signature and the molecule signature. For a given molecule, bits representing pharmacophores not present in the active site are turned off, whereas the bits of the pharmacophores in the active site can be either on or off, depending on their presence or absence in the molecules. This way only the pharmacophore space defined by the active site is taken into account.

Informative library design

Informative library design is a molecule selection strategy that optimises information return for a given virtual library. The goal is to detect a set of features (pharmacophores) that determine activity against a particular test compound. Informative design aims at selecting a set of compounds such that the resulting subset will interrogate the test compound in different, but overlapping ways.

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Molecules are selected for synthesis and screening such that each pharmacophore in the design space has a unique pattern of occurrence in the molecules of the set. This unique 'code' enables the identification and retention of the important pharmacophores when the set of compounds is assayed, regardless of the actual experimental outcome. This is in contrast to diversity methods that seek to produce a unique pattern of pharmacophore occurrences in each molecule.

Given a design space, the algorithm seeks to optimize decoding as many pharmacophores as possible, with the smoothest distribution across the size of pharmacophore classes. A pharmacophore class refers to the subset of pharmacophores that all have the same code or pattern. Note that the optimum solution is a set of compounds that enables decoding each individual pharmacophore. However, this may not be possible due either to the source pool, bit correlation or to limited size of selection. The cost function for an unconstrained optimisation in terms of molecule selection is the entropy of the class distribution. The entropy is given by

 $H = - \sum_{i=1}^{c} \frac{|Ci|}{f} \ln \frac{|Ci|}{f}$

where H is the entropy of the feature classes, C the number of distinct classes, f the number of features in the design space and f | is the size of class i. During the course of the optimisation, molecules are selected, such as to maximize H.

25 Compound

By the term "candidate compound" in the present context is meant a compound capable of

- interacting with the Ig1 module of NCAM, and thereby mimicking and/or modulating the interaction between the Ig1 and Ig3 modules of NCAM, wherein said modules are from two individual NCAM molecules, and/or
- ii) interacting with the Ig3 module of NCAM, and thereby mimicking and/or modulating the interaction between the Ig3 and Ig1 modules of NCAM, wherein said modules are from two individual NCAM molecules, and/or

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- iii) interacting with the Ig2 module of NCAM, and thereby mimicking the interaction between Ig2 and Ig3 modules of NCAM, wherein said modules are from two individual NCAM molecules, and/or
- iv) interacting with the Ig3 module of NCAM, and thereby mimicking and/or modulating the interaction between the Ig3 and Ig2 modules of NCAM, wherein said modules are from two individual NCAM molecules, and/or
- v) interacting with the Ig2 module of NCAM, and thereby mimicking and/or modulating the interaction between the Ig2 and Ig2 modules of NCAM, wherein said modules are from two individual NCAM molecules,
- and thereby modulating cell differentiation and survival mediated by NCAM homophylic binding.

A preferred candidate compound according to the invention is selected in the above described screening assay or screening method(s).

Thus, the present invention provides in one embodiment a compound having the amino acid sequence WFSPNGEKLSPNQ set forth in SEQ ID NO: 1, fragments or variants thereof.

In another embodiment a compound of the invention is having the amino acid sequence YKCVVTAEDGTQSE set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2, fragments or variants thereof.

In still another embodiment the invention provides a compound having the amino acid sequence TLVADADGFPEP set forth in SEQ ID NO: 3, fragments or variants thereof.

In yet another embodiment the invention provides a compound having the amino acid sequence QIRGIKKTD set forth in SEQ ID NO: 4, fragments or variants thereof.

In still yet another embodiment the invention provides a compound having the amino acid sequence DVR set forth in SEQ ID NO: 5, fragments or variants thereof.

Yet in another embodiment the compound of the invention is having the amino acid sequence RGIKKTD set forth in SEQ ID NO: 6, fragments or variants thereof.

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In yet a further embodiment the invention provides a compound is having the amino acid sequence DVRRGIKKTD set forth in SEQ ID NO: 7, fragments or variants thereof.

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Another aspect of the invention concerns a compound is having the amino acid sequence KEGED set forth in SEQ ID NO: 8, fragments or variants thereof.

In yet another aspect a compound is having the amino acid sequence IRGIKKTD set forth in SEQ ID NO: 9, fragments or variants thereof.

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The invention further provides a compound having the amino acid sequence KEGEDGIRGIKKTD set forth in SEQ ID NO: 10, fragments or variants thereof.

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Moreover, in another embodiment the invention provides a compound having the amino acid sequence DKNDE set forth in SEQ ID NO: 11, fragments or variants thereof.

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In still another embodiment the invention concerns a compound having the amino acid sequence TVQARNSIVNAT set forth in SEQ ID NO: 12, fragments or variants thereof.

In yet another embodiment of the invention the compound is having the amino acid sequence SIHLKVFAK set forth in SEQ ID NO: 13, fragments or variants thereof.

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In yet another embodiment the compound is having the amino acid sequence LSNNYLQIR set forth in SEQ ID NO: 14, fragments or variants thereof.

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In a further embodiment the invention provides a compound having the amino acid sequence RFIVLSNNYLQI set forth in SEQ ID NO: 15, fragments or variants thereof.

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Further, in yet another embodiment the invention provides a compound having the amino acid sequence KKDVRFIVLSNNYLQI set forth in SEQ ID NO: 16, fragments or variants thereof.

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Furthermore, in yet another embodiment the invention provides a compound having the amino acid sequence QEFKEGEDAVIV set forth in SEQ ID NO: 17, fragments or variants thereof.

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The invention further provides a compound having the amino acid sequence KEGEDAVIVCD set forth in SEQ ID NO: 18, fragments or variants thereof.

The identified above sequences according to the invention represent different fragments a homophylic binding site of NCAM in the Ig1-2-3 module and are 10 capable of modulation of differentiation and/or survival of an NCAM-presenting cell.

Accordingly, the sequences identified above may be used for the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of a condition or disease wherein the modulation of NCAM homophtlic interaction would lead to improvement or rescue.

Use of the Ig1-2-3 module of NCAM

In an important aspect of the invention the Ig1-2-3 module of NCAM is used for the manufacture of a kit for screening a candidate compound of the invention. The candidate compound is capable of modulating NCAM-dependent cell differentiation and/or survival. This means that the Ig1-2-3 module may be applied in a commercial kit to be used for screening potential compound candidates.

Kit 25

> According to the invention the kit is for screening a candidate compound capable of modulating NCAM-dependent cell differentiation and/or survival. The kit of the invention may comprise

- the Ig1-2-3 module of NCAM, or fragments thereof, such as the Ig1, Ig2, Ig3, i) or Ig1-2, or Ig2-3 modules, in a solution;
- a solution of the module(s) according to (i),
- a crystal of the Ig1-2-3 module of NCAM, iii)

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In one embodiment the kit of the invention may comprise a solution of the labelled Ig1-2-3 module of NCAM, or fragments thereof, such as the Ig1, Ig2, Ig3, or Ig1-2, or Ig2-3 modules. The modules may be conjugated with the horse radish peroxidase, alkaline phospatase, streptavidin, avidin, biotin or an antibody to said modules, or fragments of the antibody. In another embodiment the kit may comprise a solution of the above modules, wherein said modules are containing a radioactive label, such as for example N¹⁵.

Pharmaceutical composition

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Once the candidate compound of the invention has been identified it is further within the scope of the invention to provide a pharmaceutical composition comprising one or more of the compounds as defined above. In the present context the term pharmaceutical composition is used synonymously with the term medicament.

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The scope of the invention is further related to a pharmaceutical composition capable of preventing death of cells in vitro or in vivo, wherein the composition is administered to a subject, in vitro or in vivo in an effective amount of one or more of the compounds described above or a composition as described below, so as to promote cell differentiation and modulation of proliferation of neural cells and neuronal plasticity; and stimulation of survival and regeneration of NCAM presenting cells and/or NCAM ligand presenting cells in several tissues and organs as discussed herein. The medicament of the invention comprises an effective amount of one or more of the compounds as defined above, or a composition as defined above in combination with pharmaceutically acceptable additives. Such medicament may suitably be formulated for oral, percutaneous, intramuscular, intravenous, Isnomluq intracranial, intrathecal. intracerebroventricular, intranasal administration.

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The present invention further concerns a medicament for the treatment of diseases and conditions of the central and peripheral nervous system, of the muscles or of various organs, wherein said medicament comprises an effective amount of one or more of the compounds as defined above or a composition as defined above in combination with pharmaceutically acceptable additives or carriers. Such medicament may suitably be formulated for oral, percutaneous, intramuscular,

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intravenous, intracranial, intrathecal, intracerebroventricular, intranasal or pulmonal administration.

Formulation

Strategies in formulation development of medicaments and compositions based on the compounds of the present invention generally correspond to formulation strategies for any other protein-based drug product. Potential problems and the guidance required to overcome these problems are dealt with in several textbooks, e.g. "Therapeutic Peptides and Protein Formulation. Processing and Delivery Systems", Ed. A.K. Banga, Technomic Publishing AG, Basel, 1995.

Injectables are usually prepared either as liquid solutions or suspensions, solid forms suitable for solution in, or suspension in, liquid prior to injection. The preparation may also be emulsified. The active ingredient is often mixed with excipients, which are pharmaceutically acceptable and compatible with the active ingredient. Suitable excipients are for example water, saline, dextrose, glycerol, ethanol or the like, and combinations thereof. In addition, if desired, the preparation may contain minor amounts of auxiliary substances such as wetting or emulsifying agents, pH buffering agents, which enhance the effectiveness or transportation of the preparation.

Formulations of the compounds of the invention can be prepared by techniques known to the person skilled in the art. The formulations may contain pharmaceutically acceptable carriers and excipients including microspheres, liposomes, microcapsules, nanoparticles or the like.

Administration

For most indications a localised or substantially localised application is preferred. The compounds are in particular used in combination with a prosthetic device such as a prosthetic nerve guide. Thus, in a further aspect, the present invention relates to a prosthetic nerve guide, characterised in that it comprises one or more of the compounds or the composition defined above. Nerve guides are known in the art.

The preparation may suitably be administered by injection, optionally at the site, where the active ingredient is to exert its effect. Additional formulations which are

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suitable for other modes of administration include suppositories, nasal, pulmonal and, in some cases, oral formulations. For suppositories, traditional binders and carriers include polyalkylene glycols or triglycerides. Such suppositories may be formed from mixtures containing the active ingredient(s) in the range of from 0.5% to 10%, preferably 1-2%. Oral formulations include such normally employed excipients as, for example, pharmaceutical grades of mannitol, lactose, starch, magnesium stearate, sodium saccharine, cellulose, magnesium carbonate, and the like. These compositions take the form of solutions, suspensions, tablets, pills, capsules, sustained release formulations or powders and generally contain 10-95% of the active ingredient(s), preferably 25-70%.

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Other formulations are such suitable for nasal and pulmonal administration, e.g. inhalators and aerosols.

The active compound may be formulated as neutral or salt forms. Pharmaceutically acceptable salts include acid addition salts (formed with the free amino groups of the peptide compound) and which are formed with inorganic acids such as, for example, hydrochloric or phosphoric acids, or such organic acids as acetic acid, oxalic acid, tartaric acid, mandelic acid, and the like. Salts formed with the free carboxyl group may also be derived from inorganic bases such as, for example, sodium, potassium, ammonium, calcium, or ferric hydroxides, and such organic bases as isopropylamine, trimethylamine, 2-ethylamino ethanol, histidine, procaine, and the like.

The preparations are administered in a manner compatible with the dosage formulation, and in such amount as will be therapeutically effective. The quantity to be administered depends on the subject to be treated, including, e.g. the weight and age of the subject, the disease to be treated and the stage of disease. Suitable dosage ranges are of the order of several hundred µg active ingredient per administration with a preferred range of from about 0.1 µg to 100 mg, such as in the range of from about 1 µg to 100 mg, and especially in the range of from about 10 µg to 50 mg. Administration may be performed once or may be followed by subsequent administrations. The dosage will also depend on the route of administration and will vary with the age and weight of the subject to be treated. A preferred dosis would be in the interval 0.5 mg to 50 mg per 70 kg body weight.

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Some of the candidate compounds of the present invention are sufficiently active, but for others, the effect will be enhanced if the preparation further comprises pharmaceutically acceptable additives and/or carriers. Such additives and carriers will be known in the art. In some cases, it will be advantageous to include a compound, which promote delivery of the active substance to its target.

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In another embodiment it may be advantageous to administer the candidate compound(s) according to the invention with other substances to obtain a synergistic effect. Examples of such other substances may be a growth factor, which can induce differentiation, or a hormone, or a transplant of cells, including a transplant of stem cells, or gene therapy, or immuno-therapy.

In many instances, it will be necessary to administrate the formulation multiple times. Administration may be a continuous infusion, such as intra-ventricular infusion or administration in more doses such as more times a day, daily, more times a week, or weekly. It is preferred that administration of the medicament is initiated before or shortly after the individual has been subjected to the factor(s) that may lead to cell death. Preferably the medicament is administered within 8 hours from the factor onset, such as within 5 hours from the factor onset. Many of the compounds exhibit a long-term effect whereby administration of the compounds may be conducted with long intervals, such as 1 week or 2 weeks.

In one embodiment of the invention the administration of the present compound may be immediately after an acute injury, such as an acute stroke, or at the most 8 hours after said stroke in order for the present compound to have a stimulatory effect on cell survival. Further, in cases concerning proliferation and/or differentiation the administration according to the invention is not time dependent, i.e. it may be administered at any time.

30 Producing a pharmaceutical

In another aspect the invention relates to a process of producing a pharmaceutical composition, comprising mixing an effective amount of one or more of the compounds of the invention, or a pharmaceutical composition according to the invention with one or more pharmaceutically acceptable additives or carriers, and administer an effective amount of at least one of said compound, or said

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pharmaceutical composition to a subject.

In yet a further aspect the invention relates to a method of treating an individual suffering from one or more of the diseases discussed above by administering the said individual a compound as described herein or a pharmaceutical composition comprising said compound.

Medicament

The candidate compounds of the invention may be used in the manufacture of medicaments to be used to treat conditions effecting the peripheral and/or the central nervous system and/or muscles and other tissues expressing NCAM or NCAM ligands as well as other conditions in which a stimulation of NCAM function or the function of a NCAM ligand is beneficial.

Furthermore, the candidate compound of the invention may be for the manufacture of a medicament for treatment of normal, degenerated or damaged NCAM and/or NCAM ligand presenting cells.

In particular the compound and/or pharmaceutical composition of the invention may be used in the treatment of clinical conditions, such as Neoplasms such as malignant neoplasms, benign neoplasms, carcinoma in situ and neoplasms of uncertain behavior, diseases of endocrine glands, such as diabetes mellitus, psychoses, such as senile and presenile organic psychotic conditions, alcoholic psychoses, drug psychoses, transient organic psychotic conditions, Alzheimer's disease, cerebral lipidoses, epilepsy, general paresis [syphilis], hepatolenticular degeneration, Huntington's chorea, Jakob-Creutzfeldt disease, multiple sclerosis, Pick's disease of the brain, syphilis, Schizophrenic disorders, affective psychoses, neurotic disorders, personality disorders, including character neurosis, nonpsychotic personality disorder associated with organic brain syndromes, paranoid personality disorder, fanatic personality, paranoid personality (disorder), paranoid traits, sexual deviations and disorders, mental retardation, disease in the nervous system and sense organs, cognitive anomalies, inflammatory disease of the central nervous system, such as meningitis, encephalitis, cerebral degenerations, such as Alzheimer's disease, Pick's disease, senile degeneration of brain, communicating hydrocephalus, obstructive hydrocephalus, Parkinson's disease including other

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extra pyramidal disease and abnormal movement disorders, spino-cerebellar disease, cerebellar ataxia, Marie's, Sanger-Brown, Dyssynergia cerebellaris myoclonica, primary cerebellar degeneration, such as spinal muscular atrophy, familial, juvenile, adult spinal muscular atrophy, motor neuron disease, amyotrophic lateral sclerosis, motor neuron disease, progressive bulbar palsy, pseudobulbar palsy, primary lateral sclerosis, other anterior hom cell diseases, anterior hom cell disease, unspecified, other diseases of spinal cord, syringomyelia and syringobulbia, vascular myelopathies, acute infarction of spinal cord (embolic) (nonembolic), arterial thrombosis of spinal cord, edema of spinal cord, subacute necrotic myelopathy, subacute combined degeneration of spinal cord in diseases classified elsewhere, myelopathy, drug-induced, radiation-induced myelitis, disorders of the autonomic nervous system, disorders of peripheral autonomic, sympathetic, parasympathetic, or vegetative system, familial dysautonomia [Riley-Day syndrome], idiopathic peripheral autonomic neuropathy, carotid sinus syncope or syndrome, cervical sympathetic dystrophy or paralysis, peripheral autonomic neuropathy in disorders classified elsewhere, emyloidosis, diseases of the peripheral nerve system, brachial plexus lesions, cervical rib syndrome, costoclavicular syndrome, scalenus anterior syndrome, thoracic outlet syndrome, brachial neuritis or radiculitis, including in newborn; inflammatory and toxic. neuropathy, including acute infective polyneuritis, Guillain-Barre syndrome, Postinfectious polyneuritis, polyneuropathy in collagen vascular disease, disorders affecting multiple structures of eye, purulent endophthalmitis, diseases of the ear and mastoid process, chronic meumatic heart disease, ischaemic heart disease, arrhythmia, diseases in the pulmonary system, abnormality of organs and soft tissues in newborn, including in the nerve system, complications of the administration of anesthetic or other sedation in labor and delivery, diseases in the skin including infection, insufficient circulation problem, injuries, including after surgery, crushing injury, burns. Injuries to nerves and spinal cord, including division of nerve, lesion in continuity (with or without open wound), traumatic neuroma (with or without open wound), traumatic transient paralysis (with or without open wound), accidental puncture or laceration during medical procedure, injury to optic nerve and pathways, optic nerve injury, second cranial nerve, injury to optic chiasm, injury to optic pathways, injury to visual cortex, unspecified blindness, injury to other cranial nerve(s), injury to other and unspecified nerves. Poisoning by drugs, medicinal and biological substances, genetic or traumatic atrophic muscle disorders; or for the

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treatment of diseases or conditions of various organs, such as degenerative conditions of the gonads, of the pancreas, such as diabetes mellitus type I and II, of the kidney, such as nephrosis.

Conditions of CNS/PNS

In another aspect of the invention the compounds are for the treatment of diseases or conditions of the central and peripheral nervous system, such as postoperative nerve damage, traumatic nerve damage, impaired myelination of nerve fibers, postischaemic damage, e.g. resulting from a stroke, Parkinson's disease, Alzheimer's disease, Huntington's disease, dementias such as multiinfarct dementia, sclerosis, nerve degeneration associated with diabetes mellitus, disorders affecting the circadian clock or neuro-muscular transmission, and schizophrenia, mood disorders, such as manic depression; for treatment of diseases or conditions of the muscles including conditions with impaired function of neuro-muscular connections, such as after organ transplantation, or such as genetic or traumatic atrophic muscle disorders; or for treatment of diseases or conditions of various organs, such as degenerative conditions of the gonads, of the pancreas such as diabetes mellitus type I and II, of the kidney such as nephrosis and of the heart and bowel, and for the treatment of postoperative nerve damage, traumatic nerve damage, impaired myelination of nerve fibers, postischaemic, e.g. resulting from a stroke, Parkinson's disease, Alzheimer's disease, dementias such as multiinfarct dementia, sclerosis, nerve degeneration associated with diabetes mellilus, disorders affecting the circadian clock or neuro-muscular transmission, and schizophrenia, mood disorders, such as manic depression.

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Preventing cell death

Further, the candidate compounds according to the invention may be used for preventing cell death of cells being implanted or transplanted. This is particularly useful when using compounds having a long-term effect.

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In another aspect of the invention the candidate compounds may be synthesised and secreted from implanted or injected gene manipulated cells.

Heart muscles

Furthermore, the candidate compound and/or pharmaceutical composition may be

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for preventing cell death of heart muscle cells, such as after acute myocardial infarction, or after angiogenesis. Furthermore, in one embodiment the compound and/or pharmaceutical composition is for the stimulation of the survival of heart muscle cells, such as survival after acute myocardial infarction. In another aspect the compound and/or pharmaceutical composition is for re-vascularisation, such as after injuries.

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Memory

In another aspect the candidate compound and/or pharmaceutical composition is used for stimulation of the ability to learn and/or of the short and/or long-term memory.

Regeneration

In one aspect of the invention treatment by the use of the candidate compounds according to the invention is useful for the stimulation of regenerating cells which are degenerating or at risk of dying due to a variety of factors, such as traumas and injuries, acute diseases, chronic diseases and/or disorders, in particular degenerative diseases normally leading to cell death, other external factors, such as medical and/or surgical treatments and/or diagnostic methods that may cause formation of free radicals or otherwise have cytotoxic effects, such as X-rays and chemotherapy.

For wound-healing

It is also within the scope of the invention to use the candidate compound and/or pharmaceutical composition for the promotion of wound-healing. The present compounds are capable of interfering with cell adhesion and thereby promote the wound healing process.

Cancer

The invention further discloses the use of the candidate compound and/or pharmaceutical composition in the treatment of cancer. NCAM regulates motility and inhibits cancer cells from spreading.

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Experimentals

The following is a non-limiting description of the production of the second compound of the invention, comprising NCAM Ig1-2-3 module or fragments thereof, such as lg1, lg2, lg3, or lg1-2, or lg2-3.

Production of the Ig1-2-3 and Ig3 fragments of NCAM

The NCAM Ig1-2-3 and Ig3 fragments were produced as recombinant proteins in the yeast P. pastoris expression system (Invitrogen). The cDNA fragments encoding Ig1-2-3 and Ig3 of rat NCAM (NCBI accession number NP_113709), corresponding to residues 1-289 and 191-289, respectively, were synthesized by PCR using rat NCAM cDNA as a template. The following DNA primers were used for cloning of Ig1-2-3 and Ig3, respectively: upper (5'-TCT CTC GAG TTC TGC AGG TAG ATA TTG TT-3') (SEQ ID NO: 37) and lower (5'-AAA CCC GGG TTA CTT TGC AAA GAC CTT-3') (SEQ ID NO: 30), upper (5'-GAA TAC GTA ACT GTC CAG GCC AGA C-3') (SEQ ID NO: 31) and lower (5'-AAA CCT AGG TTA CTT TGC AAA GAC CTT G-3') (SEQ ID NO: 32). The amplified cDNA fragments were subcloned into the pHIL-S1 and the pPIC9K plasmids (Invitrogen), respectively. The recombinant plasmids were linearized with the Nsil and Sacl restriction enzymes, respectively, and used for transformation of the P. pastoris strain His 4 GS-115 (Invitrogen). Large-scale production of the recombinant proteins was performed employing a high-density feed-batch fermentation technique in a Biostat B fermentor (B. Braun Biotech Int. GmbH). Ig1-2-3 and Ig3 were purified from concentrated and desalted medium by anion-exchange chromatography on a HiTrap Q-Sepharose 5 ml column (Pharmacia),

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followed by gel filtration chromatography on a HiLoad 16/60 Superdex-75 column (Pharmacia). The Ig1-2-3 was enzymatically deglycosylated with PNGase-F endo-Nglycosidase (New England Biolabs) at 37 °C in PBS buffer pH 7.4. The authenticity of the protein fragments was confirmed by DNA sequencing of the recombinant plasmids, by amino acid sequencing of the 10-12 N-terminal residues, and by MALDI-TOF MS. The recombinant Ig1-2-3 and Ig3 fragiments contained respectively two (RV) and five (EAEAY) additional N-terminal residues from the cloning vector. The purity of the proteins was at least 95% as estimated by SDS-PAGE.

Production of the Ig1-2-3 and Ig3 mutants

An Ig1-2-3 mutant (Ig1-2-3mut) containing the substitutions E11A, E16A, and K18A was produced as a recombinant protein in the yeast P. pastoris expression system following the procedure described for the Ig1-2-3 fragment. The three mutations were introduced by PCR using the following DNA primer: upper (5'-CTG CAG GTA GAT ATT GTT CCC AGC CAA GGA GCC ATC AGC GTT GGA GCC TCC GCC TTC TTC CTG TGT CAA GTG GCA-3') (SEQ ID NO: 33).

Two Ig3 mutants containing the substitutions: R198A, D249G, E287A (Ig3mut1) and K285A, F287A (Ig3mut2) were produced as recombinant proteins in the yeast P. pastoris expression system following the procedure described for the Ig3 fragment. Mutations were introduced by PCR using the following DNA primers: upper I (5'-AAA TAC GTA ACT GTC CAG GCC GCC CAG AGC ATC GTG-3') (SEQ ID NO: 38), upper2 (5'-GGC GAC AGT TCG GCG TTA ACC ATC AGG AAT GTG GAC-3') (SEQ ID NO: 34), and lower (5'-GGT TAA CGC CGA ACT GTC GCC ACT GAA GAT GTG CTT CTC-3') (SEQ ID NO: 35) for Ig3mut1; and lower (5'-AAA CTT AGG TTA CTT TGC TGC GAC TGC GAG GTG GAT GGA GGC ATC-3") (SEQ ID NO: 36) for Ig3mut2. The DNA constructs of Ig1-2-3mut, Ig3mut1, and Ig3mut2 were verified by DNA sequencing. Folding of the Ig3 module and its mutants, as well as presence of carbohydrates, was confirmed by one-dimensional proton NMR spectra recorded at 800 MHz on a Varian NMR spectrometer (Varian Inc.) at 25°C in PBS buffer pH 7.4.

Preparation of peptides

Peptides were synthesized using the 9-fluorenylmethoxycarbonyl (Fmoc) protection strategy on a TentaGel resin (Rapp Polymere) using Fmoc protected amino acids (Calbiochem-Novabiochem). Peptides were at least 85% pure as estimated by

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MALDI-TOF MS. All peptides were synthesized with free NH₂ and carboxy-arnidated COOH groups.

Crystallization and data collection

Crystals of NCAM Ig1-2-3 were grown at 18°C using the hanging-drop vapor diffusion method, with drops of equal volumes of reservoir and protein solutions (4 mg ml⁻¹ in 5 mM Na phosphate, 150 mM NaCl, pH 7.4). The reservoir solution contained 14-17% w/v PEG 4000, 450 mM Li sulfate, 100 mM Na acetate, pH 5.2. The crystals belong to space group I2₁2₁2₁ with one molecule in the asymmetric unit and cell dimensions of a = 51.5, b = 108.5, and c = 149.0 Å. The crystals were flash cooled in liquid nitrogen using 15% v/v glycerol as cryoprotectant. Two data sets were collected on the same crystal. The high-resolution data were collected to 2.0 Å at 120 K at beamline I711, Max-Lab, Lund, Sweden, and the low-resolution data were collected to 3.5 Å at 120 K on a Rigaku RU300 rotating anode equipped with a MAR345 image plate detector. The data sets were combined and processed with DENZO/SCALEPACK (Otwinowski and Minor, 1997) and the CCP4 suite of programs (Collaborative Computational Project No. 4, 1994).

Structure determination and refinement

The structure was determined by molecular replacement with the programs AmoRe (Navaza and Saludjan, 1997) and CNS version 1.0 (Brünger et al., 1998), using the X-ray structures of the Ig2 and Ig1 modules of NCAM (Kasper et al., 2000) as search models. Initially, the position of the Ig2 module was located using AmoRe. The 1g1 module was subsequently located using CNS. An electron density map was calculated based on phase information from Ig1 and Ig2. Residues of Ig3 were gradually built into this map. Map interpretation and model building were carried out using the program O (Jones et al., 1991). After several building and refinement cycles, ARP/wARP version 5.1 (Perrakis et al., 1999) was used to rebuild 233 out of 291 residues of NCAM Ig1-2-3. CNS was used to carry out the final rounds of refinements. The final model contains amino acids (-1)-238 and 241-289, and 266 water molecules. Amino acids are numbered according to the mature sequence of NCAM. Residues Arg and Val originating from the cloning site were given negative integers -2 and -1, respectively. Using all reflections in the resolution range 50-2.0 Å, the R_{cyst} is 21.8% and the R_{free} is 23.8% (3% test set, corresponding to 828 reflections). Data collection and refinement statistics are given in Table 1.

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Interdomain geometry was determined according to Bork et al. (1996), and buried accessible surface areas were calculated using the Protein-Protein Interaction Server (http://www.biochem.ucl.ac.uk/bsm/PP/server) (Jones and Thomton, 1996). Figures were prepared with the programs MOLSCRIPT, RASTER3D (Kraulis, 1991; Merritt and Bacon, 1997), and Insight II (Accelrys).

The atomic coordinates of the structure is demonstrated in the Table 2.

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Protein Data Bank ID code

The coordinates of the structure have been deposited with the Protein Data Bank under ID code 1QZ1.

Cell culture and immunostaining

The NCAM-expressing pheochromocytoma PC12-E2 cell line (Wu and Bradshaw, 1995) was a gift from Dr. Klaus Seedorf, Hagedorn Research Institute, Denmark. The cells were grown in Dulbecco's Modified Eagle's Medium (DMEM) supplemented with 5% v/v fetal calf serum (FCS) and 10% v/v horse serum (HS), 100 U m⁻¹ penicillin, 100 µg ml⁻¹ streptomycin (all from Gibco BRL) at 37°C in a humidified atmosphere containing 5% CO2. The fibroblastoid mouse cell line, L929 (European Cell Culture Collection), was stably transfected with the eukaryotic expression vector pHβ-Apr-1-neo (Gunning et al., 1987) containing a full-length cDNA encoding human 140 kDa NCAM-B or the vector alone. The NCAM cDNA did not contain the exons VASE, a, b, c, or AAG. The cells were routinely grown at 37°C, 5% CO2 in DMEM supplemented with 10% v/v FCS, 100 U ml⁻¹ penicillin, and 100 µg ml⁻¹ streptomycin. For analysis of neurite outgrowth, PC12-E2 cells (8,000 cells per well) were seeded on top of a confluent monolayer of transfected fibroblastoid L929 cells in four-well LabTek Tissue Culture Chamber Slides (NUNC). The cells were grown for 24 h in DMEM supplemented with 1% v/v HS, before analysis. The glycosylated recombinant rat Ig3 module of NCAM (wildtype and mutated forms) or selected peptides were added immediately after seeding of PC12-E2 cells in order to evaluate their inhibitory effects on adhesion, as reflected by interference with NCAM-mediated neurite outgrowth. Ig3wt, Ig3mut1, and Ig3mut2 were tested at a concentration of 500 Gg ml-1. All peptides were tested at a concentration of 200 Dg ml-1. Proper controls were included and the person performing the experiments did not know the identity of the mutants or peptides.

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To evaluate the length of processes of PC12-E2 cells, the co-cultures were fixed in 4% w/v paraformaldehyde for 25 min. After washing in PBS, cells were blocked with 10% v/v goat serum (DAKO) for 30 min and subsequently incubated for 1 h at room temperature with a mouse monoclonal anti-Thy-1 antibody (Caltag Laboratories) (1:100 in PBS containing 10% v/v goat serum). After washing, cells were incubated . for 1 h at room temperature with Alexa-Fluor 568™ goat anti-mouse IgG (Molecular Probes) (1:1000 in PB\$ containing 10% goat serum). All washes were performed for 10 min in PBS, and repeated three times.

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The total neurite length per cell was analyzed using the software ProcessLength (Rønn et al., 2000). Five independent experiments with the Ig3 module, its mutants, and the individual peptides were performed. In each experiment neurites from 200-300 cells were analyzed. In order to compare results of individual experiments and due to the inherently high variability of cell experiments, the data were normalized setting the difference between the average neurite length of PC12-E2 cells grown on NCAM-140-transfected and vector-transfected fibroblasts to 100%. Statistical evaluations were performed using a two-sided Student's t-test.

Dynamic light scattering (DLS) measurements

Measurements were performed using a DynaPro-MS/X instrument (Protein Solutions) at 18°C. The deglycosylated preparations of Ig1-2-3 (4 mg mr1), Ig1-2-3mut (4 mg ml-1) and Ig3 (10 mg ml-1) in PBS pH 7.4 were used to determine the molecular weight of the recombinant proteins in solution.

Results and Discussion

The X-ray structure of the Ig1-2-3 modules of NCAM

The X-ray structure of NCAM Ig1-2-3 was determined to 2.0 Å resolution (Table 1). In the structure of Iq1-2-3, the Iq1 and Iq2 modules are positioned in an extended conformation with Ig3 oriented at an angle of approximately 45° to the Ig1-Ig2 axis (Figure 1). The linker regions between Ig1-Ig2 and between Ig2-Ig3 are short and comprise only two (Lys98 - Leu99) and one (Asn190) residues, respectively. The overall structure of the Ig1 and Ig2 modules is very similar to the previously determined Ig1-2 structure (Kasper et al., 2000) with root mean square deviations (r.m.s.d.) of 0.7 (96 C□ atoms) and 0.8 Å (93 C□ atoms), respectively. In the Ig1-2-3 structure, the tilt angle between Ig1 and Ig2 is 11° and thereby differs by 13° compared to the Ig1-2 structure.

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The 98-residue Ig3 module of rat NCAM adopts the topology of an intermediate type 1 (I1) set Ig module (Casasnovas et al., 1998). In the Ig3 module, the classical β -sandwich consists of two β -sheets with a total of nine β -strands (Figure 1B). The A, B, D, and E β -strands make up one sheet and the A', C, C', F, and G β -strands the second sheet. A cysteine bridge Cys216 — Cys269 connects the two β -sheets. All strands are anti-parallel except for the A' strand, which runs parallel to the C-terminal part of the G strand. Ig3 contains one site for N-linked glycosylation at Asn203 positioned in the A' strand. The E-F loop (residues Lys261 — Asp263) forms a 3₁₀ α -helical turn. The overall structure of rat Ig3 is similar to the structure of chicken Ig3 (Atkins et al., 2001) with r.m.s.d. of 1.65 Å (95 C \square atoms).

Parallel interactions between lg modules

Several characteristic interactions are observed in the structure of the NCAM Ig1-2-3 fragment which may be divided into two groups: Interactions where the long axes (N- to C-terminus) of two interacting Ig1-2-3 molecules are oriented in a parallel manner and interactions where the long axes are oriented in an anti-parallel manner. One parallel interaction and three major anti-parallel interactions are observed in the crystal.

The parallel, cross-like dimer interaction of NCAM Ig1-2-3 involves the Ig1 and Ig2 modules (Figure 2). The total buried surface area of this interface is 1594 Ų (per dimer), which is similar to that previously observed in the Ig1-2 cross-like dimers (Kasper et al., 2000). The most prominent feature of the Ig1-to-Ig2 interaction is the intercalation of two aromatic residues of Ig1, Phe19 and Tyr65, into hydrophobic pockets formed by Ig2 residues (Figure 3A), which was also observed in the Ig1-2 structure. However, a tighter Ig1 to Ig2 binding interface is observed in the Ig1-2-3 structure, where the hydroxyl group of Tyr65 forms a direct hydrogen bond (H-bond) with Glu171, instead of a water-mediated H-bond as observed in Ig1-2. Tyr65 also makes three H-bonds to the side chains of Lys133, Glu171, and Arg173. Arg173 forms part of the Ig2 hydrophobic pocket and makes two H-bonds to Thr63. The parallel orientation of the Arg173 and Phe19 side chains and the distance between the NDr atom of the guanidinium group of Arg173 and the CD atom of the benzene ring of Phe19 (3.4 Å) suggest a cation-π interaction between these two residues (Flocco and Mowbray, 1994).

Dynamic Light Scattering (DLS) measurements showed that deglycosylated Ig1-2-3 forms a single species of molecules in solution with a molecular weight of -78 kDa,

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corresponding to a dimer. In order to demonstrate that lg1-2-3 dimerization is mediated by the observed lg1 to lg2 binding, we produced a mutant of lg1-2-3 (lg1-2-3mut) containing three Ala substitutions: E11A, E16A, and K18A. These mutations have previously been shown to completely abolish dimerization of the Ig1-2 NCAM fragment in solution (Jensen et al., 1999). In the present structure Glu11 and Glu16 form intramolecular salt bridges, respectively, with Arg177 and Lys98 from the Ig1 to Ig2 linker region (not shown). These salt bridges probably contribute to the proper orientation of Ig1 with respect to Ig2 and therefore are important for the Ig1-to-Ig2 Interaction. Lys18 forms an H-bond with the carboxyl group of Arg177 from the Ig2 module stabilizing the Ig1-Ig2 interaction (Figure 3A). Lys18 is located near Phe19, which is the critical residue for the Ig1-to-Ig2 interaction as it was clearly demonstrated earlier (Atkins et al., 2001). Therefore, disruption of the Lys18 -Arg177 H-bond may affect the orientation of Phe19 leading to elimination of the Ig1to-Ig2 interaction. The molecular weight of the Ig1-2-3mut fragment was determined by DLS to be -34 kDa, indicating a monomer. This confirms that Ig1-2-3 dimerization is mediated by Ig1-to-Ig2 binding.

Parallel (cis) interactions are not uncommon among cell adhesion molecules. Thus, cis dimerization has been demonstrated for the cell adhesion molecules C-CAM1, C-CAM2, ICAM-1, nectin-2a, and JAM belonging to the Ig superfamily (Hunter et al., 1996; Casasnovas et al., 1998; Miyahara et al., 2000; Kostrewa et al., 2001) as well as for N-, E-, and C- cadherins (Shapiro et al., 1995; Takeda et al., 1999; Brieher et al., 1996). It was shown that the dimeric form of C-cadherin is capable of adhesion, whereas the monomeric form is not (Brieher et al., 1996).

Anti-parallel interactions between Ig modules 25

An anti-parallel interaction takes place between the Ig2 and Ig3 modules of two Ig1-2-3 molecules, thereby forming arrays of Ig1-2-3 dimers (Figure 2A,B). Ig2 of one molecule binds to Ig3 of a second molecule, and vice versa (Figure 3B). The residues involved are 112-115, 143-146, and 158-161 from the B-strand, CD-loop/Dstrand, and E-strand of Ig2, and residues 200-205, 261, and 278-289 from the A'strand, EF-loop, and G-strand of Ig3. A central element of this interaction is the intercalation of the side chain of Phe287 from Ig3 into a hydrophobic pocket formed by the side chains of Val145, Arg146, and Arg158 of the lg2 module and Lys285 from 1g3. Arg158 is also involved in water-mediated hydrogen bonding to residues Lys261 and Ala288, and Gly159 makes a direct H-bond to Asn203.

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The crystal packing leaves room for glycosylation at Asn203. In order to accommodate N-linked glycosylation at this site, the side chain of Asn203 has to adopt another rotamer conformation. Thereby, the carbohydrate will point away from the binding site and towards a solvent channel in the crystal, and consequently Asn203 will not interfere with Ig2-Ig3 interactions. An interaction between the two Ig3 modules is observed at the interface, as Gin196 makes a water-mediated Hbond with Gln278. The total buried surface of the Ig2-to-Ig3 interface is 1407 Å² per dimer. According to Janin (1997), the probability of finding a non-specific interface of the size of the Ig2-to-Ig3 contact is only 1.9%.

Another anti-parallel interaction between two Ig1-2-3 molecules is formed between two Ig2 modules (Figure 2C,D). This interaction involves residues 103-121 and 150-158 of the AA'-loop/A'-strand/A'B-loop and the DE-loop/E-strand and has the total buried surface of 958 Å² per dimer (Figure 3C). Here, the central residue appears to be Glu114, which makes two H-bonds to Ser151 (side chain and backbone). Apart from an extensive hydrogen-bonding network, especially through water molecules, Val117, Val119, Leu150, and Tyr154 of both Ig2 modules form a number of hydrophobic contacts with each other at the Ig2-to-Ig2 interface (not shown).

A slightly smaller anti-parallel interaction (858 Å² of total buried surface per dimer) is formed between the Ig1 and Ig3 modules (Figure 2C,D), involving residues 32-47 and 76-88 from the C-strand/CC'-loop/C'-strand/C'D-loop and F-strand/FG-loop/Gstrand in ld1, and residues 198, 213-223, and 248-253 from the A-strand, Bstrand/BC-loop, and D-strand/DE-loop in Ig3 (Figure 3D). Arg198 and Asp249 form direct H-bonds to the backbone oxygen atoms of Ala81 and Glu82 and two salt bridges with Lys76, respectively. Additionally, one-water-mediated H-bond is formed between Lys42 and Asp250, one between Ser44 and Gly220, and two between Ser44 and Glu223. The conserved Phe36 and Phe221 are packed against Asp249 and Gln47, respectively. Together two Ig1-to-Ig3 interaction sites and one Ig2-to-Ig2 site make up a predominant contact between lg1-2-3 dimers in the crystal (2654 Ų) forming the second array of Ig1-2-3 dimers (Figure 2C,D) perpendicular to the Ig2to-Ig3-mediated array (Figure 2A,B). Contact areas of similar sizes have been found in other CAMs. Cis dimers of human ICAM-1 and mouse JAM have 1100 Å2 and 1200 Å2 of total buried surface area (per dimer), respectively (Casasnovas et al. 1998; Kostrewa et al., 2001), whereas trans dimers of rat CD2 and chicken axonin-1/TAG-1 have even larger contact areas of 1300 Å2 and 2000 Å2 (Jones et al., 1992; Freigang et al., 2000).

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The Ig3 module does not dimerize in solution

The molecular weight of the deglycosylated Ig3 module in solution was determined by DLS to be ~11.2 kDa, which corresponds to a monomer. In agreement with this observation, a small anti-parallel contact is formed between two Ig3 modules in the crystal, involving the polar residues 260-264 from the EF-loop with a total buried area of only 487 Å² per dimer (not shown). The Ig3-to-Ig3 contact does not involve residues of the previously suggested homophilic binding sequence (Rao et al.,

1992), and probably only reflects a crystal packing contact.

Ig3 inhibits NCAM-dependent neurite outgrowth

NCAM-NCAM interaction is known to induce neurite outgrowth from NCAMexpressing PC12-E2 cells grown on a confluent monolayer of NCAM-expressing fibroblasts (Kolkova et al., 2000). Inhibition of the NCAM-NCAM interaction will therefore inhibit neurite outgrowth in PC12-E2 cells.

In order to examine the biological significance of the observed Ig1-to-Ig3 and Ig2-to-Ig3 contacts in the structure of NCAM Ig1-2-3, we tested the inhibitory effect of the recombinant Ig3 module on NCAM-NCAM adhesion. Furthermore, we prepared two Ig3 mutants containing mutations of the residues R198A, D249G, E253A (Ig3mut1) of the Ig1-to-Ig3 contact site (see Figure 3D) and K285A, F287A (Ig3mut2) of the Ig2-to-Ig3 contact site (see Figure 3B). In Figure 4 it can be seen that the wildtype Ig3 module (Ig3wt) indeed has an inhibitory effect, whereas both mutants are inactive, thereby strongly supporting that both the Ig1-to-Ig3 and Ig2-to-Ig3 contact sites are participating in homophilic interactions.

A similar co-culture test-system of NCAM-expressing chicken retinal ganglion cells grown on top of NCAM-140-transfected mouse L-cells has been successfully used to demonstrate a disruptive effect of mutations in the Ig3 module homophilic binding site (lg1-to-lg3 binding site in the present work) as well as to show an inhibition of neurite outgrowth by synthetic peptides representing this homophilic binding site (Sandig et al. 1994).

Interaction interface peptides inhibit neurite outgrowth

It has previously been demonstrated that peptides representing homophilic binding sequences from Ig3 and Ig2 modules of NCAM inhibit NCAM-mediated cell aggregation (Rao et al., 1992; Sandig et al., 1994; Rao et al., 1994; Soroka et al.

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2002). Therefore, in order to further examine the biological significance of the observed lg1-to-lg2, lg1-to-lg3, and lg2-to-lg3 contacts in the structure of NCAM lg1-2-3, we tested the inhibitory effect of a series of peptides representing amino-acid sequences from the observed contact areas (Figure 4).

The Ig1-to-Ig2 contact was represented by a peptide 10-GEISVGESKFFL-21 (P1-B) (SEQ ID NO: 19), covering the B D-strand of Ig1 and containing the key residue Phe19 in the Ig1-to-Ig2 binding (Kasper et al., 2000; Atkins et al., 2001). As a negative control, two peptides GEISVGESKAFL (P1-B-F19A) (SEQ ID NO:21) and GEISVGESKAAL (P1-B-F19A-F20A) (SEQ ID NO: 22) containing a single Ala substitution of F19 and a double Ala substitution of both F19 and F20, respectively, were used.

244peptide represented by The ig1-to-lg3 contact was KHIFSDDSSELTIRNVDKNDE-264 (P3-DE) (SEQ ID NO: 20), covering the sequence of the D and E β-strands and the E-F loop of the Ig3 module. This peptide is homologous to the sequence previously suggested to be a homophilic binding site in the Ig3 module of chicken NCAM (243-KYSFNYDGSELIIKKVDKSDE-263) (SEQ ID NO: 23) (Rao et al., 1992). As a negative control, a truncated version of the P3-DE peptide 244-KHIFSDDSSE-253 (P3-DE-trunc) (SEQ ID NO: 24) was used. The P3-DE-trunc peptide is homologous to the 243-KYSFNYDGSE-252 (SEQ ID NO: 25) chicken sequence which was less potent than the longer sequence (Rao et al., 1992).

The Ig2-to-Ig3 contact was represented by a peptide 281-SIHLKVFAK-289 (P3-G) (SEQ ID NO: 13) from the Ig3 module. This sequence covers the C-terminal part of the G β-strand including the solvent-exposed Phe287. As negative controls, two peptides SIHLAVAAK (P3-G-K285A-F287S) (SEQ ID NO: 26) and SIHLAVGAK (P3-G-K285A-F287G) (SEQ ID NO: 27) with substitutions of K285 and F287 were used. Both P1-B and P3-G peptides contain two hydrophobic residues (lie and Val/Leu) close to their N-termini and at least one Phe residue close to their C-termini. As a control peptide with similar hydrophobic properties we selected a peptide 213-TLVADADGFPEP-224 (P3-B) (SEQ ID NO: 3) covering the B β-strand and B-C loop of the Ig3 module, and including Gly220, Phe221, and Glu223 involved in Ig1-to-Ig3 binding. In spite of sequence similarity with P1-B and P3-G peptides, the P3-B peptide was not active (Figure 4G). This is probably due to the fact that Phe221 in Ig3 is partially solvent exposed and Gly220 and Glu223 form water-mediated hydrogen bonds (Figure 3D). In contrast, the peptides P1-B, P3-DE, and P3-G either

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contain Phe buried in a hydrophobic pocket or residues forming direct H-bonds (Figure 3).

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In conclusion, the cell co-culture experiments demonstrated that the P1-B, P3-DE, and P3-G peptides all inhibited NCAM-stimulated neurite outgrowth, indicating an impaired NCAM-NCAM binding between the two cell layers. The corresponding control peptides had little or no inhibitory effect (Figure 4G). The P1-B peptide interferes with the Ig1-to-Ig2 interaction and thereby inhibits the Ig1-Ig2-mediated cis dimerization of NCAM. In the crystals of the Iq1-2-3 module zipper-like arrays of NCAM cis dimers are observed, reflecting trans interactions of NCAM. Trans interactions therefore seem to require cis dimerization of NCAM molecules (Figure 2). The P3-DE and P3-G peptides will not affect cis interactions but interfere with trans interactions. Since the NCAM-dependent neurite outgrowth relies on NCAM-NCAM interactions between the two cell layers, an inhibition of these interactions will directly affect NCAM-mediated neurite outgrowth.

In our study, we show that mutations in the peptides derived from the Ig3 module produce the same effect as that of the similar mutations in the Ig3 module. This demonstrates that in this experimental setup the employed peptides mimic the Ig3 module, and thus can be used as a convenient and simple tool for further analysis. Moreover, the peptides representing the sequence of the Ig3 module homophilic binding site of chicken NCAM (Ig1-to-Ig3 binding site in the present work) have been previously used to identify and characterize the Ig3 module homophilic binding site (Rao et al., 1992; Sandig et al., 1994; Rao et al., 1994). These results, combined with the Ig3 mutation studies, provide strong evidence for a biological role of the observed Ig1-to-Ig2, Ig1-to-Ig3, and Ig2-to-Ig3 contacts.

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Novel zipper mechanism for NCAM homophilic adhesion

The crystal structure of the Ig1-2-3 fragment reveals novel interactions between the Ig1 and Ig3 and the Ig2 and Ig3 modules of NCAM, as well as shows previously observed lg1-to-lg2 and lg2-to-lg2 interactions (Kasper et al., 2000). Together, these contacts mediate formation of two perpendicular zipper-like arrays of the Ig1-2-3 dimers (Figure 2). The parallel interaction of the NCAM Ig1-2-3 molecules in the crystal mediated by the Ig1-to-Ig2 contact may reflect an interaction between NCAM molecules present on the same cell surface - cis interaction. The anti-parallel interactions mediated by the Ig1-to-Ig3, Ig2-to-Ig2, and the Ig2-to-Ig3 contacts may reflect the interaction of NCAM molecules present on opposing cells - trans

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interactions. Based on all presented observations, we propose a model for NCAM homophilic adhesion, consisting of two zipper-like arrays of NCAM molecules (Figure 5). In the "compact" zipper (Figure 5A), NCAM cis dimers originating from opposing cell membranes are arranged as arrays through Ig1-to-Ig3 and Ig2-to-Ig2 interactions. We speculate that "compact" zippers are likely to form first as they allow larger distances between opposing cell membranes than the perpendicular "flat" zippers. In the "flat" zipper (Figure 5B), the 1g2-to-1g3 interactions suggest a lateral association between the NCAM "compact" zippers thereby forming a double zipper adhesion complex (Figure 5C). The glycosylation at Asn203 of lg3 (Figure 2) is not likely to interfere with the ability to form the zippers as supported by the fact that the glycosylated Ig3 module inhibits NCAM-mediated neurite outgrowth, whereas glycosylated Ig3mut2 containing mutations at the Ig2-Ig3 binding site is inactive (Figure 4F,G). In the "compact" zipper, the heparin binding sites (133-KHKGRDVILKKDVRFI-148) (SEQ ID NO: 39) (Cole and Akeson, 1989) of Ig1-2-3 molecules are solvent exposed (Figure 2C,D) and therefore accessible for binding to heparin and heparan sulfate molecules, suggesting that NCAM can be engaged in homophilic and heterophilic interactions simultaneously.

In order to accommodate all seven extracellular modules of NCAM within a typical distance between plasma membranes of ~30 nm (Hall and Rutishauser, 1987), a bend has to be introduced in the NCAM molecules in our model (Figure 5). Analyses of NCAM by electron microscopy have revealed such a bent rod-like structure (Hall and Rutishauser, 1987; Becker et al., 1989). The angle of the bend at the hingeregion between N-terminal (~18 nm) and C-terminal (~10 nm) parts varies considerably (50-140°) with an average value of 98° (Becker et al., 1989) and presumably provides sufficient internal flexibility for NCAM to fit within the cell-cell distance. Based on these studies and on an average length of ~4.3 nm for an Ig module (present work) and ~3.5 nm for a FnIII module (Leahy et al., 1996), the hinge region is most likely located after Ig4. A multiple sequence alignment of NCAM sequences from various species of vertebrates reveals conserved Pro, Lys, and Gly residues in the PKLQGP sequence connecting the Ig4 and Ig5 modules. Since Pro and Gly are typically associated with polypeptide bends, this sequence is likely to introduce a bend between 194 and 195 modules. The double zipper observed in the crystal (Figure 5C) presents to modules 1 to 3 at differing heights, implying that the NCAM molecules upon co-existence of the 'zippers are bent with

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different angles. This is in accordance with the electron microscopy data (Hall and Rutishauser, 1987; Becker et al., 1989).

Although *cis* interactions between the Ig1-Ig2 modules do not mediate cell-cell interactions themselves, they probably contribute to the stability of the *trans* interactions. This contention is supported by the cell co-culture experiments using the P1-B peptide corresponding to the site in Ig1 binding to Ig2 (Figure 4). Furthermore, an inhibitory effect on cell aggregation was recently demonstrated for a peptide 172-GRILARGEINFK-182 (P2 peptide) (SEQ ID NO: 28) representing the site in the Ig2 module binding to the Ig1 module (Soroka et al., 2002). Therefore, we suggest that the formation of *cis* dimers may be a prerequisite for the establishment of *trans* interactions.

To our knowledge, only three X-ray structures of Ig module containing adhesion molecules have been determined comprising three or more Ig modules (axonin-1/TAG1 (Freigang et al., 2000), hemolin (Su et al., 1998), and CD4 (Wu et al., 1997). A similar zipper-like array of *trans*-interacting *cis* homodimers has been observed in the crystal structure of the junctional adhesion molecule (JAM) (Kostrewa et al., 2001). A zipper-like mechanism of homophilic interactions was also suggested for axonin-1/TAG-1 (Freigang et al., 2000), where molecules alternately provided by opposed membranes form a linear zipper-like array. However, the double zipper formed by NCAM differs fundamentally from the previously described zippers.

In conclusion, we here present a novel model for NCAM homophilic binding, which is based on the formation of zippers. The model is in agreement with a number of studies demonstrating that the Ig1, Ig2, and Ig3 modules all are involved in NCAM homophilic binding (Rao et al., 1992; Sandig et al., 1994; Kiselyov et al., 1997; Jensen et al., 1999; Kasper et al., 2000; Atkins et al., 2001) and reconciles a large body of conflicting biological data. The crystal structure of the Ig1-2-3 fragment reveals details of two so far unknown interactions between Ig1 and Ig3 and between Ig2 and Ig3. Interestingly, the Ig1 and Ig2 modules of NCAM mediate both *cis* and *trans* interactions simultaneously, whereas Ig3 is involved only in *trans* interactions. All taken together, our study implies that it is the joined forces of the first three Ig modules that confer the strength of the NCAM-mediated adhesion.

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Claims

- A method of modulating cell differentiation and/or survival of the neural cell adhesion molecule (NCAM) presenting cells comprising
- a) providing a candidate compound capable of
- i) interacting with the Ig1 module of NCAM, and thereby mimicking and/or modulating the interaction between the Ig1 and Ig3 modules of NCAM, wherein said modules are from two individual NCAM molecules, and/or
- ii) Interacting with the Ig3 module of NCAM, and thereby mimicking and/or modulating the interaction between the Ig3 and Ig1 modules of NCAM, wherein said modules are from two individual NCAM molecules, and/or
 - iii) interacting with the Ig2 module of NCAM, and thereby mimicking the interaction between Ig2 and Ig3 modules of NCAM, wherein said modules are from two individual NCAM molecules, and/or
 - iv) interacting with the Ig3 module of NCAM, and thereby mimicking and/or modulating the interaction between the Ig3 and Ig2 modules of NCAM, wherein said modules are from two individual NCAM molecules, and/or
 - interacting with the Ig2 module of NCAM, and thereby mimicking and/or modulating the interaction between the Ig2 and Ig2 modules of NCAM, wherein said modules are from two individual NCAM molecules,
 - b) providing at least one NCAM presenting cell;
 - c) contacting the at least one NCAM presenting cell with at least one candidate compound of (a), and thereby modulating cell differentiation and/or survival of the at least one NCAM presenting cell.
 - The method of claim 1, wherein the cell differentiation and/or survival are mediated by NCAM.
- The method of the claims 1-2, wherein the NCAM is mammalian NCAM, or variants, or fragments thereof.
 - 4. The method of claim 1, wherein the candidate compound is selected from the group comprising peptides, carbohydrates, lipids, or co-polymers of amino acids with other organic molecules.

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5. The method of claim 4, wherein the candidate compound is selected from the group comprising peptide fragments or variants of peptide fragments derived from the sequence of NCAM having the NCBI accession numbers NP_113709 (SEQ ID NO: 40).

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- 6. A method for screening of a candidate compound for capability of modulating cell differentiation and/or survival of NCAM presenting cells, said compound is capable of.
- i) interacting with the Iq1 module of NCAM, and thereby mimicking and/or modulating the interaction between the Ig1 and Ig3 modules of NCAM, wherein said modules are from two individual NCAM molecules, and/or
- ii) interacting with the Ig3 module of NCAM, and thereby mimicking and/or modulating the interaction between the Ig3 and Ig1 modules of NCAM, wherein said modules are from two individual NCAM molecules, and/or
- iii) interacting with the Ig2 module of NCAM, and thereby mimicking the interaction between Ig2 and Ig3 modules of NCAM, wherein said modules are from two individual NCAM molecules, and/or
- iv) interacting with the Ig3 module of NCAM, and thereby mimicking and/or modulating the interaction between the Ig3 and Ig2 modules of NCAM, wherein said modules are from two individual NCAM molecules, and/or
- v) interacting with the Ig2 module of NCAM, and thereby mimicking and/or modulating the interaction between the Ig2 and Ig2 modules of NCAM, wherein said modules are from two individual NCAM molecules,

said method comprising

- a) providing the candidate compound;
- b) providing a compound comprising the NCAM Ig1-2-3 module, or fragments of said module, such as Ig1, Ig2, Ig3, or Ig1-2, or Ig2-3 modules;
- · c) detecting interaction between compounds of (a) and (b).
- 30 The screening method of claim 6, wherein the candidate compound is selected from the group comprising peptides, carbohydrates, lipids, or co-polymers of amino acids with other organic molecules.

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- 8. The screening method of claim 6, wherein the compound of step (b) is a solution of the NCAM Ig1-2-3 module, or fragments of said module, such as Ig1, Ig2, Ig3, or lg1-2, or lg2-3 modules.
- 9. The screening method of claim 8, wherein the solution is an aquatic solution 3

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- 10. The screening method of claim 6, wherein the compound of step (b) is a crystalline protein comprising of the Ig1-2-3 module of NCAM.
- 10 11. A crystal of a polypeptide comprising the Ig1-2-3 module of NCAM comprising at least 289 consecutive amino acids from the sequence of rat NCAM (NCBI accession number NP_113709) (SEQ ID NO: 40), said module comprising a homophylic binding site of NCAM.
- 12. The crystal according to claim 11, wherein the polypeptide comprises as 1 to 15 289 of SEQ ID NO: 40.
 - 13. The crystal according to claim 11, wherein the polypeptide consists of aa 1 to 289 of SEQ ID NO: 40 and an extra amino acid sequence of 1 to 4 amino acids residues.
 - 14. The crystal according to claim 11, wherein the crystal comprises the polypeptide according to claims 11, 12 or 13 and a candidate compound, said candidate compound is a candidate compound according to claim 1 or 6.
 - 15. The crystal according to claim 11, wherein said crystal diffracts X-rays for determination of atomic co-ordinates to a resolution of at least 4 Å.
 - 16. The crystal according to claim 11, wherein the crystal effectively diffracts X-rays for the determination of the atomic coordinates to a resolution at most 5.0 Å.
 - 17. The crystal according to claims 15 or 16, wherein the crystal effectively diffracts X-rays for the determination of the atomic coordinates to a resolution 1.5 A.

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- 18. The crystal according to claim 11, wherein said crystal comprises atoms arranged in a spatial relationship represented by the structure co-ordinates of Table 2 or by coordinates having a root mean square deviation therefrom of not more than 2.5 Å.
- 19. The crystal according to claim 11, wherein said crystal has unit cell dimensions of a=51.5 Å, b=108.5 Å, c=149.0 Å, alpha=90°, beta=90°, gamma=90°.
- 20. A method of preparing a crystal of a polypeptide comprising the Ig1-2-3 module of NCAM comprising at least 289 consecutive amino acids from the sequence of rat NCAM (NCBI accession number NP_113709) (SEQ ID NO: 40), said module comprising a homophylic binding site of NCAM, wherein said method comprises the steps of
 - . i) providing said polypeptide;
 - ii) optionally providing a compound capable of interacting with said polypeptide;
 - iii) growing the crystal under conditions wherein said polypeptide, and optionally said compound, is incubated in a buffer comprising in the range of 5 to 25% polyethylene glycol, in the range of 0.01 M to 0.5M salt, in the range of 1 to 10% of an alcohol selected from the group consisting of glycerol and 2-methyl-2,4-penthanediol, wherein said buffer has a pH in the range of 6 to 9;
 - iv) thereby preparing said crystal.
- 21. An assay for selecting a candidate compound capable of modulating cell differentiation and/or survival of NCAM presenting cells, comprising the steps of
- i) incubating at least one candidate compound and a compound comprising the 1g1-2-3 module of NCAM in a solution followed by
- 30 preparing a crystal according to the method of claim 20, said crystal comprising the at least one candidate compound and the Ig1-2-3 module of NCAM; '
 - iii) determining the three-dimensional structure of the crystal of step (ii) followed by -

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iv)

- the selection of the candidate compound capable of (1) interacting with the lg1 module and thereby modulating the interaction between the lg3 and lg1 module in the crystal of the Ig1-2-3 module of NCAM, and/or (2) interacting to the Ig3 module and thereby modulating the interaction between the Ig1 and the Ig3 module in the crystal of the Ig1-2-3 module of NCAM, and/or (3) interacting with the Ig2 module and thereby modulating the interaction between the Ig3 and Ig2 module in the crystal of the Ig1-2-3 module of NCAM and/or (4) interacting with the Ig3 module and thereby modulating the interaction between the Ig2 and Ig3 module in the crystal of the Ig1-2-3 module of NCAM, and/or (5) interacting with the Ig2 module and thereby modulating the interaction of the Ig2 and Ig2 module in the crystal of the Ig1-2-3 module of NCAM:
- V) contacting the candidate compound of step (iv) with an NCAM presenting cell in vitro followed by
- evaluating the cellular response to the candidate compound. 15
 - 22. The assay of claim 21, wherein steps (i) and (ii) are substituted by the step of incubating the crystal of the Ig1-2-3 module of NCAM as defined in claims 11-19 with a candidate compound in solution, and the steps (ili-iv) are as in claim 18.
 - 23. A screening method for selecting a candidate compound capable of modulating cell differentiation and/or survival of NCAM presenting cells, comprising the steps of
 - providing a polypeptide comprising the Ig1-2-3 module of NCAM, or parts of i) said module, such as Ig1, Ig2, Ig3, or Ig1-2, or Ig2-3 modules
 - ii) generating a structural model of the Ig1-2-3 module of NCAM, or parts of said module, such as Ig1, Ig2, Ig3, or Ig1-2, or Ig2-3 modules, by computer modelling techniques;
 - iũ) designing a candidate compound into the structure of said generated model;
 - iv) testing the candidate compound of step (iii) in an in vitro or in vivo assay.
 - 24. The screening method of claim 23, wherein the computer generated model is the structural model of the Ig1-2-3 module of NCAM, or parts of said module, such as the Ig1, Ig2, Ig3, or Ig1-2, or Ig2-3 modules in solution.

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- 25. The screening method of claim 13, wherein the computer generated model is the structural model of a crystal of the Ig1-2-3 module of NCAM according to claims 11-15, or parts of said module such as Ig1, Ig2, Ig3, Ig1-2 or Ig2-3 modules.
- 26. The method of claim 1, 6 or 23, wherein the candidate is for the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of normal, degenerated or damaged NCAM presenting cells.
 - 27. The method of claim 1, 6 or 23, wherein the candidate compound is for the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment comprising the stimulation of differentiation of N-CAM presenting cells and/or survival thereof.
 - 28. The method of claim 1, 6 or 23, wherein the candidate compound is for the manufacture of a medicament comprising treatment of diseases and conditions of the central and peripheral nervous system, or of the muscles or of various organs.
 - 29. The method of claim 1, 6 23, wherein the candidate compound is for the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of diseases or conditions of the central and peripheral nervous system, such as postoperative nerve damage, traumatic nerve damage, impaired myelination of nerve fibers, postischaemic damage, e.g. resulting from a stroke, Parkinson's disease, Alzheimer's disease, Huntington's disease, dementias such as multiinfarct dementia, sclerosis, nerve degeneration associated with diabetes mellitus, disorders affecting the circadian clock or neuro-muscular transmission, and schizophrenia, mood disorders, such as manic depression; for treatment of diseases or conditions of the muscles including conditions with impaired function of neuro-muscular connections, such as after organ transplantation, or such as genetic or traumatic atrophic muscle disorders; or for treatment of diseases or conditions of various organs, such as degenerative conditions of the gonads, of the pancreas such as diabetes mellitus type I and II, of the kidney such as nephrosis and of the heart, liver and bowel.
 - 30. The method of claim 1, 6 or 23, wherein the candidate compound is for the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of postoperative nerve damage.

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traumatic nerve damage, impaired myelination of nerve fibers, postischaemic, e.g. resulting from a stroke, Parkinson's disease, Alzheimer's disease, dementias such as multiinfarct dementia, sclerosis, nerve degeneration associated with diabetes mellitus, disorders affecting the circadian clock or neuro-muscular transmission, and schizophrenia, mood disorders, such as manic depression.

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- 31. The method of claim 1, 6 or 23, wherein the candidate compound is for the manufacture of a medicament for the promotion of wound-healing.
- 32. The method of claim 1, 6 or 23, wherein the candidate compound is for the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of cancer.
- 33. The method of claim 1, 6 or 23, wherein the candidate compound is for the manufacture of a medicament for the prevention of cell death of heart muscle cells, such as after acute myocardial infarction, or after angiogenesis.
 - 34. The method of claim 1, 6 or 23, wherein the candidate compound is for the manufacture of a medicament for revascularsation.
 - 35. The method of claim 1, 6 or 23, wherein the candidate compound is for the manufacture of a medicament for the stimulation of the ability to learn and/or of the short and/or long-term memory.
- 36. Use of a crystal of the Ig1-2-3 module of NCAM, of a part of said module such 25 as the Ig1, Ig2, Ig3, Ig1-2, Ig2-3 and Ig1-3 modules, for the manufacture of a kit for screening a candidate compound capable of modulating NCAM homophylic adhesion-dependent cell differentiation and/or survival.
- 37. A kit for screening a candidate compound capable of modulating NCAM 30 homophylic adhesion dependent cell differentiation and/or survival, said kit, comprising
 - the Ig1-2-3 module of NCAM in solution, and/or i)
 - a crystal of the Ig1-2-3 module of NCAM as defined in claims 11-15. ii)

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38. A candidate compound capable of

- i) interacting with the lg1 module of NCAM, and thereby mimicking and/or modulating the interaction between the Ig1 and Ig3 modules of NCAM, wherein said modules are from two individual NCAM molecules, and/or
- interacting with the Ig3 module of NCAM, and thereby mimicking and/or 5 ii) modulating the interaction between the Ig3 and Ig1 modules of NCAM, wherein said modules are from two individual NCAM molecules, and/or

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- (iii interacting with the Ig2 module of NCAM, and thereby mimicking the interaction between Ig2 and Ig3 modules of NCAM, wherein said modules are from two individual NCAM molecules, and/or
- iv) interacting with the Ig3 module of NCAM, and thereby mimicking and/or modulating the interaction between the Ig3 and Ig2 modules of NCAM, wherein said modules are from two individual NCAM molecules, and/or
- Interacting with the Ig2 module of NCAM, and thereby mimicking and/or V) modulating the interaction between the Ig2 and Ig2 modules of NCAM, wherein said modules are from two individual NCAM molecules,

said compound is selected from the group comprising peptide fragments having the amino acid sequences selected from the group

WFSPNGEKLSPNQ (SEQ ID NO: 1)

YKCVVTAEDGTQSE (SEQ ID NO: 2) 20

TLVADADGFPEP (SEQ ID NO: 3)

QIRGIKKTD (SEQ ID NO: 4)

DVR (SEQ ID NO: 5)

RGIKKTD (SEQ ID NO: 6)

DVRRGIKKTD (SEQ ID NO: 7) 25

KEGED (SEQ ID NO: 8)

IRGIKKTD (SEQ ID NO: 9)

KEGEDGIRGIKKTD (SEQ'ID NO: 10)

DKNDE (SEQ ID NO: 11)

30 TVQARNSIVNAT (SEQ ID NO: 12)

SIHLKVFAK (SEQ ID NO: 13)

LSNNYLQIR (SEQ ID NO: 14)

RFIVLSNNYLQI (SEQ ID NO: 15)

KKDVRFIVLSNNYLQI (SEQ ID NO: 16)

35 **QEFKEGEDAVIV (SEQ ID NO: 17)** P810 DK01

)9 2003 13:41 FAX 33320384

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KEGEDAVIVCD (SEQ ID NO: 18)

GEISVGESKFFL (SEQ ID NO: 19)

KHIFSDDSSELTIRNVDKNDE (SEQ ID NO: 20),

- or fragments, or variants or combinations thereof, wherein said amino acid sequences being indentified by the screening method according to claim 23.
- 39. The compound according to claim 38, said compound having the amino acid sequence WFSPNGEKLSPNQ set forth in SEQ ID NO: 1, fragments or variants thereof.
- 40. The compound according to claim 38, said compound having the amino acid sequence YKCVVTAEDGTQSE set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2, fragments or variants thereof.
- 41. The compound according to claim 38, said compound having the amino acid sequence TLVADADGFPEP set forth in SEQ ID NO: 3, fragments or variants thereof.
- 42. The compound according to claim 38, said compound having the amino acid sequence QIRGIKKTD set forth in SEQ ID NO: 4, fragments or variants thereof.
 - 43. The compound according to claim 38, said compound having the amino acid sequence DVR set forth in SEQ ID NO: 5, fragments or variants thereof.
- 44. The compound according to claim 38, said compound having the amino acid sequence RGIKKTD set forth in SEQ ID NO: 6, fragments or variants thereof.
 - 45. The compound according to claim 38, said compound having the amino acid sequence DVRRGIKKTD set forth in SEQ ID NO: 7, fragments or variants thereof.
 - 46. The compound according to claim 38, said compound having the amino acid sequence KEGED set forth in SEQ ID NO: 8, fragments or variants thereof.

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- 47. The compound according to claim 38, said compound having the amino acid sequence IRGIKKTD set forth in SEQ ID NO: 9, fragments or variants thereof.
- 48. The compound according to claim 38, said compound having the amino acid sequence KEGEDGIRGIKKTD set forth in SEQ ID NO: 10, fragments or variants thereof.
- 49. The compound according to claim 38, said compound having the amino acid sequence DKNDE set forth in SEQ ID NO: 11, fragments or variants thereof.
- 50. The compound according to claim 38, said compound having the amino acid sequence TVQARNSIVNAT set forth in SEQ ID NO: 12, fragments or variants thereof.
- 15 51. The compound according to claim 38, said compound having the amino acid sequence SIHLKVFAK set forth in SEQ ID NO: 13, fragments or variants thereof.
- 52. The compound according to claim 38, said compound having the amino acid sequence LSNNYLQIR set forth in SEQ ID NO: 14, fragments or variants thereof.
 - 53. The compound according to claim 38, said compound having the amino acid sequence RFIVLSNNYLQI set forth in SEQ ID NO: 15, fragments or variants thereof.
 - 54. The compound according to claim 38, said compound having the amino acid sequence KKDVRFIVLSNNYLQI set forth in SEQ ID NO: 16, fragments or variants thereof.
 - 55. The compound according to claim 38, said compound having the amino acid sequence QEFKEGEDAVIV set forth in SEQ ID NO: 17, fragments or variants thereof.

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56. The compound according to claim 38, said compound having the amino acid sequence KEGEDAVIVCD set forth in SEQ ID NO: 18, fragments or variants thereof.

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57. Use of one or more compounds as defined in any of the claims 38-56 for the 5 manufacture a medicament for the treatment of conditions as defined in any of the claims 26-35.

Table 1. Crystallographic data and refinement statistics

HOIBERG A/S

•	Native data set
Wavelength (A)	1,0526
Resolution range (A) ¹	50.0-2.0 (2.07-2.0)
No. of observed reflections	164,206
No. of unique reflections	27,881
No. of reflections in R _{free} set	828
Completeness (%)	99.2(99.4)
l/o(i)	19.6(1.4)
(R _{merge}) (%) ²	3.9(20.9)
R _{cryst} /R _{free} (%) ^S	21.8/23.8
No. of refined non-hydrogen atoms4	
protein .	2248
water	265
Average B-factor (all atoms, A ²)	60
Wilson B-factor (A2)	45
R.m.s. ∆ bond lengths/angles ⁵	0.0081/1.7
Residues in allowed regions (%) ⁶	97%

¹Values in parentheses are statistics for the highest resolution bin.

cloning site were given negative integers.

⁵Root mean squared deviations (rms Δ) in bond length and angles from ideal

⁶The Ramachandran plot was calculated according to Kleywegt and Jones, (1996).

 $^{^{2}}R_{\text{merge}}(I) = \sum_{hkl} |Ihkl - \langle Ihkl \rangle / \sum_{hkl} Ihkl$, where Ihkl is the measured intensity of the reflections with indices hkl.

 $^{{}^3}R = \sum_{kll} ||Fo| - |Fc|| / \sum |Fo|$, where |Fo| and |Fc| are the observed and calculated structure factor amplitudes for reflection hkl, applied to the work (R_{cryst}=97%) and test (R_{free}=3%) sets, respectively. 4 Residues -2, 239 and 240 were not located, Residues originating from the

REMARK

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```
Table 2
                                                                10Z1
                                                   15-SEP-03
          CELL ADRESION
HEADER
          CRYSTAL STRUCTURE OF THE IG 1-2-3 FRAGMENT OF NCAM
TITLE
         MOL_ID: 1:
COMPND
         2 MOLECULE: NEURAL CELL ADHESION MOLECULE 1, 140 KDA ISOFORM;
COMPND
         3 CHAIN: A;
COMPND
        4 FRAGMENT: IG MODULES 1-2-3;
COMPND
         5 SYNONYM: N-CAM 140, NCAM-140;
COMPND
         6 ENGINEERED: YES
COMPND
         MOL_ID: 1;
SOURCE
         2 ORGANISM_SCIENTIFIC: RATTUS NORVEGICUS;
SOURCE
         3 ORGANISM_COMMON: RAT:
SOURCE
         4 CENE: NCAM1;
         5.EXPRESSION_SYSTEM: PICHIA PASTORIS;
SOURCE
         6 EXPRESSION_SYSTEM_COMMON: FUNGUS;
         7 EXPRESSION_SYSTEM_STRAIN: GS-115;
SOURCE
         8 EXPRESSION_SYSTEM_VECTOR_TYPE: PLASMID;
SOURCE
         9 EXPRESSION_SYSTEM_PLASMID: PHIL-S1
SOURCE
          IG MODULES, CELL ADRESION, NCAM
REYWDS
          K-RAY DIFFRACTION
EXPDTA
          V. SOROKA, K. KOLKOVA, J.S. KASTRUP, K. DIEDERICHS, J. BREED
AUTHOR
         2 V.V.KISELYOV, F.M.POULSEN, I.LARSEN, W.WELTE, V.BEREZIN,
AUTHOR
         3 E.BOCK, C.KASPER
AUTHOR
            AUTH V.SOROKA, K.KOLKOVA, J.S.KASTRUP, K.DIEDERICHS, AUTH 2 J.BREED, V.V. KISELYOV, F.M. POULSEN, I.LARSEN,
JRNL
            AUTH 3 W.WELTE, V.BEREZIN, R.BOCK, C.KASPER
JRNL
                  STRUCTURE AND INTERACTIONS OF NCAM IG1-2-3 SUGGEST
JRNL
           TITL 2 A NOVEL ZIPPER MECHANISM POR HOMOPHILIC ADRESION
JRNL
                   TO BE PUBLISHED
            REF
JENL
            REFN
JRNL
REMARK
         1 REFERENCE 1
REMARK
         1 AUTH C.KASPER, H. RASMUSSEN, J.S. KASTRUP, S. IKEMIZU,
REMARK
         1 AUTH 2 E.Y.JONES, V.BEREZIN, E.BOCK, I.K.LARSEN
REMARK
                    STRUCTURAL BASIS OF CELL-CELL ADHESION BY NCAM
REMARK
         1 TITL
                                                   V. 7 389 2000
                    NAT. STRUCT. BIOL.
         1 REF
REMARK
                   ASTM NSBIEW US ISSN 1072-8368
         1 REFN
REMARK
         1 REFERENCE 2
REMARK
                   C.KASPER, H.RASMUSSEN, V.BEREZIN, E.BOCK, I.K.LARSEN
          1 AUTH
REMARK
                   EXPRESSION, CRYSTALLIZATION AND PRELIMINARY X-RAY
         1 TITL
REMARK
         1 TITL 2 ANALYSIS OF THE TWO AMINO-TERMINAL IG DOMAINS OF
REMARK
         1 TITL 3 THE NEURAL CELL ADBESION MOLECULE (NCAM)
REMARK
                                                 v. 55 1598 1999
                    ACTA CRYSTALLOGR., SECT.D
REMARK
            REF
                  ASTM ABCRE6 DK ISSN 0907-4449
            REFN
REMARK
         1
REMARK
          2 RESOLUTION. 2.00 ANGSTROMS.
REMARK
REMARK
          3 REFINEMENT.
 REMARK
                          : CNS 1.0
             PROGRAM
REMARK
                          : BRUNGER, ADAMS, CLORE, DELANO, GROS, GROSSE-
              AUTHORS
REMARK
                          : KUNSTLEVE, JIANG, KUSZEWSKI, NILGES. PANNU,
REMARK
                          : READ, RICE, SIMONSON, WARREN
 REMARK
 REMARK
            REFINEMENT TARGET : ENGH & HUBER
          3
 REMARK
 REMARK
          3 DATA USED IN REFINEMENT.
 REMARK
              RESOLUTION RANGE HIGH (ANGSTROMS) : 2.00
 REMARK
              RESOLUTION RANGE LOW (ANGSTROMS) : 48.64
```

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Table 2

```
(SIGMA(F)) : 0.000
             DATA CUTOFF
REMARK
                                   (ABS(F)) : NULL
(ABS(F)) : NULL
             DATA CUTOFF HIGH
REMARK
             DATA CUTOFF LOW
REMARK 3
             COMPLETENESS (WORKING+TEST) (%): 99.2
REMARK
                                               : 28289
             NUMBER OF REFLECTIONS
REMARK 3
        3
REMARK
            FIT TO DATA USED IN REFINEMENT.
         3
REMARK
                                              : THROUGHOUT
             CROSS-VALIDATION METHOD
REMARK
             FREE R VALUE TEST SET SELECTION : RANDOM
REMARK
                      (WORKING SET) : 0.218
             R VALUE
REMARK
                                              : 0.238
             FREE R VALUE
         3
                                          (%) : NULL .
             FREE R VALUE TEST SET SIZE
REMARK
             FREE R VALUE TEST SET COUNT : 828 ESTIMATED ERROR OF FREE R VALUE : NULL
         3
REMARK
REMARK
         3
REMARK
            FIT IN THE HIGHEST RESOLUTION BIN.
         3
REMARK
                                                 : NULL
             TOTAL NUMBER OF BINS USED
REMARK
                                              (A) : 2.00
             BIN RESOLUTION RANGE HIGH
REMARK
                                              (A) : 2.13
             BIN RESOLUTION RANGE LOW
REMARK
             BIN COMPLETENESS (WORKING+TEST) (%): 99.00
REMARK
             REFLECTIONS IN BIN (WORKING SET) : NULL
         3
REMARK
                                    (WORKING SET) : 0.3730
             BIN R VALUE
REMARK
                                                 : 0.4390
             BIN FREE R VALUE
         3
REMARK
             BIN FREE R VALUE TEST SET SIZE (%) : NULL
BIN FREE R VALUE TEST SET COUNT : 148
REMARK
REMARK
             ESTIMATED ERROR OF BIN FREE R VALUE : 0.036
REMARK
REMARK
            NUMBER OF NON-HYDROGEN ATOMS USED IN REFINEMENT.
         3
 REMARK
                                     : 2247
             PROTEIN ATOMS
 REMARK
                                       : 0
             NUCLEIC ACID ATOMS
 REMARK
                                       : 0
             HETEROGEN ATOMS
 REMARK
                                       : 265
        3
             SOLVENT ATOMS
 REMARK
         3
 REMARK
            B VALUES.
 REMARK
         3
                                         (A**2) : 42.00
             FROM WILSON PLOT
 REMARK
             MEAN B VALUE (OVERALL, A**2) : 60.60
 REMARK
              OVERALL ANISOTROPIC B VALUE.
 REMARK
         3
              B11 (A**2) : 7.90000
 REMARK
              B22 (A**2) : -15.20000
 REMARK
              B33 (A**2) : 7.30000
 REMARK
              B12 (A**2) : 0.00000
               B13 (A++2) : 0.00000
         3
 REMARK
              B23 .(A**2) : 0.00000
 REMARK
 REMARK
          3
         3 ESTIMATED COORDINATE ERROR.
 REMARK
             ESD FROM LUZZATI PLOT
                                           (A) : 0.30
 REMARK
                                           (A) : 0.36
              ESD FROM SIGMAA
 REMARK
          3
                                           (A) : 5.00
 REMARK
              LOW RESOLUTION CUTOFF
          3
 REMARK
          3
          3 CROSS-VALIDATED ESTIMATED COORDINATE ERROR.
 REMARK
             ESD FROM C-V LUZZATI PLOT (A): 0.35
 REMARK
                                            (A) : 0.42
              ESD FROM C-V SIGMAA
 REMARK
          3
          3
 REMARK
          3 RMS DEVIATIONS FROM IDEAL VALUES.
 REMARK
                                            (A) : 0.008
          3 · BOND LENGTHS
 REMARK
                                      (DEGREES) : 1.70
          3 . BOND ANGLES
 REMARK
                                      (DEGREES) : 27.50
              DIHEDRAL ANGLES
          3
 REMARK
                                      (DEGREES) : 0.95
              IMPROPER ANGLES
          3
 REMARK
 REMARK
```

3

```
REMARK 3 ISOTROPIC THERMAL MODEL : ANISOTROPIC REMARK 3
REMARK 3 ISOTROPIC THERMAL FACTOR RESTRAINTS.
                                                                                                   (A++2) : NULL ; NULL
REMARK 3 MAIN-CHAIN BOND
REMARK 3 MAIN-CEAIN ANGLE
REMARK 3 SIDE-CHAIN BOND
REMARK 3 SIDE-CHAIN ANGLE
REMARK 3
                                                                                                   (A**2) : NULL : NULL
                          SIDE-CHAIN BOND
                                                                                                  (A**2) : NULL ; NULL
                            SIDE-CHAIN ANGLE
                                                                                                   (A**2) : NULL : NULL
REMARK 3 BULK SOLVENT MODELING.
REMARK 3 METHOD USED : NULL
REMARK 3 KSOL : NOLL
REMARK 3
REMARK 3
                           BSOL
                                                          : NULL
 REMARK 3 NCS MODEL : NULL
REMARK 3 GROUP 1 POSITIONAL (A): NULL : NULL REMARK 3 GROUP 1 B-FACTOR (A**2): NULL : 
                                                                                                                  RMS SIGMA/WEIGHT
 REMARK 3 PARAMETER FILE 1 : NULL
 REMARK 3 TOPOLOGY FILE 1
                                                                         : NULL
REMARK 3
REMARK 3 OTHER REFINEMENT REMARKS: RESIDUES 241-242 WERE NOT LOCATED IN REMARK 3 THE ELECTRON DENSITY MAP
 REMARK 4
 REMARK 4 1021 COMPLIES WITH FORMAT V. 2.3, 09-JULY-1998
  REMARK 100
  REMARK 100 THIS ENTRY HAS BEEN PROCESSED BY RCSB ON 17-SEP-2003.
  REMARK 100 THE RCSB ID CODE IS RCSB020242.
  REMARK 200
  REMARK 200 EXPERIMENTAL DETAILS
  REMARK 200 EXPERIMENT TYPE : X-RAY DIFFRACTION : 06-NOV-2000; 04-DEC-2000
  REMARK 200 TEMPERATURE (KELVIN): 100.0
                                                                                           . 5.20
. 1
  REMARK 200 PH
  REMARK 200 NUMBER OF CRYSTALS USED
  REMARK 200

REMARK 200 SYNCHROTRON (Y/N): Y; N

REMARK 200 RADIATION SOURCE : MAX II ; ROTATING ANODE

REMARK 200 BEAMLINE : 1711

THE PAY GENERATOR MODEL : NULL; HOME SOURCE
  REMARK 200 BEANLINE
REMARK 200 X-RAY GENERATOR MODEL
REMARK 200 MONOCHROMATIC OR LAUE (M/L): M
REMARK 200 WAVELENGTH OR RANGE (A): 1.0526; 1.54
REMARK 200 MONOCHROMATOR : NULL
                                                                                                     : NULL
   REMARK 200 MONOCHROMATOR
                                                                                                      : NULL
  REMARK 200 OPTICS
  REMARK 200
  REMARK 200 DETECTOR TYPE
                                                                                                    : IMAGE PLATE; IMAGE PLATE
  REMARK 200 DETECTOR TYPE : LMAGE FLATE; THASE FLATE
REMARK 200 DETECTOR MANUFACTURER : MARRESEARCH; MARRESEARCH
REMARK 200 INTENSITY-INTEGRATION SOFTWARE : DENZO
  REMARK 200 DATA SCALING SOFTWARE : SCALEPACK
   REMARK 200
   REMARK 200 NUMBER OF UNIQUE REFLECTIONS : 27881
   REMARK 200 RESOLUTION RANGE HIGH (A): 2.000 REMARK 200 RESOLUTION RANGE LOW (A): 50.000
   REMARK 200 REJECTION CRITERIA (SIGMA(I)): 0.000
   REMARK 200
   REMARK 200 OVERALL.
                                                                                            (者) : 99.2
   REMARK 200 COMPLETENESS FOR RANGE
REMARK 200 DATA REDUNDANCY
                                                                                                         - 5.900
```

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→ PVS

```
(I) : 0.03900
REMARK 200 R MERGE
                                             (I) : 0.03900
REMARK 200 R SYM
REMARK 200 <1/SIGMA(I)> FOR THE DATA SET : 19.6000
REMARK 200
REMARK 200 IN THE HIGHEST RESOLUTION SHELL.
REMARK 200 HIGHEST RESOLUTION SHELL, RANGE HIGH (A) : 2.00
REMARK 200 HIGHEST RESOLUTION SHELL, RANGE LOW (A): 2.07
REMARK 200 COMPLETENESS FOR SHELL (%): 99.4
                                                 : 3.80
REMARK 200 DATA REDUNDANCY IN SHELL
REMARK 200 'R MERGE FOR SHELL (I): 0.20900
                                           (I) : 0.20900
REMARK 200 R SYM FOR SHELL
REMARK 200 <I/SIGMA(I)> FOR SHELL
REMARK 200
REMARK 200 DIFFRACTION PROTOCOL: SINGLE WAVELENGTH
REMARK 200 METHOD USED TO DETERMINE THE STRUCTURE: MOLECULAR REPLACEMENT
REMARK 200 SOFTWARE USED: AMORE
REMARK 200 STARTING MODEL: PDB ENTRY 1EPF
REMARK 200
REMARK 200 REMARK: NULL
REMARK 280
REMARK 280 CRYSTAL
REMARK 280 SOLVENT CONTENT, VS (%): NULL
REMARK 280 MATTHEWS COEFFICIENT, VM (ANGSTROMS**3/DA): NULL
REMARK 280
REMARK 280 CRYSTALLIZATION CONDITIONS: 14-17% PEG 4000, 450 MM LI SULFATE,
REMARK 280 100 MM NA ACETATE, PH 5.2. VAPOR DIFFUSION, HANGING DROP,
REMARK 280 TEMPERATURE 293K
REMARK 290 CRYSTALLOGRAPHIC SYMMETRY
REMARK 290 SYMMETRY OPERATORS FOR SPACE GROUP: I 21 21 21
REMARK 290
                  SYMOP SYMMETRY
REMARK 290
                 NNNMM OPERATOR
REMARK 290
                1555
                            X,Y,Z
REMARK 290
                   2555
                            1/2-X,-Y,1/2+Z
REMARK 290
                  3555
                3555 -x,1/2+Y,1/2-Z
4555 1/2+x,1/2-Y,-Z
5555 1/2+X,1/2+Y,1/2+Z
6555 -x,1/2-Y,Z
                            -x.1/2+Y.1/2-2
REMARK 290
REMARK 290
REMARK 290
                  6555
7F
                            -X,1/2-Y.Z
 REMARK 290
                            1/2-X,Y,-2
REMARK 290
                    7555
                  8555
                            X,-Y,1/2-Z
 REMARK 290
 REMARK 290
                 WHERE NNN -> OPERATOR NUMBER
 REMARK 290
                         MMM -> TRANSLATION VECTOR
 REMARK 290
 REMARK 290
 REMARK 290 CRYSTALLOGRAPHIC SYMMETRY TRANSFORMATIONS
 REMARK 290 THE FOLLOWING TRANSFORMATIONS OPERATE ON THE ATOM/HETATM
 REMARK 290 RECORDS IN THIS ENTRY TO PRODUCE CRYSTALLOGRAPHICALLY
 REMARK 290 RELATED MOLECULES.
 REMARK 290 SMTRY1 1 1.000000 0.000000 0.000000 REMARK 290 SMTRY2 1 0.000000 1.000000 0.000000
                                                                       0.00000
                                                                       0.00000
              SMTRY3 1 0.000000 0.000000 1.000000

SMTRY1 2 -1.000000 0.000000 0.000000

SMTRY2 2 0.000000 -1.000000 0.000000

SMTRY3 2 0.000000 0.000000 1.000000

SMTRY3 3 -1.000000 0.000000 0.000000
                                                                       0.00000
 REMARK 290
                                                                      25.72000
 REMARK 290
                                                                        0.00000
 REMARK 290
                                                                     ·74.65000
 REMARK 290
                                                                       0_00000
 REMARK 290
 REMARK 290 SMTRY2 3 0.000000 1.000000 0.000000 REMARK 290 SMTRY3 3.0.000000 0.000000 -1.000000 REMARK 290 SMTRY1 4 1.000000 0.000000 0.000000
                                                                      53.88000
                                                                       74.65000
                                                                25_72000
```

5

```
53.88000
                        4 0.000000 -1.000000 0.000000
REMARK 290 SMTRY2
                                                                 0.00000
              SMTRY3 4 0.000000 0.000000 -1.000000
REMARK 290
                                                                 25,72000
                       5 1.000000 0.000000 0.000000
              SMTRY1
REMARK 290
              SMTRY2 5 0.000000 1.000000 0.000000
SMTRY3 5 0.000000 0.000000 1.000000
                                                                 53.88000
              SMTRY2
REMARK 290
                                                                 74.65000
REMARK 290
                      6 -1.000000 0.000000 0.000000
6 0.000000 -1.000000 0.000000
                                                                  0.00000
              SMTRYL
REMARK 290
                                                                 53.88000
              SMTRY2
REMARK 290
             SMTRY3 6 0.000000 0.000000 1.000000
SMTRY1 7 -1.000000 0.000000 0.000000
SMTRY2 7 0.000000 1.000000 0.000000
                                                                 0.00000
REMARK 290
                                                                25.72000
REMARK 290
                                                                 0.00000
REMARK 290
              SMTRY3 7 0.000000 0.000000 -1.000000
SMTRY1 8 1.000000 0.000000 0.000000
SMTRY2 8 0.000000 -1.000000 0.000000
                                                                 0.00000
REMARK 290
                                                                . 0.00000
REMARK 290
                                                                  0.00000
REMARK 290
                                                               74.65000
              SMIRKS 8 0.000000 0.000000 -1.000000
REMARK 290
REMARK 290
REMARK 290 REMARK: NULL
REMARK 300
REMARK 300 BIOMOLECULE: 1
REMARK 300 THIS ENTRY CONTAINS THE CRYSTALLOGRAPHIC ASYMMETRIC UNIT
REMARK 300 WHICH CONSISTS OF 1 CHAIN(S). SEE REMARK 350 FOR
REMARK 300 INFORMATION ON GENERATING THE BIOLOGICAL MOLECULE(S).
REMARK 350
REMARK 350 GENERATING THE BIOMOLECULE
REMARK 350 COORDINATES FOR A COMPLETE MULTIMER REPRESENTING THE KNOWN
REMARK 350 BIOLOGICALLY SIGNIFICANT OLIGOMERIZATION STATE OF THE
REMARK 350 MOLECULE CAN BE GENERATED BY APPLYING BIOMT TRANSFORMATIONS
REMARK 350 GIVEN BELOW. BOTH NON-CRYSTALLOGRAPHIC AND
REMARK 350 CRYSTALLOGRAPHIC OPERATIONS ARE GIVEN.
 REMARK 350
 REMARK 350 BIOMOLECULE: 1
 REMARK 350 APPLY THE FOLLOWING TO CHAINS: A
             BIOMT1 1 1.000000 0.000000 0.000000
                                                                  0.00000
 REMARK 350
                        1 0.000000 1.000000 0.000000
1 0.000000 0.000000 1.000000
                                                                  0.00000
               BIOMT2
 REMARK 350
                                                                   0.00000
              BIOMT3
 REMARK 350
 REMARK 465
 REMARK 465 MISSING RESIDUES
 REMARK 465 THE POLLOWING RESIDUES WERE NOT LOCATED IN THE
 REMARK 465 EXPERIMENT. (M=MODEL NUMBER; RES=RESIDUE NAME; C=CHAIN
 REMARK 465 IDENTIFIER: SSSEQ=SEQUENCE NUMBER; I=INSERTION CODE.)
 REMARK 465
               M RES C SSSEQI
 REMARK 465
 REMARK 465
               ARG A
                          -2
                          239
                 GLU A
 REMARK 465
                 GLU A
                          240
 REMARK 465
 REMARK 500
 REMARK 500 GEOMETRY AND STEREOCHEMISTRY
 REMARK . 500 SUBTOPIC: COVALENT BOND ANGLES
 REMARK 500
 REMARK 500 THE STEREOCHEMICAL PARAMETERS OF THE FOLLOWING RESIDUES
 REMARK 500 HAVE VALUES WEICH DEVIATE FROM EXPECTED VALUES BY MORE
 REMARK 500 THAN 6*RMSD (M=MODEL NUMBER; RES=RESIDUE NAME; C=CHAIN
 REMARK 500 IDENTIFIER; SSEQ=SEQUENCE NUMBER; I=INSERTION CODE).
 REMARK 500
 REMARK 500 STANDARD TABLE:
 REMARK 500 FORMAT: (10x, 13, 1x, A3, 1x, A1, 14, A1, 3 (1x, A4, 2x), 12x, F5.1)
 REMARK 500
 REMARK 500 EXPECTED VALUES: ENGH AND HUBER, 1991
 REMARK 500
                                   ATM2 ATM3
 REMARK 500 M RES CSSEQI ATMI
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6

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ANGL. DEV. = 11.0 DEGREES
                                        C
REMARK 500
             LEU A
                         N
                                CA
                                            ANGL. DEV. = 11.4 DEGREES
                                 CÄ
                                        C
                         N
             ASP A
                    27
REMARK 500
                                            ANGL. DEV. =-17.5 DEGREES
                                        C
                    28
                         N
                                 CA
REMARK 500
             ALA A
                                            ANGL. DEV. = 12.7 DEGREES
                                 CA
                                        C
REMARK 500
             LYS A
                    29
                         N
                                            ANGL. DEV. =-11.4 DEGREES
                                     - C
                                 CA
REMARK 500
             ASP A
                    56
                         N
                                            ANGL. DEV. =-10.5 DEGREES
                                     - C
             ALA A 89
                                 CA
REMARK 500
                         N
                                            ANGL. DEV. =-10.5 DEGREES
                                    - 'C
REMARK 500
             GLN A 108
                              - CA
                                            ANGL. DEV. =-11.4 DEGREES
                                 CA - C
                         N
             THR A 129
REMARK 500
                                            ANGL. DEV. =-11.4 DEGREES
             ASP A 138
                         N
                                . CA
                                        C
REMARK 500
                                            ANGL. DEV. =-20.1 DEGREES
                                        C
             ASP A 144
                                 CA
                          N
REMARK 500
                                            ANGL. DEV. =-11.0 DEGREES
                         N ·
                                        C
                                 CA
             THR A 194
REMARK 500
                                            ANGL. DEV. = 17.3 DEGREES
                                        C
                                 CA
             ARG A 257
REMARK 500
REMARK 525
REMARK 525 SOLVENT
REMARK 525 THE FOLLOWING SOLVENT MOLECULES LIE PARTHER THAN EXPECTED
REMARK 525 FROM THE PROTEIN OR NUCLEIC ACID MOLECULE AND MAY BE
REMARK 525 ASSOCIATED WITH A SYMMETRY RELATED MOLECULE (M=MODEL
REMARK 525 NUMBER: RES=RESIDUE NAME; C=CHAIN IDENTIFIER; SSEQ=SEQUENCE
REMARK 525 NUMBER; I=INSERTION CODE):
REMARK 525
REMARK 525 M RES CSSEQI
                               DISTANCE = 5.56 ANGSTROMS
DISTANCE = 7.20 ANGSTROMS
REMARK 525
            нон 64
             HOH
                      66
REMARK 525
                               DISTANCE = 10.03 ANGSTROMS
              HOH
                      75
REMARK 525
REMARK 900
REMARK 900 RELATED ENTRIES
REMARK 900 RELATED ID: 2NCM RELATED DB: PDB
REMARK 900 NMR STRUCTURE OF THE FIRST IMMUNOGLOBULIN DOMAIN OF THE
REMARK 900 NEURAL CELL ADHESION MOLECULE (NCAM)
REMARK 900 RELATED ID: 3NCM RELATED DB: PDB
REMARK 900 NMR STRUCTURE OF THE SECOND IMMUNOGLOBULIN DOMAIN OF THE
REMARK 900 NEURAL CELL ADHESION MOLECULE (NCAM)
REMARK 900 RELATED ID: LEPF RELATED DB: PDB
REMARK 900 CRYSTAL STRUCTURE OF THE TWO N-TERMINAL IMMUNOGLOBULIN
REMARK 900 DOMAINS OF THE NEURAL CELL ADRESION MOLECULE (NCAM)
REMARK 999
REMARK 999 SEQUENCE
REMARK 999 RESIDUES -2, 239 AND 240 WERE NOT VISIBLE IN
REMARK 999 THE ELECTRON DENSITY.
                                                             20
                                                                   308
                                            NCA1_RAT
DBREF 1QZ1 A 1 289 SWS
                                  P13596
                                                   CLONING ARTIFACT
                     -2 SWS P13596
-1 SWS P13596
 SECADV 10Z1 ARG A
                                                    CLONING ARTIFACT
 SECADV 1021 VAL A
SEQRES 1 A 291 ARG VAL LEU GLN VAL ASP ILE VAL PRO SER GLN GLY GLU
SEQRES 2 A 291 ILE SER VAL GLY GLU SER LYS PHE PHE LEU CYS GLN VAL
 SEQRES 3 A 291 ALA GLY ASP ALA LYS ASP LYS ASP ILE SER TRP PHE SER
                  PRO ASN GLY GLU LYS LEU SER PRO ASN GLN GLN ARG TLE
 SEQRES 4 A 291 PRO ASN GLY GLU LYS LEU SER PRO ASN GLN GLN ARG TLE
SEQRES 5 A 291 SER VAL VAL TRP ASN ASP ASP SER SER THR LEU THR
 SEQRES 6 A 291 ILE TYR ASN ALA ASN ILE ASP ASP ALA GLY ILE TYR LYS
 SEQRES 7 A 291 CYS VAL VAL THR ALA GLU ASP GLY THR GLN SER GLU ALA
 SEQRES 8 A 291 THR VAL ASN VAL LYS ILE PHE GLN LYS LEU MET PHE LYS
                  ASN ALA PRO THR PRO GLN GLU PHE LYS GLU GLY GLU ASP
 SEORES 9 A 291
                  ALA VAL ILE VAL CYS ASP VAL VAL SER SER LEU PRO PRO
 SEORES 10 A 291
                  THR ILE ILE TRP LYS HIS LYS GLY ARG ASP VAL ILE LEU
 SEORES 11 A 291
                  LYS LYS ASP VAL ARG PHE ILE VAL LEU SER ASN ASN TYR
 SECRES 12 A 291
 SEQRES 13 A 291 LEU GLN ILE ARG GLY ILE LYS LYS THR ASF GLU GLY THR
                  TYR ARG CYS GLU CLY ARG ILE LEU ALA ARG GLY GLU ILE
 SEORES 14 A 291
 SEQRES 15 A 291 ASN PHE LYS ASP ILE GLN VAL ILE VAL ASN VAL PRO PRO
SEQRES 16 A 291 THR VAL GLN ALA ARG GLN SER ILE VAL ASN ALA THR ALA
                  ASN FHE LYS ASP ILE GLN VAL ILE VAL ASN VAL PRO PRO
 SEQRES 17 A 291 ASN LEU GLY GLN SER VAL THR LEU VAL CYS ASP ALA ASP
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SEQRES 18 A 291 GLY PHE PRO GLU PRO THR MET SER TRP THR LYS ASP GLY GLU PRO ILE GLU ASN. GLU GLU GLU ASP ASP GLU LYS HIS SEORES 19 A 291 ILE PHE SER ASP ASP SER SER GLU LEU THR ILE ARG ASN SEQRES 20 A 291 SEQRES 21 A 291 VAL ASP LYS ASN ASP GLU ALA GLU TYR VAL CYS ILE ALA SEQRES 22 A 291 GLU ASN LYS ALA GLY GLU GLN ASP ALA SER ILE HIS LEU SECRES 23 A 291 · LYS VAL PHE ALA LYS FORMUL 2 HOH *265(H2 O1) 5 5, 68 ALA A 72 1 ASN A HELIX 5 GLU A 165 5 2 LYS A 161 2 HELIX 5 5 3 ASP A 260 GLU A 264 HELIX D A 4 VAL A VAL A Б 1 ASP A O GLN A 23 24 -1 N VAL A A 4 LYS A 18 SHEET 2 LY5 A 18 ILE A 64 N 59 ILE A 64 -1 0 3 A 4 SER A SHEET THR A 61 0 N VAL A 53 ASP A 56 -1 A 4 ILE A 50 4 SHEET 13 0 B 4 GLY A 10 ser a SHEET GLY A 0 LYS A N 96 0 94 1 86 PHE A B 4 GLN A 2 SHEET SER A 87 79 0 N VAL A 73 THR A 80 -1 B 4 GLY A 3 SHEET VAL A 78 d PHE A 36 -1 N SER A B 4 ASP A 32 4 SHEET ASN A 103 0 C 2 MET A 100 1 SHEET ASN A 103 N O ASP A 121 C 2 ASP A 121 VAL A 123 -1 SHEET LYS A 111 0 D 4 GLN A 108 1 SHEET PHE A 110 O ASN A 190 N ALA A 197 1 D 4 GLU A 179 CHEET 2 VAL A 187 N GLY A 166 0 ILE A 174 -- 1 D 4 GLY A 166 SHEET 3 ARG A 169 N LYS A 133 O HIS A 134 -1 D 4 THR A 129 4 SHEET LYS A 111 O E 5 GLN A 108 SHEET 1 PHE A 110 $\cdot N$ ASN A 190 E 5 GLU A 179 O ALA A 197 1 2 SHEET **GLN A 196** ASP A 217 . N PHE A 221 -1 0 E 5 VAL A 212 3 SHEET LEU A 254 LEU A 214 N E 5 GLU A 253 ILE A 256 -1 0 SHEET THR A 255 PHE A 247 -1 N TLE A 246 0 E 5 HIS A 245 5 SHEET F 3 ALA A 116 ILE A 118 0 SHEET ALA A 116 0 ILE A 157 N ILE A 157 -1 F 3 LEU A 155 2 SHEET **GLN A 156** ILE A 148 VAL A 149 -1 N F 3 PHE A 147 3 SHEET G 5 ILE A 201 THR A 205 0 1 SHEET ALA A 204 PHE A 287 0 N PHE A 287 1 G 5 GLY A 276 SHEET 2 ILE A 282 0 TYR A 267 ASN A 273 -1 N G 5 ALA A 265 SHEET ILE A 270 0 N SER A 227 G 5 THR A 225 LYS A 230 -1 SHEET N LYS A 230 GLU A 233 PRO A 234 -1 O G 5 GLU A 233 5 SHEET CYS A 77 22 SSBOND 1 CYS A CYS A 120 CYS A 170 SSBOND 2 269 216 CYS A SSBOND 3 CYS A 0 -0.416 PRO A 7 CISPEP 1 VAL A D -0.64107 106 PRO A 2 THR A CISPEP -0.72 a PRO A 222 3 PHE A 221 CISPEP 90.00 I 21 21 21 51.440 107.760 149.300 90.00 90.00 CRYST1 0.00000 1.000000 0.000000 0.000000 ORIGXI 0.00000 0.000000 1.000000 0.000000 ORIGX2 1.000000 0.00000 0.000000 0.000000 ORIGX3 0.00000 0.000000 0.000000 0.019440 SCALEL 0.00000 0.000000 0.000000 0.009280 SCALE2 0.00000 0.006698 0.000000 0.000000 SCALE3 21.197 71.826 -24.060 1.00110.27 N -1 N VAL A MOTA .21.299 70.596 -24.891 1.00112.18 C VAL A -1 2 CA MOTA 1.00111.88 C 20.583 69.411 -24.264 3 C VAL A -1 MOTA 69.531 -23.699 70.161 -25.114 1.00113.09 0 -1 19.491 VAL A 4 0 ATOM 1.00111.00 C 22.778 5 CB VAL A -1 ATOM 1.00109.72 C. 71.324 -25.633 23.591 -1 CG1 VAL A б MOTA 1.00106.12 C 69.625 -23.817 23.374 7 CG2 VAL A -1 MOTA 1.00107.51 N 21.255 68.270 -24.364 LEU A 1 В N MOTA 1.00100.28 C 66.981 -23.905 20.778 1 9 CA LEU A MOTA

В

20.360 66.739 -22.465 1.00 94.24 C LEU A C 10 MOTA 20.985 67.227 -21.518 1.00 93.77 0 LEU A 1 ATOM 11 0 1.00100.43 C 65.936 -24.296 21.808 1 LEU A 12 CB ATOM 64.909 -25.303 1.00103-11 0 21.297 1 13 CG LEU A MOTA 1.00106.65 C 65.528 -26.233 CD1 LEU A 1 20.253 14 MOTA 1.00101.BB C 64.366 -26.088 22,475 15 CD2 LEU A 1 MOTA 65.946 -22.328 1.00 87.47 N 19.299 GLN A 2 16 N ATOM 1.00 86.76 C 65.575 -21.028 1B.771 2 GLN A CA ATOM 17 1.00 80.18 C 64.075 -20.822 2 18.937 GLN A C 18 MOTA 63.264 -21.656 1.00 82.58 O 18.520 CIN A 2 19 0 MOTA 1.00 89.86 C 65.950 -20.902 17.292 2 GLN A ATOM 20 CB 65.996 -19.458 1.00102.22 C 16.819 2 GLN A 21 CG MOTA 66.444 -18.500 1.00109.49 C 17.932 2 22 CD GLN A ATOM . 1.00112.97 0 67.260 -18.859 18.786 OEL GLN A 2 23 ATOM 65.917 -17.275 1.00110.51 N 17.917 2 NE2 GLN A ATOM 24 1.00 68.44 N 63.716 -19.714 19.572 3 VAL A N 25 MOTA 62.317 -19.375 1.00 65.80 C 19.790 3 26 CA VAL A MOTA 1.00 63.80 C 62.058 -17.959 VAL A 19.290 3 . C 27 ATOM 1.00 61.99 O 62.816 -17.029 19.588 0 VAL A 3 28 MOTA 61.919 -19.495 1.00 70.09 C 3 21.291 CB VAL A 29 MOTA 62.831 -18.653 1.00 66.37 C 22.157 CGI VAL A 3 30 MOTA 1.00 53.43 C 60.475 -19.072 21.477 3 CG2 VAL A MOTA 31 1.00 59.47 N 60.992 -17.807 1B.511 ASP A 4 N 32 MOTA 1.00 62.16 C 60.635 -16:507 17.957 CA ASP A 33 ATOM 1.00 61.45 C 59.137 -16.281 18.056 4 ASP A 34 C MOTA 1.00 54.28 0 58,337 -17.222 17.973 4 35 0 ASP A MOTA 1.00 57.25 C 61.064 -16.410 16.490 ASP A 4 CB 36 MOTA 1.00 81.12 C 62.564 -16.536 16.312 asp a Δ CG 37 MOTA. 1.00 87.44 0 63.302 -15.644 16.784 4 OD1 ASP A 38 ATOM 63.010 -17.531 1.00 84.62 O 15.702 A ODZ ASP A 39 MOTA 1.00 54.90 N 58.760 -15.024 ILE A 5 18.226 MOTA 40 N 1.00 47.24 C 57.360 -14.692 18.324 CA ILE A 5 41 ATOM 1.00 49.02 C 56.965 -13.832 17.134 5 42 C ILE A MOTA 1.00 47.37 0 57.619 -12.826 16.846 ILE A 5 O MOTA 43 1.00 42.30 C 57.077 -13.934 19.625 5 CB ILE A 44 MOTA 57.333 -14.849 1.00 48.79 C CG1 ILE A . 5 20.823 45 MOTA 1.00 40.90 C 55.615 -13.450 19.638 CG2 ILB A . 5 46 MOTA 1.00 47.66 C 57.356 -14.118 22.158 5 CD1 ILE A ATOM 47 1.00 48.39 N 55.900 -14.233 16.445 б VAL A 48 N ATOM 1.00 48.78 C 15.300 55.401 -13.480 6 49 CA VAL A MOTA 1.00 52.24 C 53.939 -13.119 15.545 6 VAL A 50 C ATOM 1.00 51.37 0 53.130 -13.980 15.905 б VAL A O ATOM 51 1.00 55.65 C 55.484 -14.299 14.008 CB VAL A 6 52 ATOM 1.00 53.36 C 54.882 -13.515 12.857 CG1 VAL A 6 MOTA 53 1.00 64.21 C 13.712 56.928 -14.637 6 54 CG2 VAL A ATOM 1.00 44-55 N 53.594 -11.830 15.418 7 MOTA 55 N PRO A 1.00 44.98 C 54.460 -10.692 15.074 PRO A 7 56 CA MOTA 1.00 52.07 C 55.428 -10.411 16.225 7 57 C PRO A ATOM 1.00 47.92 0 55.112 -10.662 7 17.391 MOTA 58 0 PRO A 1.00 50.48 C -9.556 . 7 53.462 14.842 PRO A 59 CB ATOM. 1.00 45.69 C 15.718 52.291 -9.944 7 PRO A 60 ÇG ATOM 52,181 -11,420 1.00 40.86 C 15.446 A OSS 7 61 CDMOTA 1.00 46.31 N -9.893 15.894 56.604 ß N SER A MOTA 62 1.00 49.55 C -9.634 16.889 57.635 8 63 CA SER A MOTA 1.00 53.48 C 57.250 17.921 -8.592 8 Ç SER A MOTA 64 1.00 54.87 0 57.857 -8.515 18.995 65 0 SER A 8. MOTA 1.00 55.09 C 58.940 -9.236 16.198 8 CB SER A MOTA 66 1.00 61.93 0 15.363 58.753 -8-111 SER A 8 OG 67 MOTA -7.776 1.00 46.60 N 17.597 56.255 4 68 N GLN A ATOM

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1.00 47.40 C -6.771 18.538 55.781 CA GLN A 9 69 ATOM -6.448 1.00 44.46 C 18.204 54.335 9 GLN A C 70 MOTA 1.00 52.34 0 -6.739 53.864 9 17.103 GLN A 71 0 ATOM 1.00 58.55 C . -5.515 56.658 CLN A 9 18.494 72 CB MOTA 1.00 65.92 C -4.900 17.103 56.860 .9 73 CG GLN A MOTA 1.00 B1.94 C 57.765 -3.665 9 17.149 GLN A 74 CD ATOM 1.00 86.13 0 -2.71317.878 57.484 GLN A 75 OE1 9 MOTA 1.00 B2.96 N -3.678 9 16.374 58-853 GLN A 76 NE2 1.00 46.46 N MOTA 53.606 -5.883 19.157 77 GLY A 10 N MOTA 1.00 50.99 C -5.589 52.215 18.868 GLY A 10 **7B** CA ATOM 1.00 48.97 C -4.442 51.600 19.637 GLY A 10 79 C MOTA 1.00 46.47 0 -4.070 52.04B 20.719 10 GLY A 80 O MOTA -3.871 1.00 54.04 N 19.051 50.559 N GLU A 11 A1 1.00 54.83 C MOTA 49.842 -2.77819.684 CA GLU A 11 82 MULA -3.127 1.00 47.65 C 19.560 48.362 11 GLU A 83 ¢ MOTA 1.00 47.49 0 -3.557 47.918 18.499 Ö GLU A 11 84 MOTA 1.00 49.30 C -1.45650.150 18.970 GLU A 11 85 CB ATOM 1.00 67.71 C 49.508 -0.255 19.627 GLU A 86 CG 11 MOTA 1.00 68.83 C 19.026 1.061 49.974 11 GLU A CD 87 ATOM . 1.00 70.78 0 1.305 17.829 49.704 88 OEL GLU A 11 MOTA 1,00 73.96 0 50.620 1.843 19.758 11 GLU A OE2 MOTA 89 1.00 44.79 N -2.965 20.636 47.599 TLE A 12 90 N MOTA 1.00 43.25 C -3.302 20.587 46.178 ILE A 12 91 CA MOTA 1.00 49.76 C -2-185 45.332 21.164 ILE A 12 C 92 MOTA 1.00 45.49 0 -1.692 22.261 45.610 12 ILE A . 93 Q MOTA 1.00 46.25 C 45.856 -4.562 21.402 12 ILE A 94 CB MOTA 1.00 48.07 C 46.938 -5.621 21.182 12 CG1 ILE A 95 ATOM 1.00 40.48 C -5.114 20.984 44.481 12 96 CG2 ILE A MOTA 1.00 44.46 C 46.814 -6.795 22.125 CD1 ILE A 12 97 ATOM 1.00 50.25 N 20.421 -1.796 44.296 SER A 13 98 N ATOM 1.00 49.65 C -0.755 43.384 20.880 99 CA SER A 13 ATOM 1.00 41.84 C -1.38542.416 21.869 SER A 13 100 C MOTA 1.00 43.99 O -2.526 21.690 41.973 SER A 13 .101 O ATOM 1.00 48.85 C 42.608 -0.156 19.707 SER A 13 CB ATOM 102 1.00 55.47 O 0.916 41.794 20.157 103 OG SER A 13 ATOM 1.00 50.09 N -D.644 22.926 42.114 14 ATOM 104 N VAL A 1.00 48.58 C -1.126 23.955 41.214 VAL A 14 105 CA ATOM 1.00 53.11 C -1.74223.358 39.962 14 106 · C VAL A ATOM 1.00 54.25 0 -1.16539.320 VAL A 22.481 14 107 O ATOM 1.00 51.58 C 24.924 40.814 0.004 VAL A 14 108 CB MOTA 1.00 51.54 C -0.479 25.880 39.739 VAL A 14 109 CGI MOTA 1.00 51.93 C 25.702 42.027 0.455 VAL A 14 110 CG2 ATOM 1.00 45.67 N 23.841 23.367 -2:935 39.636 15 GLY A 111 N MOTA 1.00 45.80 C 38.471 -3.643GLY A 15 CA 112 ATOM 1.00 49.51 C 22.174 -4.546 36.738 GLY A 15 113 C ATOM 1.00 44.42 0 -5.395 21.845 37.910 GLY A 15 MOTA 114 0 1.00 48.69 N 39.885 -4.390 21.516 GLU A 16 ATOM 115 N 1.00 44.66 C -5.239 40.167 20.360 A ULD 16 CA 116 MOTA 1.00 38.83 C -6.459 20.712 41.010 16 GLU A MOTA 117 C 1_00 41.87 0 -6.672 41.355 21.874 Ω GLU A 16 118 MOTA 1.00 44.40 C 1.00 57-20 C -4.403 19.239 40.800 119 CB GLU A 16 ATOM 39.848 ~3.289 18.799 16 GLU A CG 120 MOTA 1.00 67.70 C 40.373 -2.428 17.666 16 121 CD GLU A MOTA 1.00 72.10 0 -2.739 41.448 17.111 16 122 OE1 GLU A ATOM 1.00 77.10 0 39.695 -1.43317.328 OF.2 GLU A 16 123 MOTA 1.00 38.10 N -7.274 19.712 41.319 SER A 17 124 N MOTA 1.00 39.72 C -8.496. 42.068 19.950 SER A 17 125 CA MOTA 1.00 43.71 C -8.655 19.039 43.283 .C SER A 17 MOTA 126 -8.074 1.00 48.43 0 17.960 43.330 17 SER A 127 0 ATOM

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1.00 42.04 C 41.125 -9.694 19.787 SER A 17 128 CB MOTA -9.592 1.00 49.33 O 40.016 20.672 SER A 17 129 OG ATOM 1.00 39.31 N 44.273 -9.427 19.491 LYS A 18 130 N ATOM 1.00 40.44 C -9.689 18.725 45,495 LYS A 18 LYS A 18 CA MOTA 131 1.00 36.17 C 46.068 -11.004 19.194 132 C MOTA 1.00 41.18 O 20.310 .45.799 -11.447 LYS A 133 0 18 MOTA 1.00 45.93 C -8.603 46.552 18.944 LYS A 18 CB ATOM 134 1.00 63.96 C -7.506 17.902 46.558 LYS A 18 135 ÇG ATOM 1.00 77.99 C -7.318. 47.954 LYS A 18 17.343 136 CD MOTA 1.00 91.67 C -6.12048.029 16.408 LYS A 18 137 CE ATOM 1.00104.95 N -6.19B 47.049 15.285 LYS A 18 138 NZ MOTA 1.00 39.73 N 46_866 -11.632 18.355 PHE A 19 MOTA 139 N 1.00 42.56 C 47.445 -12.889 18.758 PHE A 19 140 CA ATOM 1.00 45.52 C 48.903 -12.907 18.382 **РНЕ** А 19 141 C ATOM 1.00 41.88 0 17.535 49.352 -12.123 PHE A 19 O MOTA 142 46.681 -14.058 1.00 37.12 C 18.131 19 CB PHE A 143 1.00 41.51 C MOTA 46.890 -14.220 16.658 PHE A 19 MOTA 144 CG 47.864 -15.090 1.00 45.13 C 16.175 CD1 PHE A 19 145 MOTA 1.00 42.50 C 46.075 -13.547 15.742 CD2 PHE A 19 146 ATOM 1.00 44.84 C 48.006 -15.310 14.794 CE1 PHE A 19 147 MOTA 46.212 -13.759 1.00 43.30 C 14.377 19 146 CE2 PHE A MOTA 1.00 41.52 C 47.182 -14.639 49.637 -13.813 13.899 PHE A 19 CZ 149 ATOM 1.00 37-54 N 19.020 20 150 N PHE A MOTA 51.062 -13.938 1.00 38.86 C 18.816 PHE A 20 CA 151 ATOM 51.437 -15.408 1.00 46.44 C 18.816 C PHE A 20 152 1.00 47.88 0 MOTA 51.035 -16.165 19.702 PHE A 20 0 ATOM 153 1.00 36.96 C 51.798 -13.205 19.948 20 CB PHE A MOTA 154 1.00 46.76 C 51.368 -11.784 20.112 PHE A 20 CĠ MOTA 155 50.267 -11.460 1.00 48.63 C 20.904 CD1 PHE A 20 156 MOTA 1.00 42.55 C 52.027 -10.765 19.427 CD2 PHE A 20 157 ATOM 1.00 46.86 C 49.826 -10.138 21.008 CEL PHE A 20 158 1.00 40.53 C MOTA 51.591 -9.436 CE2 PHE A 20 19.525 ATOM 159 1.00 44.32 C 50.489 -9.126 20.317 PHE A 20 CZ MOTA 160 52.209 ~15.806 1.00 46.01 N 17.816 21 161 N LEU A ATOM 1.00 49.63 C 52.649 -17.189 LEU A 21 17.680 CA 162 ATOM 1.00 46.97 C 54.087 -17.360 18.131 C LEU A 21 163 MOTA 1.00 43.22 0 54.990 -16.719 17.602 21 LEU A MOTA 164 0 1.00 54.55 C 52.530 -17.641 16.218 LEU A 21 CB 165 ATOM 1.00 57.21 C 53.049 -19.040 15.857 LEU A 21 CG 166 ATOM 1.00 58.14 C 52.281 -20.096 16.625 CD1 LEU A 21 167 ATOM 1.00 55.27 C 52.891 -19.274 14.365 21 CD2 LEU A 168 MOTA 1.00 46.45 N 54.291 -18.218 CYS A 22 19.122 MOTA N 169 1.00 48.52 C 55.628 -18.506 19.615 CYS A 22 ATOM 170 CA 56.056 -19.788 1.00 54.42 C 18.920 CYS A 22 171 C MOTA 1.00 51.82 0 19.157 55.478 -20.848 CYS A 22 172 Q ATOM. 1.00 49.72 C 55.601 -18.730 21.115 CYS A 22 CB. 173 ATOM 1.00 55.16 5 57.215 -19.167 21.827 CYS A .22 174 SG ATOM 1.00 59.11 N 57.071 -19.689 18.069 GLN A 23 ATOM 175 N 1.00 66.68 C 17.312 57.546 -20.837 GLN A **23** 176 ÇA MOTA 1.00 63.21 C 58.941 -21.314 17.718 GLN A 23 177 ATOM C 1.00 57.50 0 59.839 -20.509 17.951 GLN A 23 178 0 MOTA 1.00 69.27 € 57.547 -20.482 15.825 GLN A 23 MOTA 179 CB 1.00 83.38 C 57.940 -21.618 14.900 GLN A 23 180 ÇĢ MOTA 1.00 90.68 C 56.779 -22.549 14.575 GLN A 23 181 CD MOTA 55.685 -22.089 1.00 97.59 0 14.251 OE1 GLN A 23 182 ATOM 1.00 95.34 N 57.016 -23.861 . 14.542 NE2 GLN A 23 183 MOTA 1.00 67.25 N 59_118 -22.629 27.799 VAL A 24 184 .N MOTA 1.00 74.82 C 60.415 -23.197 18.145 VAL A 24 ATOM 185 CA 1.00 75.90 C 61.028 -23.739 16.857 VAL A 24 C MOTA 186

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Table 2

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2.00 76.41 0 60.338 -24.356 16.039 24 0 VAL A 187 MOTA 1.00 77.43 C 60.285 -24.343 19.178 VAL A 24 188 CB MOTA 1.00 77.38 C 61.657 -24.852 19.560 CG1 VAL A 24 189 1.00 81.07 C ATOM 59.547 -23.856 CG2 VAL A 20.418 24 190 MOTA 1.00 82.73 N 62.324 -23.500 16.685 ALA A 25 191 N MOTA 1.00 92.22 C 63.053 -23.933 · 15.490 ALA A 25 CA 192 ATOM 63.428 -25.424 1.00 99.21 C 15.455 25 C ALA A 193 MOTA 1.00 99.63 0 63.734 -26.019 16.491 ALA A 25 194 --Q 1.00 89.44 C ATOM 64.307 -23.078 ALA A 25 15.326 195 ĊВ ATOM 1.00107.56 N 63.405 -26.002 14.249 26 GLY A 196 N MOTA 1.00117.13 C 14.040 63.735 -27.410 GLY A 26 CA 197 1.00123.74 C MOYEA 62.739 -28.348 14.597 CLY A 26 198 C MOTA 1.00126.85 0 62.088 -29.188 14.060 GLY A 26 199 ATOM 0 1.00127.93 N 62.6/1 -28.187 16.010 ASP A 27 200 14 ATOM 1.00131.73 C 61.795 -28.897 16.915 27 ASP A 201 CA MOTA 1.00132.38 C 17.049 61.809 -30.410 27 С ASP A MOTA 202 1.00134.43 0 60.944 -31.112 ASP A 27 16.518 0 203 MOTA 1.00133.67 C 60.353 -28.433 16.721, 27 asp a 204 CB ATOM 1.00136.05 C 17.976 59.540 -28.620 27 ASP A 1.00137.46 0 205 CG ATOM 60.177 -28.888 19.011 27 OD1 ASP A 206 ATOM 1.00138.22 0 17.940 58.305 -28.501 27 OD2 ASP A MOTA 207 1.00130.01 N 62.812 -30.894 17.776 28 , M ALA A 208 MOTA 1.00127.19 C 62.888 -32.301 18.098 209 CA ALA A 28 ATOM 1.00125.97 C 19.203 .61.826 -32.208 ALA A 28 C ATOM 210 1:00125.76 0 61.453 -31.091 19.562 ALA A 28 211 0 ATOM 1.00123.21 C 54.248 -32.657 18.672 28 CB ALA A MOTA 212 1.00124.23 N 61.332 -33.300 19.777 29 LYS A 213 N MOTA 1,00120.04 C 60.267 -33.095 20.754 LYS A 29 214 CA MOTA 1.00114.93 C 60.419 -33.356 22.237 29 LYS A 215 C MOTA 1.00109.02 0 61.503 -33.593 22.773 29 0 lys a ATOM 216 1.00124.97 C 58.988 -33.777 20.254 LYS A 29 CB ATOM 217 1.00125.66 C 58.340 -33.030 19.095 29 LYS A . 218 CG ATOM 1.00125.32 C 57.047 -33.674 18.639 29 CD LYS A 219 MOTA 1.00120.15 C 56.460 -32.915 17.462 29 CE LYS A MOTA 220 1.00120.03 N 57.477 -32.740 16.388 29 LYS A 221 NZ MOTA 1.00110.94 N 59.260 -33.286 22.875 ASP A 30 222 N ATOM 1.00108.72 C 59.108 -33.440 24.297 30 223 CA ASP A MOTA 1.00102.56 C 59.738 -32.257 25.004 30 ASP A 224 С 1.00101.55 0 MOTA 60.592 -32.425 25.869 ASP A 30 Ω 225 ATOM 1.00114.65 C 59.729 -34.740 24.800 30 226 CB ASP A MOTA 1.00121.84 C 58.735 -35.584 25.573 30 ÇG ASP A 227 MOTA 1.00126.50 O 57.833 -35.001 26.219 OD1 ASP A ЗÒ 228 MOTA 58.853 -36.824 1.00125.16 0 25.543 30 OD2 ASP A 229 MOTA 1.00 90.62 N 24.602 59.339 -31.055 31 LYS A MOTA 230 N 1.00 \$6.82 C 59.820 -29.845 25.252 **1**E LYS A MOTA 231 CA 1.00 76.37 C 58.547 -29.120 25.645 LYS A 31 232 C 1.00 76.59 D MOTA 57.512 -29.280 25.000 LYS A 31 **Ż**33 0 MOTA 1.00 87.55 C 60.658 -28.965 24.315 31 CB LYS A ATOM 234 1.00 90.62 C 59.873 -28.261 23.238 31 LYS A CG MOTA 235 1.00 90.82 C 60.210 -28.856 21.905 LYS A 31 236 CD MOTA 1.00 94.15 C 58.968 -28.999 21.081 LYS A 31 CE 237 1.00 96.17 N MOTA 58.901 -30.339 20.424 LYS A 31 NZ 238 MOTA 1.00 66.33 N 58.620 -28.341 26.711 32 239 N ASP A ATOM 1.00 64.69 C 57.467 -27.607 27.202 A TEA 32 CA ATOM 240 1.00 57.45 C 57.503 -26.163 26.732 32 241 C ASP A MOTA 1.00 61.27 0 58.563 -25.532 25.707 asp a 32 0 242 MOTA 1.00 59.49 C 57.448 -27.669 28.740 32 ASP A 243 CB ATOM 1.00 67.93 C 56.362 -26.791 29.372 32 ASP A 244 CG ATOM 1.00 51.53 0 56.626 -25.589 29.527 32 OD1 ASP A ATOM 245

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HOIBERG A/S

1.00 61.79 0 55.248 -27.308 29.626 OD2 ASP A 32 MOTA 246 56.342 -25.657 1.00 54.91 N ILE A 33 26.336 247 N MOTA 1.00 52.46 C 56.210 -24.271 25.911 ILE A 33 248 ĊA MOTA 1.00 53.58 C 55.173 -23.640 26.823 33 249 C ILE A ATOM 54.022 -24.083 1.00 50.96 0 26.875 ILE A 33 MOTA 250 0 55.712 -24.139 1.00 51.31 C 24.470 ILE A 33 251 CB MOTA 1.00 52.96 C 56.700 -24.800 23.518 EΕ CG1 ILE A 252 MOTA 55.563 -22.654 1.00 50.09 C 33 24.116 CG2 ILE A MOTA · 253 1.00 54.31 C 56.233 -24.828 22.087 CD1 ILE A 33 ATOM 254 1.00 43.80 N 55.588 -22.603 27.535 34 SER A ATOM 255 N 1.00 47.69 C 54.716 -21.910 SER A 34 28.463 CA 256 MOTA 1.00 51.46 C 54.831 ~20.410 28.262 ATOM 257 C SER A 34 1.00 50.26 0 55.892 -19.897 34 27.899 SER A Ö MOTA 258 1.00 44.86 C . 29.898 55.105 -22.255 CB . 34 . MOTA 259 SER A 54.768 -23.592 1.00 56.99 O 30.197 OG SER A 34 260 MOTA 53.726 -19.714 53.713 -18.270 1.00 47.72 N 28.488 261 N TRP A 35 MOTA 1.00 42.75 C TRP A 35 28.359 CA 262 MOTA 1.00 45.12 C 29.741 53.598 -17.652 35 263 C TRP A MOTA 1.00 44.07 0 52.967 -18.223 TRP A 35 30.640 264 O ATOM 52.531 -17.800 1.00 39.02 C 27.511 CB TRP A 35 265 ATOM 1.00 43.96 C 52.667 -18.015 26.028 TRP A 35 ATOM 266 CG 1.00 38.82 C 52.308 -19.126 CD1 TRP A 35 CD2 TRP A 35 25.323 267 MOTA 1.00 36.18 C 25.062 53.080 -17.041 268 ATOM 1.00 45.99 N 23.974 52.454 -18.901 NE1 TRP A .35 269 MOTA **52.925 ÷17.632** 1.00 47.03 C CEZ TRP A 35 23.786 MOTA 270 1.00 39.81 C 25.150 53.556 -15.735 CE3 TRP A 35 271 ATOM CZ2 TRP A 35 CZ3 TRP A 35 CH2 TRP A 35 1.00 43.25 C 53.232 -16.948 22.605 MOTA 272 1.00 41.38 C 23.962 53.865 -15.054 ATOM 273 1.00 42.80 C 53.699 -15.668 22.713 MOTA 274 54.225 -16.491 1.00 45.19 N 29.907 275 N PHE A 36 ATOM 1.00 44.89 C 31.160 54.178 -15.748 PHE A 276 CA 36 MOTA 1.00 44.82 C 53.716 -14.345 PHE A 36 30.834 277 C ATOM 1.00 41.52 0 54.166 -13.755 29.858 PHE A 36 278 Q MOTA 1.00 43.10 C PHE A 36 31.819 55.556 ~15.675 ATOM 279 ĊВ 56.062 -17.006 1.00 55.53 C 32.286 280 CG PHE A 36 MOTA 1.80 51.14 C 31.385 56.639 -17.893 CD1 PHE A 36 ATOM 281 55.883 -17.407 1.00 46.89 C CD2 PHE A 36 33.610 282 ATOM 1.00 54.91 C 31.789 57.030 -19.173 283 PHE A 36 CEL MOTA 1.00 55.64 C 34.030 56.269 ~18.684 CEZ PHE A 36 284 MOTA 56.846 ~19.573 1.00 50.29 C 33.110 PHE A 36 CZATOM 285 1.00 42.90 N 52.795 -13.832 31.641 MOTA 286 N SER A 37 1.00 52.59 C SER A 52.289 -12.488 31.447 37 MOTA 287 CA 1.00 53.66 C 53.321 -11.490 31.973 A REE 37 288 С ATOM 1.00 46.56 0 32.581 54.325 -11.878 37 SER A MOTA 289 0 1.00 56.49 C 50.950 -12.322 32,176 290 SER A 37 ĊВ MOTA 1.00 54.60 0 51.055 -12.675 33.540 MOTA 291 QĢ SER A 37 1.00 55.82 N 53.096 -10.192 38 . 31.729 PRO A MOTA 292 N 1.00 58.18 C 54.004 -9.124 32.169 293 CA PRO A 38 MOTA 1_00 56.07 C 38 33.682 54.241 **-9.057** MOTA 294 C PRO A 1.00 57.12 0 55.248 ~B.519 34.135 0 PRO A 38 295 MOTA 1.00 55.81 C 31.619 53.338 -7,864 PRO A 38 296 CB ATOM 1.00 51.53 C -8.377 30.327 52.731 PRO A 38 MOTA 297 CG 1.00 50.32 C 52.107 -9.677 30.764 38 298 CD PRO A MOTA 1.00 52.69 N 53.317 -9.609 34.456 39 . MOTA 299 14 A MRA 1.00 59.02 C -9.623 53.452 ASN A 39 35.905 300 CA MOTA 1.00 61.73 C 54.175 -10.881 36.396 ATOM 301 Ċ ASN A 39 1.00 57.13 0 54.160 -11.188 37.585 39 ASN A 302 0 MOTA 1.00 56.75 C 52.077 -9.523 39 36.551 . CB ASN A 303 ATOM 1.00 71.38 C 36.432 51.310 -10.810 39 MOTA 304 CG ASN A

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→ PVS

51.565 -11.603 50.361 -11.027 1.00 73.88 O ODI ASN A 35.531 ATOM 305 39 1.00 79.44 N ND2 ASN A 37.332 39 306 ATOM 1.00 54.18 N 54.777 -11.626 35.471 307 N GLY A 40 ATOM 55.523 -12.825 1.00 58.26 C 35.839 GLY A 40 ATOM 3 D B CA 1.00 56.72 C 36.049 54.777 -14.126 40 ATOM 309 C GLY. A 55.385 -15.161 1.00 59.14 0 40 36.311 310 0 GLY A ATOM 35.940 1.00 53.24 N 53.462 -14.098 GLU A 41 311 Ŋ MOTA 52.712 -15.312 1.00 54,15 C 36.137 312 CA GLU A 41 ATOM 52.572 -15.152 1.00 52.64 C 34.887 313 C GLU A 41 ATOM 1.00 51.92 Q 52.444 ~15.645 33.772 GLU A 41 ATOM 314 O 36.695 1.00 62.00 C 51.341 -14.988 315 GLU A 41 ATOM CB 1.00 86.56 C 38.100 51.410 -14.451 GG41 GLU A MOTA 316 1.00 94.84 C 50.074 -13.931 38.565 GLU A 41 317 CD MOTA 1.00 99.92 O 37.901 49.059 -14.243 OEL GLU A 41 318 ATOM 1.00 98.17 0 50.041 -13.220 GLU A 41 39.591 319 OE2 ATOM 52.625 -17.457 1.00 48.52 N 35.104 A EYL 42 MOTA 320 N 52.475 -18.430 1.00 45.24 C CA A EYJ 42 34.050 321 MOTA 1.00 52.84 C 50.979 -18.477 33.714 322 LYS A 42 ATOM C 1.00 47.42 O 50.126 -18.534 LYS A 42 34.607 323 ATOM 0 1.00 46.19 C 34.535 52.971 -19.796 42 324 æ LYS A ATOM . 1.00 58.73 C 52.863 -20.930 325 CG LYS A 42 33.502 ATOM 34.006 53.553 -22.205 1.00 60.30 C CD LYS A 42 ATOM 326 1.00 69.24 C 33.004 53.446 -23.353 LYS A 42 327 CE ATOM 54.104 -24.606 1.00 73.95 N 33.486 328 LYS A 42 . ATOM NZ 1.00 42.58 N LEU A 58.659 -18.441 43 32.425 ATOM 329 N 49.270 ~18.453 1.00 44.33 C 330 31.986 CA LEU A. 43 MOTA 48.724 -19.863 1.00 45,36 C 31.907 331 C LEU A 43 ATOM 1.00 49.42 O 31.315. 49.351 -20.734 LEU A 43 ATOM 332 0 1.00 37.59 C 49.177 -17.778 30.613 333 CB LEU A 43 ATOM 1.00 45.02 C 49.579 -16.302 30.672 A UEL 43 MOTA 334 CG 1.00 48.59 C 49.708 -15.713 LEU A 43 29.276 335 CD1 ATOM 1_00 45.09 C 31.489 48.538 -15.550 CD2 LEU A 43 ATOM 336 0.50 34.43 N 47.566 -20.100 337 44 32.507 N SER A ATOM 46.990 -21.429 0.50 37.54 C 32.436 SER A 44 MOTA 338 CA 46.509 -21.595 0.50 40.70 C 339 C SER A 44 31.017 ATOM . 30.404 45.984 -20.672 0.50 31.07 0 44 ATOM 340 0 SER A 45.813 -21.590 0.50 34.76 C 341 CB SER A 44 33.394 ATOM 46.238 -21.418 0.50 37.63 O 34.730 342 QG SER A 44 ATOM 1.00 55.79 N 46.684 -22.787 PRO A 45 30.475 343 12 MOTA 46.261 -23.062 1.00 56.53 C 29_104 PRO A 45 · MOTA 344 CA 28.910 44.761 -23.041 1.00 53.37 C 345 PRO A 45 ATOM C 43.986 -23.229 1.00 56.21 0 346 0 PRO A 45 29.849 ATOM 1.00 60.37 C 46.833 -24.458 PRO A 28.836 45 ATOM 347 CB 47.960 -24.586 1.00 60.02 C 29.823 348 CG PRO A 45 MOTA 1.00 63.21 C 47.392 -23.941 45 31.056 ATOM 349 CD PRO A 44.370 -22.800 1.00 57.48 N 27.667 350 N ASN A 46· ATOM 42.973 -22.812 1.00 57.72 C 27.279 351 CA asn a 46 ATOM 41.993 -22.017 1.00 57.75 C 28.150 352 A MZA C 46 ATOM 40.950 -22.541 1.00 60.65 O 28.534 MOTA 353 0 ASN A 45 1.00 67.80 C 42.508 -24.272 27.179 354 MOTA CB ASN A 46 43.417 -25.119 1.00 71.96 C 26.285 355 CG ASN A 46 ATOM 25.090 43.557, -24.850 1.00 81.33 O MOTA 356 OD1 ASN A 46 1.00 70.84 N 44.033 ~26.146 26.862 ND2 ASN A 46 MOTA 357 42.325 -20.771 1.00 53.34 N 28.478 ATOM 358 N GLN A 47 1.00 49.41 C CA 47 29.250 41.408 -19.925 359 GLN A ATOM 40.672 -19.091 1.00 50.32 C MOTA 360 Ċ GIN A 47 28.202 1.00 47.47 0 27.029 41.040 -19.111 Ò GLN A 47 361 ATOM 42.156 -19.022 1.00 51.46 C CB 30_232 ATOM 362 GLN A 47 1.00 49.02 C 31.291 42.936 -19.798 CG 47 363 GLN A ATOM

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1.00 60.54 C 32.023 42.055 -20.812 47 364 CD CLN A ATOM 1.00 52.30 Q 41.286 -20.448 32.910 OE1 GLN A 47 365 MOTA 42.149 -22.082 1.00 51.19 N GLN A 47 31.634 366 NE2 MOTA 1.00 52.29 N 28.630 39.669 -18.336 48 ATOM 367 N GLN A 1.00 \$6.49 C 38.807 -17.566 GLN A 48 27.728 368 CA ATOM 39.337 -16.305 1.00 58.23.C 27.049 369 C GLN A 48 ATOM 39.453 ~16.238 1.00 50.89 0 25.818 MOTA 370 ٥ GLN A 48 1.00 69.79 C 28.486 37.524 ~17.199 371 · CB A KID 48 ATOM 36.324 -16.903 1.00 85.42 C 27.606 GLN A 48 372 CG ATOM 1.00 96.52 C 35.675 -18.172 GLN A 48 27.071 373 CD MOTA 1.00103.65 0 35.302 -19.052 27.848 OE1 GLN A 48 MOTA 374 1.00 97.26 N 35.530 -18.272 25.745 GLN A 48 375 NE2 MOTA 1.00 45.27 N 27.856 39.613 -15.297 1.00 49.02 C ARG A 49 MOTA 376 N 40.069 -14.009 27.376 377 CA ARG A 49 MOTA 1.00 50.34 C 41.558 -13.965 49 27.031 MOTA 378 C ARG A 1.00 44.45 O 25.951 41.929 -13.518 379 0 ARG A 49 ATOM 1.00 43.05 C 39.724 -12.937 28.404 ATOM 380 CB ARG A 49 1.00 50.00 C 39.691 -11.541 27.841 A DRA 49 MOTA 381 CG 1.00 46.14 C 28.920 39.301 -10.560 49 382 CD ARG A MOTA 1.00 50.29 N 29.847 40.402 -10.332 ARG A 49 383 NE ATOM 1.00 49.75 C CZARG A 49 29.552 41.479 -9.614364 MOTA -9.054 1.00 46.61 N 41.602 28.355 ARG A 49 ATOM 385 NH1 42.434 -9.450 1.00 54.16 N 30. A56 MOTA 386 · NH2 ARG A 49 42.413 -14.404 1.00 45.13 N 27.950 387 ILE A 50 MOTA N 1.00 47.45 C 27:693 43.846 -14.431. 38B CA ILE A 50 MOTA 1.00 49.10 C ILE A 50 27.362 44.081 -15.886 ATOM 389 ¢ 44.288 -16.718 1.00 46.05 O 28.236 ILE A 50 390 0 ATOM 28.927 44.633 ~13.989 1.00 45.67 C 391 CB ILE A 50 ATOM 1.00 49.39 C 44.197 -12.569 CG1 ILE A 50 29.309 392 MOTA 1.00 45.96 C 46.122 -14.047 CG2 ILE A 50 28.645 ATOM 393 44.305 -11.547 1.00 38.44 C 28.175 CD1 ILE A 50 ATOM 394 1.00 45.97 N SER A 51 SER A 51 44.019 -16.172 26.069 395 N MOTA 1.00 42.85 C 25.572 44.111 -17.523 396 CA ATOM 1.00 47.59 C 45.464 -18.027 SER A 51 25.123 397 C MOTA 46.145 -17.408 1.00 47.20 O 24.300 SER A 51 ATOM 398 0 1.00 42.67 C 24.430 43.096 -17.676 SER A 51 399 CB ATOM 1.00 55.89 0 43.375 -18.811 SER'A 51 VAL A 52 23.543 ATOM 400 OG 1.00 45.49 N 25.689 45.856 -19.159 N MOTA 401 1.00 46.68 C VAL A 52 47.100 -19.802 25.317 CA ATOM 402 46.706 -21.155 24.76B 1.00 52.16 C VAL A 52 403 C MOTA 1.00 52.43 O 25.483 46.140 -21.991 VAL A 52 ATOM 404 ٥ 1.00 51.87 C 48.038 -20.028 26.504 VAL A 52 CB MOTA 405 49.202 +20.901 26.064 1.00 49.68 C CG1 VAL A 52 406 MOTA 48.555 -18.694 1.00 46.22 C CG2 VAL A 52 27.029 ATOM 407 46.999 -21.353 1.00 43.80 N 23.491 N VAL A 53 ATOM 408 46.679 -22.584 1.00 51.71 C 22.813 MOTA 409 CA VAL A 53 22.126 21.288 47.901 -23.192 1.00 60.49 C VAL A 53 C MOTA 410 48.550 -22.564 1.00 55.82 Q VAL A 53 VAL A 53 ATOM 411 0 21.770 45:573 -22.343 1.00 .57.05 C ATOM 412 CB 45.392 -23.569 1.00 61.58 C 20.897 CG1 VAL A 53 413 ATOM 44.269 -22.008 22.478 1.00 51.45 C VAL A 53 414 CG2 ATOM 1.00 65.48 N 48,205 -24.422 TRP A 54 22.511 415 N ATOM 1.00 74.11 C 49.309 -25.178 21.948 416 TRP A 54 ATOM CA 48.813 -25.650 1.00 74.48 C 20.581 C TRP A 54 MOTA 417 1.00 72.95 0 TRP A 54 20.475 47.706 -26.167 ATOM 418 0 49.571 -26.365 1.00 82.17 C CB TRP A 54 22.B51 419 ATOM 50.791 -27.135 1.00 99.79 C 22.565 420 CG TRP A. 54 MOTA 52.073 -26.787 1.00102.50 C CD1 TRP A 54 22.877 MOTA 421 22.021 50.849 -28.456 1.00107.53 C 422 CD2 TRP A 54 MOTA

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Table 2

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22.573 52.929 -27.817 1.00109.34 N NEI TRP A 54 423 ATOM 52.205 -28.852 1.00111.35 C CEZ TRP A 54 22.045 ATOM 424 21.515 49.889 -29.343 1.00108.73 C 425 CE3 TRP A 54 ATOM 52.619 -30.108 1.00112.86 C CZZ TRP A 21.590 54 426 ATOM 50.305 -30.591 1.00109.55 C 427 CZ3 TRP A 54 21.061 MOTA 51.662 -30.959 1.00110.38 C 21.100 428 CH2 TRP A 54 MOTA 49_612 -25.471 1.00 71_63 N 19.537 55 1.00 76.76 C N asn a MOTA 429 49.185 -25.878 A, MRA 18.205 430 CA 55 ATOM 17.845 asn a 49.651 -27.281 1.00 81.91 C 55 431 C MOTA 1.00 88.33 0 48.846 -28.168 17.573 432 0 ASN A 55 ATOM 49.589 -24.858 1.00 71.55 C 17.197 ASN A 55 433 CB ATOM 49.141 -23.476 1.00 75.04 C 17.474 ASN A . 55 434 CC MOTA 1.00 72.25 0 47.932 -23.246 17.374 OD1 ASN A 55 435 ATOM 50.021 -22.550 1.00 50.95 N 17.841 436 ND2 ASN A 55 ATOM 1.00 B8.42 N 50.962 -27.455 17.833 N ASP A 56 MOTA 437 51.607 -28.722 1.00 96.25 C ASP A 56 17.548 438 · CA ATOM 1.00101.81 C 52.727 -28.677 ASP A 56 18.566 MOTA 439 C 1.00102.77 D 52.797 -27.736 19.369 ASP A 56 440 0 ATOM 52.147 -28.744 1.00 95.48 C 52.811 -27.433 1.00 93.76 C CB 16.107 441 ASP A 56 ATOM CG 15.707 ASP A 56 MOTA 442 53.704 -26.985 1.00 85.05 O 443 OD1 ASP A 56 16.451 ATOM 14.658 OD2 ASP A 56 52.452 -26.849 1.00 93.98 0 MOTA 444 1.00102.50 N 53.607 -29.663 18.599 N ASP A 57 445 MOTA 54.674 -29.562 1.00102.11.C 55.678 -28.491 1.00 97.41 C 19.610 ASP A 57 446 CA ATOM . 19.218 ASP A 57 447 C ATOM 56.652 -28.258 1.00 97.40 D ASP A 57 ASP A 57 19.933 ATOM 448 0 55.395 -30.900 1.00112.19 C 19.781 CB A TZA 57 MOTA 449 56.116 -30.995 1.00121.70 C 21.068 ASP A 57 MOTA 450 ÇG 1.00128.34 0 56.543 -29.959 21.660 451 OD1 ASP A 57 ATOM 1.00123.94 0 21.589 56.364 -32.125 452 OD2 ASP A 57 ATOM 1.00 90.49 N 18.084 55.433 -27.843 ASP A 58 ATOM 453 N 56.352 -26.826 1.00 87.06 C 454 CA ASP A ASP A 58 17.622 ATOM 55.997 -25.427 1.00 73.82 C 18.071 455 C 58 ATOM 1.00 62.84 0 ASP A 58 56.880 -24.577 18-180 456 0 ATOM 56.433 -26.809 1.00103.58 C 16.093 457 CB ASP A 58 ATOM CG ASP A 58 OD1 ASP A 58 OD2 ASP A 58 1.00113.84 C 15.4B7 56.564 -28.191 458 ATOM 57.677 -28.763 1.00117.69 0 15.498 ATOM 459 55.534 -28.700 1.00121.72 O 14.997 460 MOTA 54.717 -25.174 1.00 64.75 N 18.320 SER A 59 461 ATOM N 54.313 -23.828 1.00 61.90 C SER A 59 18.681 462 CA ATOM 1.00 64.15 C 1,9.628 53.131 -23.689 SER A 59 ATOM 463 C 1.00 60.43 0 SER A 59 SER A 59 SER A 59 52.359 -24.627 19.869 ATOM 454 0 54.000 -23.052 1.00 55.02 C 17.408 . MOTA 465 CB 1.00 62.54 Q 52.881 -23.625 16.760 ATOM 466 OG 1.00 58.32 N 53.005 -22.473 SER A 60 20.145 467 N MOTA 1.00 53.12 C 21.062 51.941 -22.111 SER A 60 MOTA 468 CA 1.00 51.38 C SER A 60 SER A 60 51.465 -20.708 20.694 469 C ATOM 1.00 50.11 0 20.439 52.271 -19.815 ATOM 470 0 22.502 52.451 -22.127 1.00 48.06 € ATOM 471 CB 1.00 54.93 0 SER A 60 51.420 -21.751 23.407 472 OG MOTA 50.157 -20.509 1.00 41.41 N 20.667 N THR A 61 473 MOTA 1.00 44.19 C 49.618 -19.206 20.308 THR A 61 ATOM 474 ÇA 48.979 -18.501 1.00 42.41 C C 21.489 THR A 61 MOTA 475 1.00 46.93 0 48.188 -19.081 22.227 THRA 61 ATOM 476 0 1.00 47.49 C 19.183 46.583 -19.353 MOTA 477 CB THR A 61 1.00 56.06 0 49.233 -19.880 478 OG1 THR A 61 18.023 . ATOM 1.00 45.18 C . 47.945 -18.004 479 CG2 THR A 61 18.837 ATOM 21.674 49.359 -17.247 1.00 37.61 N 22.731 48.797 -16.432 1.00 39.04 C 1.00 37.61 N LEU A 62 480 N ATOM MOTA 481 CA LEU A 62

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22.076 47.810 -15.475 1.00 38.19 C LEU A 62 ATOM . 482 C 48.185 -14.722 1.00 38.43 O LEU A 62 21.171 MOTA 483 0 1.00 34.82 C LEU A 62 23.431 49.896 -15.628 ATOM 484 CB 24.273 49.373 -14.461 1,00 46.86 C 485 CG LEU A 62 ATOM 48.550 -14.996 1.00 41.11 C MOTA 486 CD1 LEU A 62 25.418 CD2 LEU A 62 1.00 40.98 C 50.517 -13.617 24.797 ATOM 487 '48B 1.00 34.32 N THR A 63 22.488 46.548 -15.514 N ATOM 1.00 42.11 C 45.570 -14.563 CA .THR A 63 21.930 MOTA 489 THR A 63 23.043 45.058 -13.694 1.00 38.02 C C ATOM 490 1.00 39.91 0 THR A 63 THR A 63 24.086 44.634 ~14.181 A/TOM 491 Ω 44.333 -15.284 1.00 44.60 C 21.312 492 CB ATOM. OG1 THR A 63 44.746 -16.193 1.00 38.13 0 20.291 MOTA 493 1.00 41.53 C 20.709 43.388 -14.247 494 CG2 THR A 63 ATOM M DE.SE 00.1 ILE A G4 22.831 45.096 -12.390 MOTA 495 N 1.00 40.27 C 44.595 -11.464 ILE A 64 23.835 496 ÇA ATOM ILE A 64 43.299 -10.884 1.00 44.61 C 497 C 23.288 MOTA 1.00 43.38 O 22.400 43.324 -10.032 ILE A 64 498 O. MOTA 24.116 24.757 25.032 45.600 -10.319 1.00 43.07 C CB ILE A 64 499 MOTA 46.868 -10.894 44.962 -9.265 1.00 50.00 C CGI ILE A 64 MOTA 500 CG2 ILE A 64 1.00 36.35 C MOTA 501 1.00 45.65 C CD1 ILE A 64 N TYR A 65 47.930 -9.867 MOTA 502 25.080 503 23.811 42.175 -11.373 1.00 41.50 N MOTA N 1.00 41.75 C 23.398 40.851 -10.917 504 CA TYR A 65 MOTA 40.399 -9.746 1.00 46.17 C 24.239 505 C TYR A 65 MOTA 1.00 46.44 Q -9.628 MOTA 506 0 TYR A 55 25,400 40.796 1.00 39.24 C 39.814 -12.023 TYR A 65 23.591 MOTA 507 CB 1.00 46.02 C TYR A 65 39.936 -13.177 22.643 ATOM 508 CC 1.00 43.20 C CD1 TYR A 65 23.074 40.408 -14.415 MOTA 509 39.560 -13.035 1,00 40.19 C 21.304 CD2 TYR A 65 MOTA 510 . 22.198 1.00 46.92 C 40.503 -15.492 ATOM 511 CE1 TYR A 65 20,406 39.644 -14.117 1.00 42.02 C CEZ TYR A 65 ATOM 512 40.117 -15.337 1.00 47.29 C TYR A 65 20.868 ATOM 513 CZ TYR A 65 40.185 -16.399 1.00 46.88 O 20.008 MOTA 514 OH 1.00 43.81 N -8.897 MOTA 515 N ASN A 66 23,. 660 39.556 24.368 38.990 -7.756 1.00 48.17 C ASN A 66 ATOM 516 CA 1.00 48.24 C asn a 66 asn a 66 -7.062 517 C . 25.277 40.002 ATOM -6.955 1.00 48.04 0 39.792 26.489 0 MOTA 518 1.00 44.79 C -8.241 CB ASN A 66 25.206 37.817 ATOM 519 1.00 58.80 C -7.100 CG ASN A 66 25.844 37.052 MOTA 520 36.393 1.00 62.64 O 26.868 -7.279ATOM. 521 OD1 ASN A 66 1.00 60.17 N -5.919 ND2 ASN A 66 25.237 37.127 ATOM 522 1.00 47.68 N -6.566 ALA A 67 24.684 41.080 MOTA 523 N 25.448 1.00 40.81 C -5.935 MOTA 524 CA ALA A 67 42.151 1.00 49.08 C ALA A 67 41.798 -4.739525 C 26.301 ATOM 1.00 47.57 O -3.910ALA A 67 25.937 40.963 MOTA 526 O 1.00 44.48 C 24.523 43.290 -5.553 ALA A 67 ATOM 527 CB 1.00 50.95 N ASN A 68 ASN A 68 ATOM 528 N 27.435 42.482 -4.6491.00 54.43 C -3.52928.344 42.315 MOTA 529 CA 1.00 55.80 C ASN A 68 28.763 43.719 -3.093 C ATOM 530 -3.872 1.00 45.45 0 ASN A 58 28,665 44.678 MOTA 531 0 29.557 41.476 ~3.922 1.00 51.73 C ASN A 68 MOTA 532 CB 1.00 61.49 C CG ASN A 68 OD1 ASN A 68 ND2 ASN A 68 42.201 -4.854ATOM 533 30.494 -4.5791.00 50.88 0 30.920 43.322 MOTA 534 1.00 52.62 N 41.554 -5.963 30.835 MOTA 535 1.00 52.73 N ATOM ILE A 69 29.235 43.835 -1.856 536 N -1.285 1.00 58,71 C ILB A 69 45.118. MOTA 537. CA 29.630 1.00 51.79 C 45.990 -2.13730.545 ATOM 538 C ILE A 69 . 1.00 52.79 O 30.483 30.299 47.20B -2.043 ATOM 539 0 ILE A 69 0.095 1.00 60.50 C 44.937 MOTA 540 CB ILE A 69

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-0.063 1.00 67.17 C 44.301 31.681 CG1 ILE A 69 541 ATOM 1.00 59.59 C 29.410 44.091 0.987 542 CG2 ILE A 69 MOTA 1.211 1.00 80.29 C 69 32.506 44.314 543 CD1 ILE A ATOM ~2.956 1.00 46.36 N 70 31.396 45.384 ASP A 544 N ATOM -3.7811.00 50.45 C ASP A 70 32.277 46.184 545 CA MOTA 1.00 58.77 C -4.991 31.587 46.792 70 ASP A MOTA 546 C 47.477 -5.784 1.00 53.61 0 32,227 547 asp a 70 MOTA 0 1.00 50:41 C -4.241 CB ASP A 70 33.473 45.369 548 ATOM -3.088 1.00 69.82 C 34.388 44.991 70 ATOM 549 CG A GEA -2.208 1.00 68.65 0 70 34.622 45.851 550 OD1 ASP A MOTA 1.00 67.67 O -3.06470 34.878 43.842 OD2 ASP A MOTA 551 -5.144 1.00 54.09 N 30.290 46.540 552 N ASP A 71 ATOM 29.554 47.102 -6.269 1.00 50.10 C 71 ASP A. CA MOTA 553 1.00 52.41 C 28.969 48.474 -5.898 MOTA 554 C ASP A 71 1.00 47.41 0 -6.764 49.224 ASP A 71 28.508 555 0 MOTA -6.708 1.00 49.99 C 28.406 46.166 ASP A 71 ATOM 556 CB 28.892 1.00 49.02 C -7.302 44.834 557 ASP A 71 ATOM CG 1.00 46.46 0 29.813 44.835 -8.146 ODI ASP A 71 558 MOTA 1.00 50.74 0 -6.929 28.324 43.784 ODZ ASP A 71 MOTA **\$59** -4.610 1.00 42.72 N ALA A 72 28.987 48.601 560 N ATOM 1.00 45.31 C 50.063 -4.133 28.429 ALA A 72 561 CA ATOM 1.00 47.73 C -4.686 51.291 562 C A AJA 72 29.129 ATOM 1.00 47.41 0 -4.977 30.326 51.268 ALA A 72 563 a MOTA 1.00 47.05 C .28.460 50.107 -2.604 ALA A 72 MOTA 564 CB -4.821 1.00 48.72 N 73 28.378 52.374 MOTA 565 N GLY A 1.00 54.09 C 28.976 53.593 -5.322 73 GLY A ATOM 566 ĊA 1.00 51.98 C 54.331 -6.34128.144 ATOM 567 C GLY A 73 1.00 49.57 0 73 27.018 53.939 -6.653 GLY A 0 ATOM 568 -6.859 1.00 51.79 N 28.716 55.413 74 ATOM. 569 N ILE A -7.850 1.00 48.58 C 56.242 570 ÇA ILE A 74 28.052 ATOM 1.00 47.75 C -9.237 74 28.428 55.760 · ILE A ATOM 572 C 1.00 46.87 0 29.603 55.780 -9.620 ILE A 572 0 74 MOTA 1.00 54.10 C 28.475 57.717 -7:705 CB ILE A 74 573 MOTA 28.061 -6.323 1.00 60.29 C 58,227 ATOM 574 CG1 ILE A 74 1.00 51.72 C -8.816 58,551 CG2 ILE A 74 27.860 575 ATOM -6.041 1.00 55.15 C 28.463 59.656 74 MOTA 576 CD1 ILE A 1.00 39.87 N 27.429 -9.960 55.272 5,77 N TYR A 75 ATOM .75 1.00 48.23 C 27.637 54.826 -11.330 A SYT 578 CA MOTA 56.010 -12.126 1.00 48.15 C 75 27.168 MOTA 579 C TYR A 56.764 -11.682 1.00 46.43 0 580 0 TYR A 75 26.293 atom 53.629 -11.707 1.00 44.56 C 26.745 CB 75 ATOM 581 TYR A 52.331 -11-050 1.00 47.56 C 27.137 582 CG TYR A 75 ATOM 1.00 39.03 C 75 26.925 52.133 -9.682 CD1 TYR A 583 atom 1.00 43:44 C 27.789 51.326 -11.773 584 CD2 TYR A 75 ATOM 1.00 39.99 C -9.045 585 CE1 TYR A 75 . .27.356 50.967 MOTA 28,230 50.162 -21.146 1.00 32.79 C CE2 TYR A 75 MOTA 586 1.00 35.84 C -9.778 49.990 28.010 ATOM 587 \mathbf{cz} TYR A 75 1.00 43.95 0 75 28.463 48.851 -9.153 588 OH TYR A ATOM 1.00 48.85 N 56.201 -13.299 27.739 589 N A EYJ 76 MOTA 1.00 48.84 C 57,305 -14.090 590 CA LYS A 76 27.270 ATOM 27.178 56.938 -15.532 1.00 44.98 C 76 ATOM 591 C LYS A 1.00 47.18 0 56.092 ~16.052 MOTA 592 0 LYS A 76 27.912 1.00 56.56 C 28.115 58.551 ~13.857 76 593 CB MOTA LYS A 29.442 1.00 59.09 C 58.619 -14.520 594 CG LYS · A 76 ATOM 1.00 66.83 C 595 LYS A 76 30.046 59.941 -14.072 CD MOTA 31.142 60.452 -14.968 1.00 71.43 C 76 ATOM 596 CE LYS A 1.00 73.15 N 61.794 -14.449 LYS A '76 31.553 597 NZ MOTA N 26,194 57.553 -16.153 1.00 45.89 N CYS A 77 598 MOTA 25.888 57.319 -17.532 1.00 44.65 C CYS A 77 MOTA 599 CA

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58.600 -18.270 I.00 47.89 C 26.233 600 C CYS A 77 MOTA 1.00 52.98 0 CYS A 77 59.666 -17.945 25.718 601 MOTA Ο 1.00.42.61 C 57.004 -17.652 24.401 602 CB CYS A 77 MOTA 1.00 61.23 S .23.808 56.802 -19.350 CYS A 77 MOTA 603 SG 1.00 50.12 N 78 27.122 58.494 -19.249 VAL A 604 N ATOM 1.00 46.50 C 78 27.547 59.658 -20.019 ATOM 605 CA VAL A 27.082 59.581 -21.471 1.00 43.99 C MOTA - 606 C VAL A **7**B 58.552 -22.131 1.00 48.45.0 78 27.222 VAL A MOTA 607 0 59.795 -19.993 1.00 46.58 C 29.084 VAL A 78 608 CB ATOM 61.010 -20.820 1.00 51.99 C CG1 VAL A 78 29.517 609 ATOM 1.00 41.06 C CG2 VAL A 78 N VAL A 79 59.942 -18.547 29,566 MOTA 610 60.672 -21.965 1.00 48.68 N 26,521 MOTA 611 VAL A 79 60.720 -23.343 1.00 57.39 C 26.047 MOTA 612 CA 1.00 54.87 C VAL A 79 61.666 -24.119 25.945 AU'UM 613 С 1.00 52.91 0 62.792 -23.691 VAL A 79 27.194 MOTA 614 0 1.00 60.20 C VAL A 79 VAL A 79 24.598 61.227 -23.417 615 CB MOTA 61.155 -24.848 1.00 54.06 C 24.085 MOTA 616 CG1 1.00 56.02 C CG2 VAL A 79 . 23.730 60.395 -22-487 617 MOTA 27.452 28.313 61.191 -25.247 1.00 48.32 N 618 N THRA 80 ATOM 1.00 52.81 C 62.011 -26.066 THR A 80 619 CA. MOTA 1.80 54.17 C C THRA BO . 27.706 62.226 -27.450 620 ATOM 61.266 -28.187 1.00 49.22 0 27.501 THR A 80 MOTA 621 0 1.00 54.94 C 61.371 -26.241 THR A 80 29.691 CB MOTA 622 1.00 54.31 0 61.104 -24.954 OG1 THR A 80 . .30,268 623 MOTA 30.601 .62.318 -27.012 1.00 41.33 °C CG2 THR A 80 624 MOTA 1.00 56.76 N 27.430 63.467 -27.787 ALA A 81 MOTA 625 N 63.866 -29.088 1.00 58.85 C 26.859 ALA A 81 ATOM 626 CA 1.00 58.97 C 27.942 63.828 -30.165 ALA A SI ATOM 627 С 1.00 53.72 0 63.922 -29.847 29.131 628 , O ALA A 81 ATOM 1.00 60.88 C 65.265 -29.005 26.263 629 CB ALA A 81 ATOM 1.00 67.86 N 63.712 -31.429 27.528 GLU A 82 630 N ATOM 63.639 -32.555 1.00 73.18 C 631 CA GLU A 82 28.462 MOTA 1.00 68.06 C 29.599 64.664 -32.507 ATOM 632 C GLU A 82 1.00 65.36 0 64.398 -32.993 GLU A 82 30.700 633 O ATOM 63.768 -33.887 1.00 74.95 C 27.707 GLU A 82 CB ATOM 634 1.00 98.35 C GLU A CG 82 28.027 62-638 -34.868 635 ATOM 62.768 -36.194 1.00111.66 C 27.295 GLU À 82 MOTA 636 CD 1.00118.11 0 63.034 -36.178 OE1 GLU A 82 26.071 ATOM 637 1.00117.01 0 62.594 -37.253 OE2 GLU A 82 27.942 638 MOTA 1.00 62.35 N ASP A 29.340 65.821 -31.907 639 N 83 MOTA 1.00 67.89 C 66-877 -31.812 ASP A 83 30.340 640 ÇA ATOM 1.00 71.00 C 66.830 -30.533 ASP A 83 31-171 641 C MOTA 31.929 67.759 -30.246 1.00 73.73 0 ATOM 642 0 ASP A 83 1.00 74.31 C 643 29.653 68.230 -31.924 ĊВ ASP A 83 MOTA 1.00 82.18 C 68.461 -30.815 644 CG ASP A 83 28.664 ATOM 1.00 93.75 0 67.508 -30.462 OD1 ASP A 27.939 83 645 MOTA 1.00 87.77 0 69.593 -30.301 646 OD2 ASP A 83 28.606 ATOM 1.00 69.26 N 31.017 65.760 -29.759 GLY A MOTA 647 N 84 1.00 61.95 C GLY A 84 31.790 65.617 -28.533 648 CA MOTA 1.00 62.86 C 66.254 -27.266 31.242 C GLY A 84 MOTA 649 1.00 65.82 0 GLY A 84 31.851 66.139 -26.197 65D D MOTA 1.00 55.77 N 66.936 -27-361 30.106 MOTA 651 N THR A 85 1.00 63.65 C 29.535 67.559 ~26.176 652 CA THR A 85 ATOM 28.929 66.445 -25.320 1.00 61.95 C THR A 653 C 85 MOTA 1.00 56:86 0 65.528 -25.839 654 ٥ THR A 85 28.291 MOTA 1.00 61.72 C 68.614 -26.555 THR A 85 28.471 MOTA 655 CB 1.00 73.83 Q 27.458 68.019 -27.373 OGI THR A 85. 656 ATOM 1,00 69.89 C ATOM . CGZ THR A 85 29.125 69.749 -27.325 657 29,130 66.520 -24.011 1.00 58.16 N GLN A 86 MOTA 658 N

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Table 2

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HOIBERG A/S

1.00 63.76 C 28.628 65.464 -23.141 ATOM 659 CA GLN A B6 27.695 65.900 -22.030 1.00 62.47 C 660 GLN A 86 MOTA C 1.00 64.92 0 27.803 67.011 -21.505 GLN A 86 MOTA 661 \mathbf{D} 1.00 56.96 C 29.793 64.715 -22.498 GLN A B6 662 CB MOTA 1.00 50.28 C 64.242 -23.460 3D.860 CG GLN A 86 663 MOTA 63.519 -22.724 1.00 54.10 C 31.964 GLN A 86 654 $\mathbb{C}\mathfrak{D}$ ATOM 1.00 54.08 Q 32.390 63.965 -21.663 OE1 GLN A 86 ATOM 665 62.401 -23.276 1.00 56.27 N 32.436 NEZ GLN A 86 666 ATOM 1.00 63.47 N 64.986 -21.667 26.800 667 SER A 87 ATOM N 1.00 68.11 C SER A 87 SER A 87 65.182 -20.568 25.836 668 CA ATOM 63.906 -19.749 1.00 65.62 C 25.889 ATOM 669 C 26.194 SER A 87 62.829 -20.270 1.00 69.37 O 670 ATOM D 24.420 65.362 -21.150 24.344 66.449 -22.057 1.00 75.52 C 671 CB SER A 87 MOTA 1.00 68.36 0 24.344 5EH A 67 GLU A 88 OĞ 672 MOTA 64.009 -18.460 1.00 63.19 N MOTA 673 77 62.827 -17.607 1.00 53.44 C 25.623 674 CA GLU A B8 MOTA 24.532 62.803 -16.556 1.00 59.13 C MOTA 675 C GLU A 88 1.00 58.88 O 23.942 63.824 -16.209 GLU A B8 676 0 MOTA 26.976 62.711 -16.904 1.00 60.59 C GLU A 88 CB MOTA 677 1.00 67.25 C 63.816 -15.898 GLU A 88 27.272 67B CG ATOM 63.687 -15.277 1.00 78.40 C 28.656 CD GLU A 88 MOTA 679 1.00 79.36 0 63.494 -16.035 OEL GLU A 88 29.631 680 ATOM 28.773 63.782 -14.033 1.00 81.96 0 OE2 GLU A 88 ATOM. 681 1.00 54.88 N 24.254 ALA A 89 61.602 -16.079 MOTA 682 N 61.384 -15.027 60.407 -14.149 1.00 45.50 C 23.283 ALA A 89 683 CA ATOM 1.00 52.74 C ALA A 89 ALA A 89 24.036 ATOM 684 C 59.552 -14.659 1.00 4B.26 O 24.777 665 0 ATOM 1.00 53.66 C ALA A 89 22.022 60.736 -15.567 ATOM 686 CB 60.549 -12.839 59.647 -11.932 1.00 46-21 N 23.887 687 N THR A 90 ATOM THR A 90 THR A 90 THR A 90 1.00 49.08 C 24.558 MOTA 688 CA 58.993 -11.051 1.00 49.13 C 23.515¹ 689 C ATOM 1.00 49.24 O 59.516 -10.861 22.402 ATOM 690 0 1.00 48.30 € 60.376 -11.052 25.587 THR A 90 691 CB ATOM OG1 THR A 90 CG2 THR A 90 N VAL A 91 61.366 -10.256 .1.00 53.97 O 24.932 692 ATOM 61.041 -11.915 1.00 52.65 C 26.640 693 ATOM 57.823 -10.539 1.00 45.14 N 23.871 ATOM' 694 1.00 48.65 C VAL A 91 57.102 -9.667 22.966 695 CA MOTA 56.474 1.00 45.53 C -8.527 VAL A 91 23.736 ATOM 696 C -8.740 1.00 47.93 0 VAL A 91 VAL A 91 24.708 55.754 .697 0 ATOM 56.035 -10.433 1.00 50:62 C 22.164 MOTA 698 CB 1.00 4B.35 C 55.013 ~11.094 699 CG1 VAL A 91 23.113 ATOM 55.349 -9.474 1.00 54.01 C 21.177 CG2 VAL A 91 700 ATOM 56.773 -7.306 1.00 49.96 N ASN A 92 23.304 701 N. ATOM 1.00 50.90 C 23.964 56.255 ~6.116 ASN A 92 702 CA ATOM -5.780 1.00 45.05 C C ASN A 92 23.399 54.887 703 MOTA 22.220 54.742 ~5.466 1.00 48.81 0 asn a 704 92 MOTA 0 1.00 47.93 C -4.93223.757 57.200 CB ASN A 92 705 MOTA 56.786 -3.7241.00 54.25 C ASN A 92 24.569 MOTA 706 CG 1.00 56.44 0 odi asn a 56.897 -2.584 92 24.115 MOTA 707 56.304 -3.969 1.00 54.09 N ND2 ASN A 92 25.784 708 MOTA 1.00 46.44 N VAL A 93 . 24.256 53.881 -5.851 MOTA 709 M 1.00 .47.68 C -5.574 23.831 52,527 VAL A 93 710 CA ATOM 52.085 -4.232 1.00 46.87 C VAL A 93 24,387 ATOM 711 C 1.00 45.39 0 25.602 52.009 -4.053VAL A 93 712 O ATOM 1.00 44.88 C 51.548 -6.679 VAL A 93 24.310 MOTA 713 CB 1.00 50,34 C ~6.365 23.834 50.143 CG1 VAL A 93 714 ATOM CG2 VAL A 23.769 51.981 -8.042 1.00 51.13 C 715 93 ATOM -3.290 1.00 52.11 N N LYS A 94 51.807 23.490 716 ATOM 23.902 51.347 -1.961 1.00 59.43 C CA LYS A 94 717 ATOM

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→ PVS

1.00 55.63 C 49.832 ~1.886 23,774 LYS A 94 718 C MOTA 1.00 43.24 0 -2.471 49.241 22.871 LYS A 94 719 0 MOTA -0.855 1,00 55.35 C 23.033 51.960 94 720 CB LYS A ATOM 1.00 65.17 C ~0.668 23.173 53.464 A ZYJ 94 721 CG MOTA 1.00 67.48 C 22.156 0.356 53.977 722 CD LYS A 94 ATOM 1.00 74.84 C 55.492 0.362 22,081 723 CE LYS A 94 ATOM 1.00 78.54 N 55.986 1.310 LYS A 94 21.040 724 NZ MOTA 1.00 56.66 N 24.699 49.202 -1.1B1 ILE A 95 725 N ATOM .-1.004 1.00 56.71 C ILE A 95 24,658 47.762 726 CA ATOM 1.00 59.65 C 0.495 47.546 24.467 ILE A 95 727 С MOTA 1.00 53.96 0 1.305 48.298 25.004 ILE A 95 728 0 MOTA 1.00 50.11 C -1.451 25.981 47.086 ILE A 95 729 CB MOTA 1.00 58.21 C -2.935 47.361 CG1 ILE A 95 26.247 730 ATOM 1.00 55.81 C 25.905 ~1.206 45.584 CG2 ILB A 95 MOTA 731 1.00 46.59 C 46.878 -3.869 25.141 95 CD1 ILE A 732 ATOM 0.863 1.00 56.77 N 23.670 46.553 PHE A 96 733 N ATOM 2.269 1.00 56.57 C PHE A 96 23.464 46.249 ATOM 734 CA 23.070 1.00 52.33 C 2.380 44.791 PHE A 96 735 C MOTA 1.00 55.58 0 22.921 44.087 1.375 PHE A 96 MOTA 736 0 1.00 51.68 C 2.893 47.146 PHE A 96 -22.389CB 737 ATOM 1.00 55.80 C 2.570 20.984 46.731 738 CG PHE A 96 ATOM 3.589 1.00 56.18 C CD1 PHE A 96 20.078 46.441 739 MOTA 1.00 53.68 C 1.249 46.630 20.565 CD2 PHE A 96 740 ATOM 1.00 61.36 C 3.287 18.770 46.055 CE1 PHE A 96 741 ATOM 0.932 1.00 54.41 C 46.249 19.268 742 . CEZ PHE A 96 ATOM 1.00 51.56 C 1.951 18.362 45.959 PHE A 96 743 CZ ATOM 1.00 44.80 N 3.607 GLN A 97 22,929 44.323 744 MMOTA 1.00 41.35 C 22.565 .42.945 3.819 GLN A 97 745 CA MOTA 1.00 43.49 C 42.956 4.559 21.257 C GLN A 97 MOTA 746 1.00 48.61 0 5.725 21.185 43.352 GLN A 97 747 0 ATOM 1.00 50.03 C 23.639 4.639 42.220 97. 748 CB GLN A MOTA 1.00 42.38 C 5.074 40.811 23.239 97 ATOM 749 CG GLN A 1.00 45.87 C 39.B85 3.899 22.968 GLN A 97 CD MOTA 750 1.00 50.97 O 3.148 23.879 39.539 751 OEL GLN A 97 MOTA 1.00 43.50 N 3.725 NEZ GLN A 97 21.712 39.485 752 MOTA. 1.00 43.56 N 42.557 3.861 20.208 753 И LYS A 98 MOTA 1.00 50.07 C 4.493 18.914 42.503 LYS A 98 754 CA ATOM 1.00 45.12 C 98 5.594 41.436 LYS A 18.988 C 755 ATOM 1.00 44.19 0 40.483 5.518 19.772 LYS A 98 756 0 ATOM 1.00 42.89 C 3.467 LYS A 98 17.835 42.141 757 CB ATOM 1.00 54.06 C 40.689 3.029 17.806 98 758 LYS A MOTA CG 1.00 70.03 C 16.620 40.432 2.091 LYS A 98 MOTA 759 CD 1.00 74.47 C 1.674 38.972 16.542 98 MOTA 760 CE LYS A 1.00 87.06 N 0.799 38.722. 15.366 LYS A 98 761 NZMOTA 6.625 1.00 42.33 N 18.187 41.633 762 N LEU A 99 ATOM 1.00 48.11 C 7.743 LEU A 18.112 40.718 99 CA 763 MOTA 1.00 51.43 C 7.271 17.731 39.322 ATOM 764 C LEU A 99 1.00 54.69 O 6.784 16.622 39.119 99 LEU A MOTA 765 O 8.727 1.00 40.97 C 41.223 17.058 CB LEU A 99 766 ATOM 1.00 51.52 C 16.874 9.974 99. 40.365 LEU A MOTA 767 CG 1.00 49.68 C 10.829 CD1 LEU A 99 18.114 40.494 MOTA 768 1.00 51.15 C 40.822 10.765 15,663 CD2 LEU A 99 MOTA 769 1.00 48.12 N 7.388 38.358 MET A 100 18.643 770 N MOTA 1.00 51.56 C. 6.995 18.321 36.984 MET A 100 771 CA ATOM 1.00 51.77 C 7.907 19.033 35.977 ATOM 772 C MET A 100 .1.00 39.76 O 8.621 19.991 36.322 MET A 100 ATOM 773 0 1.00 61.21 C 36.727 5.512 18.650 CB MET A 100 MOTA 774 1.00 69.49 C 5.166 36.564 MET A 100 20.116 ATOM 775 CG 3.372 1.00 84.60 S 20.416 36.505 MET A 100 ATOM 776 SD

→ PVS

Table 2

1.00 92.44 C MET A 100 19.818 34.884 2.949 CE ATOM 777 7.908 1.00 45.49 N 18.531 PHE A 101 34.745 778 N MOTA 1.00 50.25 C 33.684 8.732 PHE A 101 19.085 ATOM 779 CA 1.00 43.40 C 32.893 7.995 PHE A 101 20.138 780 C ATOM 1.00 61.65 0 19.907 32.400 6.902 PHE A 101 MOTA 781 0 1.00 46.80 C 32.769 17.969 9.210 782 CB PHE A 101 MOTA 1.00 46.54 C 17.019 33.450 10.137 PHE A 101 MOTA 783 CG 9.652 1.00 52.32 C 15.900 34.112 784 CDI PHE A 101 MOTA 1.00 44.46 C PHE A 101 17.274 33.488 11.499 CD2 MOTA 785 34.822 10.516 1.00 43.20 C 15.054 ATOM 786 CEL PHE A 101 1.00 48.20 C 12.366 PHE A 101 16.441 34.192 CE2 ATOM 787 34.858 1.00 48.40 C. 15.322 11.869 PHE A 101 788 CZ MOTA 1.00 51.46 N 8.611 LYS A 102 21,302 32.771 MOTA 789 N 1.00 48.23 C 22.420 32.066 8.009 790 CA LYS A 102 MOTA 1.00 54.86 C 8.468 22.516 30.619 791 C LYS A 102 MOTA 1.00 62.07 O 7.668 LYS A 102 22.768 29.712 MOTA 792 O 23.714 8.340 1.00 57.97 C 32.799 LYS A 102 793 CB ATOM 7.720 1.00 71.82 C LYS A 102 24.954 32.199 CG ATOM 794 1.00 82.19 C 26.170 33.021 8-10B 795 LYS A 102 MOTA CD 1.00 BB.42 C 7.169 27.335 32.773 CE LYS A 102 796 ATOM 1.00 98.10 N 28.516 33.602 7.540 LYS A 10Z 797 NZ ATOM 30.409 9.763 1.00 47.83 N 22.328 79B N ASN A 103 MOTA 1.00 43.78 C **ASN A 103** 22.379 29.081 10.339 799 CA ATOM 11.525 1.00 45.04 C 29.084 21.419 **ASN A 103** ATOM -800 C 1.00 40.24 0 12.534 21.661 29.751 **ASN A 103** 801 O. MOTA 1.00 45.29 C 28.764 10.800 23.B02 **ASN A 103** 802 CB ATOM 1.00 46.73 C 11.565 23.886 27.468 **EDI A NZA** MOTA 803 CG 1.00 54.61 0 26.402 11.037 23.582 OD1 ASN A 103 804 MOTA 12.822 1.00 50.10 N 24.308 27.552 ASN A 103 805 ND2 ATOM 1.00 40.89 N 28.369 11.379 20.312 **ALA A 104** MOTA 806 N 28.264 12.422 1.00 48.41 C 19.304 ALA A 104 CA 807 MOTA 1.00 52.07 C 12.200 18.651 26.906 ALA A 104 808 C ATOM 1.00 51.94 0 17.490 26.811 11.829 ALA A 104 MOTA 809 0 12.241 1.00 53.18 C 18.280 29.359 ALA A 104 CB MOTA 810 1.00 47.52 N 12.461 19.386 25.834 PRO A 105 811 N ATOM 1.00 45.57 C 12.265 24.481 18.873 PRO A 105 MOTA 612 CA 1.00 47.49 C 17.700 24.096 13.112 PRO A 105 ATOM 813 C 1.00 41.72 0 24.606 14.223 PRO A 105 17.508 O MOTA 814 1.00 49.47 C 23.588 12.501 20.087 PRO A 105 815 CB MOTA 24.460 13.270 1.00 52.18 C PRO A 105 21.055 CG 816 ATOM 1.00 52.90 C 25.867 13.230 PRO A 105 20.631 **817** CD ATOM 1.00 48.69 N 23.260 12.515 **16.864** THR A 106 818 И MOTA 1.00 52.32 C THR A 106 15.717 22.758 13.215 ATOM 819 CA 1.00 58.90 C 21.322 12.759 15.529 820 C THR A 106 A'TOM 11.581 1.00 55.09 O 20.999 15.672 THR A 106 O MOTA 821 1.00 53.67 C 23.612 12.955 14.447 822 CB THR A 106 MOTA 23.053 1.00 54.59 Q 13.698 THR A 106 13.355 823 OGI ATOM 1.00 58.16 C 14.097 23.641 11.468 824 CG2 THR A 106 MOTA 1.00 52.16 N 13.714 PRO A 107 15.275 20.424 825 N ATOM 1.00 43.22 C 20.737 15.138 15.184 PRO A 107 MOTA 826 CA 1.00 47.05 C 20.810 15.732 PRO A 107 16.585 827 C MOTA 1.00 45.59 0 15.064 PRO A 107 17.578 20.532 MOTA 828 0 14.426 19.539 15.688 1.00 49.39 C 829 CB PRO A 107 MOTA 14.902 1.00 55.45 C 15.052 18.411 830 CG FRO A 107 MOTA 1.00 \$5.64 C 18.986 13.480 15.065 PRO A 107 ATOM 831 CD 21.202 16.994 1.00 40.58 N GLN A 108 16.650 632 N MOTA 1.00 46.97 C 21.229 17.709 17.901 **GLN A 108** ATOM 833 CA 20.339 1.00 44.47 C 18.896 17.566 834 С GLN A 108 ATOM 1.00 36.69 0 16.492 20.467 19.489 0 GLN A 10B MOTA 835

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HOIBERG A/S

18.084 1.00 40.68 C ATOM 836 CB GLN A 108 18.271 22.657 18.770 16.846 1.00 37.05 C 23.436 837 CG GLN A 108 MOTA GLN A 108 17.171 1.00 40.43 C 19.203 24.847 MOTA **B38** \mathbf{c} 18.172 1.00 36.29 0 19.879 25.073 OE1 GLN A 108 **B39** ATOM 16.332 1.00 37.82 N 25.805 ATOM 840 NE2 GLN A 108 18.828 1.00 38.32 N GLU A 109 18.469 19.413 19.203 ATOM 841 N 1.00 39.59 C 20.257 GLU A 109 18.261 18.425 842 CA MOTA 18.551 21.424 1.00 44.20 C ·19.216 19.216
20.380
18.364
17.437
17.358
17.295
18.713
19.491
19.154
18.071
19.202
19.299
18.189
20.522
18.301
20.649
19.533
20.108 843 C GLU A 109 MOTA 1.00 41.88 O 18.922 O GLU A 109 21.254 844 ATOM 1.00 39.87 C 18.364. 17.437 19.637 17.033 845 GLU A 109 ATOM CB 1.00 45.54 C GLU A 109 16.885 18.448 ATOM 846 CG 1.00 49.95 C GLU A 109 15.478 17.912 MOTA 847 9 18.713 1.00 54.48 0 OE1 GLU A 109 14.518 MOTA 848 1.00 54.37 0 15.330 16.678 OE2 GLU A 109 MOTA 849 22.609 1.00 36.31 N 18.223 PHE A 110. ATOM 850 N 1.00 37.31 C 18.314 23.825 MOTA 851. CA PHE A 110 1.00 44.15 C 24.748 17.167 PHE A 110 852 C MOTA 1.00 42.74 0 1.00 29.73 C 24.694 16.596 853 PHE A 110 ATOM 0 24.531 CB PHE A 110 19.643 854 MOTA 1.00 36.45 C 23.612 ATOM **B**55 CG PHE A 110 20.831 1.00 37.59 C 22.922 21.286 CD1 PHE A 110 ATOM 856 1.00 35.71 C CD2 PHE A 110 21.445 23.387 857 MOTA 1.00 49.86 C 22.337 22.006 CE1 PHE A 110 ATOM 858 22.489 - 22.476 1.00 43.61 C CE2 PHE A 110 MOTA 859 1.00 39.36 C 21.785 22.939 MOTA 860 CZ PHE A 110 25.592 1.00 38.44 N 20.108 16.819 861 N LYS A 111 MOTA 20.108 16.819 19.909 15.745 25.533 1.00 39.53 C LYS A 111 CA MOTA 862 16.395 27.769 1.00 33.66 C 863 C LYS A 111 19.327 ATOM 19.832 28.238 1.00 37.40 O 17.419 864 Q LYS A 111 ATOM 1.00 35.52 C 21,254 15.075 26.845 CB LYS A 111 865 ATOM 27.890 1.00 45.41 C LYS A 111 21.185 13.974 MOTA 866 CG 28.006 1.00 51.44 C LYS A 111 22.548 13.272 ATOM 867 α 1.00 58.54 C 29.000 LYS A 111 · 22.515 12.114 868 CE ATOM LYS A 111 GLU A 112 GLU A 112 GLU A 112 28.765 1.00 62.26 N 23 - 657 11.172 MOTA 869 NZ1.00 39.60 N 18.255 15.810 28.287 870 N MOTA 17.614 1.00 42.51 C 16.339 29.478 MOTA 871 CA 1.00 37.78 C 18.627 16.706 30.569 MOTA 872 C 1.00 41.69 O 30.846 GLU A 112 19.554 15.950 873 0 ATOM 30.034 1.00 42-05 C GLU A 112 16.621 15.312 874 CB ATOM 1.00 48.02 C 15.888 GLU A 112 31.120 CG 15.743 ATOM 875 1.00 67.88 C 31.675 GLU A 112 14.735 14.886 876 CD ATOM 13.582 15.093 18.448 19.350 20.555 21.087 21.017 22.181 21.739 20.539 22.957 22.319 13.582 15.304 31.937 1.00 64.90 D OE1 GLU A 112 ATOM 877 1.00 70.27 D 31.865 13.700 878 OE2 GLU A 112 MOTA 1.00 41.71 N 1.00 43.96 C 17.875 31.175 879 GLY A 113 ATOM N GLY A 113 18.298 32.228 ATOM 880 CA 1.00 46.88 C GLY A 113 19.128 31.824 ATOM 881 C 32.652 1.00 44.90 0 19.877 GLY A 113 MOTA 882 0 30.584 19.021 1.00 41.27 N GLU A 114 883 N ATOM 30.227 1.00 49.33 € 19.830 MOTA 884 CA GLU A 114 29.927 1.00 46.85 C GLU A 114 21.260 C ATOM 885 1.00 45.47 0 886 0 GLU A 114 21.551 29.864 MOTA 29.052 1.00 45.70 C 19.199 887 CB **GLU A 114** MOTA GLU A 114 27.682 1.00 49.46 C 22.319 19.293 888 CG MOTA 26.613 1.00 56.05 C **GLU A 114** 23.076 18.490 889 CD MOTA 17.946 24.174 26,894 1.00 59.22 0 OE1 GLU A 114 MOTA 890 1.00 51-60 0 GLU A 114 18.407 25.482 OE2 22.565 891 22.565 18.407 22.689 22.181 22.323 23.554 22.184 23.568 MOTA 1.00 42.06 N 29.822 ASP A 115 MOTA 892 N 29.512 1.00 46.33 C ASP A 115 ATOM 893 CA 28.018 1.00 46.24 C ASP A 115 894 C MOTA

→ PVS

Table 2

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1.00 51.16.0 23.195 27.299 23.107 ASP A 115 895 0 ATOM 1.00 52.16 C 24.525 29.976 CB, ASP A 115 23.394 ATOM 896 31.475 1.00 58.98 C 24.535 23.530 897 CG ASP A 115 ATOM 1.00 56.34 0 32.169 22.515 24.291 898 OD1 ASP A 115 ATOM 31.959 1.00 74.61 0 24.785 OD2 ASP A 115 24.647 899 ATOM 1.00 40.21 N 27.536 21.009 23.943 ALA A 116 900 NMOTA 26.105 1.00 41.98 C ALA A 116 20.812 23.937 CA MOTA 901 1.00 39.57 C 25.315 25.524 21.024 ALA A 116 902 C ATOM 1.00 41.84 0 26.093 ALA A 116 20.591 26.311 903 0 MOTA 23.428 25.761 1.00 37.59 C 19.406 ALA A 116 904 CB ATOM 1.00 35.34 N 21,711 24.396 VAL A 117 25.374 905 N MOTA 26.651 23.736 1.00 34.85 C 21.907 CA **VAL A 117** 906 ATOM 1.00 34.14 C 26.459 22.356 21.305 907 **VAL A 117** C MOTA 25.608 1.00 35.50 0 21.603 21.751 VAL A 117 908 · Q AUUM 1.00 40.35 C VAL A 117 23.391 26.997 23.612 909 CB MOTA 1.00 35.45 C 28.240 22.764 CG1 VAL A 117 23.573 ATOM 910 1.00 46.40 C 27.265 23:957 24.994 CG2 VAL A 117 ATOM 911 1.00 35.04 N 27-244 22.046 ILE A 118 20.276 ATOM 912 N 1.00 34.21 C 20.757 27.169 19.593 913 CA ILB A 118 ATOM 1.00 25.24 C 19.836 20.257 28.172 ILE A 118 914 C MOTA 1.00 32.78 0 20.252 29.371. 20.095 ILE A 118 915 O ATOM 1.00 34.79 C 20.901 27.535 TLE A 118 18.106 CB ATOM 916 1.00 43.37 C 21.978 .17.471 26-651 CG1 ILE A 118 ATOM 917 1.00 35.72 C 19,578 CG2 ILE A 118 17.384 27.289 . ATOM 918 1.00 58.55 C 16.071 27.043 22.340 919 CD1 ILE A 118 ATOM 1.00 31.01 N VAL A 119 20.829 27.649 18.771 920 N ATOM 17.830 1.00 37.30 ℃ 28.441 21.593 921 ÇA VAL A 119 MOTA 1.00 37.56 C 20.771 29.119 16.753 VAL A 119 922 C ATOM 16.065 1.00 40.50 O 28.491 923 0 VAL A 119 19.983 ATOM 1.00 35.82 C 17.175 VAL A 119 22.670 27.549 924 CB ATOM 23.467 28.340 1.00 34.06 C 16.136 CG1 VAL A 119 925 MOTA 1.00 34.59 C 23.582 27.004 18.258 CG2 VAL A 119 926 MOTA 16.620 1.00 36.81 N 30.414 20.980 CYS A 120 927 N MOTA 1.00 32.12 C 31.194 15.610 20.286 CYS A 120 928 CA. ATOM 32.279 15.148 1.00 33.42 C CYS A 120 21.262 929 C ATOM 1.00 34.81 0 21.534 15.873 33.244 CYS A 120 930 O ATOM 1.00 41.13 C 1.00 50.41 S 16-211 31.819 19.027 CYS A 120 CB MOTA931 17.972 15.028 CYS A 120 32.754 932 SG MOTA 1.00 36.26 N 13.959 N 21.821 32.082 ASP A 121 933 ATOM 1.00 38.88 C 22.778 13.370 33.020 ASP' A 121 934 CA ATOM 12.333 1.00 36.35 C 22.109 33.906 ASP A 121 935 C ATOM 1.00 41.43 0 33.429 11.326 21.607 936 0 ASP A 121 ATOM 1.00 41.76 C 12.720 CB 23.934 32.251 ASP A 121 MOTA 937 1.00 40.59 C 13.744 24.766 31.509 ASP A 121 938 CG MOTA 1.00 47.54 O 14.749 25.129 32.153 OD1 ASP A 121 MOTA 939 13.560 1.00 45.40 0 30.306 OD2 ASP A 121 25.047 940 ATOM 1.00 41.75 N 35.202 12.584 22.099 VAL A 122 ATOM 941 N 1.00 52.79 C 11.636 36.119 CA **VAL A 122** 21.495 942 ATOM 1.00 52.22 C 11.025 22.563 36.999 VAL A 122 ATOM 943 Ç 11.550 1.00 45.91 0 37.115 VAL A 122 23.670 944 O MOTA, 1.00 53.37 C 12,302 20.458 37.052 CB VAL A 122 MOTA 945 12.998 1.00 50.48 C CG1 VAL A 122 19.391 36.242 ATOM 946 1.00 58.84 C 1.00 47.92 N 21.153 37.986 13.275 CG2 VAL A 122 ATOM 947 9.901 22.215 37.609 VAL A 123 MOTA 948 N 1.00 44.45 C 38,525 9,211 VAL A 123 23.104 949 CA ATOM 1.00 53.24 C 8.809 39.739 VAL A 123 22.279 ATOM -950 C 8.449 1.00 44.25 0 39.610 VAL A 123 21.097 951 0 ATOM 1.00 53.12 C 7.941 37.910 VAL A 123 23.713 952 CB MOTA. 8.307 1.00 58.99 C 36.758 CG1 VAL A 123 24.633 953 ATOM

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7.012 1.00 54.51 C CG2 VAL A 123 22.610 37.442 MOTA 954 1.00 38.99 N E 28.8 40.906 SER A 124 22-911 955 M ATOM 1.00 42.72 C 8.537 42.181 22.304 SER A 124 956 CA ATIOM 1.00 46.36 C 43.252 8.618 23.383 SER A 124 C ATOM 957 1.00 48.23 0 9.420 43.139 0 SER A 124 24.311 958 MOTA 1.00 45.26 C 21.169 9.496 42.533 CB SER A 124 ATOM 959 1.00 50.88 0 10.828 21.642 **SER A 124** 42.618 OG MOTA 960 1.00 48.24 N 44.283 7.787 23.257 **SER A 125** 961 N ATOM 1.00 54.08 C 7.755 **SER A 125** 24.221 45.387 CA 962 MOTA 1.00 53.53 C 46.098 9.081 24.173 **SER A 125** 963 C ATOM 1.00 54.81 0 9.694 46.357 25.201 **SER A 125** 964 O MOTA 6.641 1.00 45.61 C 23.874 46.373 **SER A 125** 965 ĊB MOTA 1.00 46.33 0 23.901 5.391 45.724 SER A 125 966 OG MOTA 9.519 1.00 51.93 N 22.961 46.408 N LEU A 126 -ATOM 967 1.00 60.20 C 22-756 47.077 10.795 LEU A 126 968 CA MOTA 1.00 63.51 C 11.889 22.575 46.030 **LEU A 126** 969 C ATOM 11.657 1.00 63.28 0 44.961 22.012 LEU A 126 970 0 MOTA 1.00 67.31 C 47.987 10,726 21.521 CB LEO A 126 971 MOTA 1,00 75,52 C 9.746 LEU A 126 21.606 49.171 CG MOTA 972 1.00 66.85 € 49.998 9.750 20.323 973 CD1 LEU A 126 ATOM 1.00 72.14 C 10.141 CD2 LEU A 126 22.791 50.045 ATOM 974 1.00 69.25 N 46.308 13.096 23.071 975 N-PRO A 127 ATOM 1.00 64.19 C 22,925 45.331 14.185 PRO A 127 976 CA MOTA 1.00 57.99 C 14.524 45:007 21.463 PRO A 127 MOTA 977 C 1.00 62.20 D 20.655 45.913 14.728 PRO A 127 **978** 0 MOTA 1.00 64.92 C 45.950 15.354 23.701 PRO A 127 CB ATOM 979 1.00 66.17 C 47.367 14.952 PRO A 127 23.957 CG 980 MOTA 1.00 65.55 C 47.492 13.478 23.849 PRO A 127 MOTA 981 CD 14.610 1.00 61.71 N 43.698 PRO A 128 21.126 982 Ň MOTA 1.00 61.85 C 43.195 14.906 PRO A 128 19.782 CA 983 ATOM 1.00 62.11 C 16.362 19.470 43.143 PRO A 128 MOTA 984. C 1.00 64.26 0 17.192 42.980 20.351 PRO A 128 985 0 MOTA 1.00 58.63 C 19.805 41.776 14.340 CB PRO A 128 ATOM 986 1.00 66.61 C 41.714 13.493 PRO A 128 21.070 987 CG MOTA 1.00 51.57 C 14.287 42.561 PRO A 128 22.009 ATOM 988 CD 16.669 1.00 56.05 N 43.270 THR A 129 18.196 989 N ATOM 1.00 50.88 C 43.128 17.759 18.039 THR A 129 990 CA ATOM 1.00 47.70 C 17.038 16.192 41.791 17.944 THR A 129 C ATOM 991 1.00 52.86 0 41.597 17.072 992 0 TER A 129 MOTA 1.00 59.29 C THR A 129 16.801 44.243 18.457 993 CB MOTA 1.00 64.98 O 18.933 17.564 45.360 OG1 THR A 129 994 MOTA 1.00 68.98 C 43.769 . 15.885 19.562 MOTA 995 CG2 THR A 129 1.00 47.42 N 18.827 17.377 40.868 N ILE A 130 ATOM 996 1.00 49.45 C 16.793 39.543 18.779 ILE A 130 997 CA MOTA 1.00 48.06 C 19.914 15.829 39.251 C ILE A 130 ATOM 998 1.00 49.48 O 39.539 21.074 ILE A 130 .16.119 999 0 ATOM 1.00 52.16 C 17.907 38.480 18.805 ILE A 130 1000 CB MOTA 1.00 55.93 C 17.510 38.558 18.711 CG1 ILE A 130 1001 ATOM 1.00 46.63 C 19.030 17.317 37.091 ATOM 1002 CG2 ILE A 130 1.00 58.84 C 16.313 17.934 38.126 CD1 ILE A 130 MOTA 1003 1.00 45.61 N 19.568 14.681 38.675 ILE A 131 1004 ATOM N 1.00 50.29 C 20.588 13.707 38.318 MOTA 1005 CA ILE A 131 1.00 33.83 C 20.427 13.352 36.859 1006 ILE A 131 MOTA C 1.00 50.28 O 19.330 36.426 12.993 MOTA 1007 O ILE A 131 1.00 55.23 C 20.474 12.374 39.104 ILE A 131 MOTA 1008 CB 1.00 61.34 C 40.610 20.479 1009 CG1 ILE A 131 12.620 ATOM 1.00 58.84 C 38.737 . 11.470 21.647 1010 CG2 ILE A 131 MOTA 19.085 1.00 60.34 C . 12.630 41.236 CD1 ILE A 131 1011 MOTA 1.00 38.49 N 36.108 21.520 13.437 TRP A 132 ATOM 1012 N

→ PVS

Table 2

13.095 34.692 21.510 1.00 46.49 C 11.668 34.498 22.042 1.00 48.20 C TRP A 132 CA MOTA 1013 1.00 48.20 C 11.668 TRP A 132 1014 C MOTA 1.00 45.37 0 23.133 34.949 11.343 TRP A 132 1015 0 ATOM 22.372 1.00 39.62 € 14.085 33.898 TRP A 132 1016 CB MOTA 33.632 21.653 1.00 39.42 C 15.384 1017 ÇG TRP A 132 MOTA 1.00 36.55 C 34.369 21.728 16.536 1018 CD1 TRP A 132 MOTA 20.726 1.00 29.03 C CD2 TRP A 132 15.645 32.570 ATOM 1019 33.826 20.901 1.00 34.64 N 17.502 NEL TRP A 132 1020 MOTA 1.00 35.20 C 16.985 20.278 CE2 TRP A 132 32.725 1021 MOTA 20.229 1.00 33.72 C 31.502 CE3 TRP A 132 14.883 1022 MOTA 1.00 32.11 C 19.354 17.572 31.848 CZ2 TRP A 132 1023 MOTA 1.00 35.81 C 19.318 15.470 30.632 C23 TRP A 132 MOTA 1024 1.00 33.40 C 18.893 16.809 30.814 CH2 TRP A 132 1025 ATOM 1.00 51.27 N 21.266 10.838 33.809 LYS A 133 MOTA 1026 N 1.00 57.47 C 33.579 21.645 9.451 LYS A 133 1027 CA MOTA 1.00 59.45 C 21.741 32.124 LYS A 133 9.043 1028 C MOTA 31.298 1.00 53.79 0 20.903 LYS A 133 9.408 1029 0 ATOM 1.00 55.78 C 20.650 8.518 34.267 LYS A 133 1030 CB MOTA 1.00 66.61 C 8.672 35.771 20.593 LYS A 133 MOTA 1031 CG 1.00 76.13 C 36.347 19.483 1032 CD LYS A 133 7.815 MOTA 1.00 82.76 C 37.857 19.385 7.989 LYS A 133 MOTA 1033 CE 1.00 81-20 N 18.372 38.469 LYS A 133 7.075 1034 NZ MOTA 1.00 63.05 N 22.781 8.274 31.824 HIS A 134 1035 N MOTA 22.990 . 1.00 66.48 C RIS A 134 7.757 30.481 CA 1036 ATOM 1.00 77.89 C 30.612 23.220 6.265 HIS A 134 MOTA 1037 C 24.067, 1.00 63.07 0 31.403 5.832 HIS A 134 0 MOTA 1038 24.221 1.00 70.22 C 8.370 29.816 HIS A 134 1039 CB ATOM 1.00 72.09 C 8.006 24.367 28.368 1040 CG HIS A 134 MOTA 1.00 72.16 N 25.574 8.057 27.704 ND1 BIS A 134 1041 MOTA 1.00 73.41 C 1042. CD2 HIS A 134 7.622 27.448 23.447 MOTA 1.00 77.82 C 26.440 25.392 7.723 CE1 HIS A 134 1043 MOTA 1.00 78.13 N 1.00 81.08 N 26.257 24.112 NEZ HIS A 134 7.454 MOTA 1044 22.461 5.488 29.843 LYS A 135 1045 N ATOM 22.574 1.00 91.79 C LYS A 135 4_034 29.850 MOTA 1046 CA 22.532 1.00 92.61 C 31.264 1047 LYS A 135 3.435 C ATOM 1.00 95.56 O 31.511 23.139 2.397 LYS A 135 ATOM 1048 0 1.00 90.50 C 29.135 23.870 LYS A 135 3.608 CB 1049 MOTA 1.00 96.62 C 3.832 29.955 25.143 LYS A 135 MOTA 1050 CG 1.00 94.31 C 26.414 29.173 $\alpha_{\mathcal{D}}$ 3.541 LYS A 135 MOTA 1051 30.058 27.643 · 1.00 94.84 C 3.714 LYS A 135 MOTA 1052 CE 1.00 95.67 N 29.294 28.915 LYS A 135 3.553 1053 NZ MOTA 21.828 1.00 91.50 N 32.194 **GLY A 136** 4.082 1054 MOTA N 1.00 88.54 C 21.741 . 3.553 33.551 **GLY A 136** ATTOM 1055 CA 1.00 85.72 C 22.589 4.256 34.597 **GLY A 136** 1056 ¢ MOTA 1.00 89.77 O 4.366 35.754 22.187 **GLY A 136** 1057 O MOTA 1.00 82.42 N 34.184 23.757 4.734 1058 N ARG A 137 ATOM 1.00 83.81 C 24.698 35.064 5.426 CA ARG A 137 MOTA 1059 1.00 80.74 C 24.329 35.398 6.867 ARG A 137 1060 C MOTA 1.00 83.63 0 23.272 7.372 35.029 ARG A 137 MOTA 1061 0 1.00 90.23 C 26.090 34.419 ARG A 137 5.44B 1062 CB MOTA 1.00 99.62 C 34.360 26.790 4.111 ARG A 137 ATOM 1063 CG 1.00105.25 C 35.652 27_530 ARG A 137 3.856 CD 1064 ATOM 1.00113.79 N 36.009 27.526 2.445 ARG A 137 MOTA 1065 NE 1.00114.75 C 1.973 37.181 27.937 1065 CZ ARG A 137 ATOM 28.390 1.00116.01 N 38.109 2.805 1067 NEL ARG A 137 ATOM . 1.00117.50 N 0.672 37.432 27.883 NH2 ARG A 137 MOTA 106B 1.00 76.46 N 36.116 7.510 25.241 N ASP A 138 ATOM . 1069 8.907 25.132 1.00 75.03 C 36.497 ASP A 138 1070 CA MOTA 1.00 76.03 C 9.464 35.773 26.328 ASP A 138 1071 C MOTA

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27.476 1.00 73.85 O 8EL A 42A .9,139 36.102 MOTA 1072 ٥ 1.00 77.22 C 38.000 25.318 - 9.107 ASP A 138 1073 CB ATOM 1.00 77.41 C 10.578 25.275 38.403 ASP A 138 ATOM 1074 CG 1.00 76.27 0 25.931 37.736 11.410 OD1 ASP A 138 MOTA 1075 24.590 1.00 57.17 0 39.394 1076 OD2 ASP A 138 10.906 ATOM 1.00 63.30 N 26.069 34.776 10.292 VAL A 139 ATOM 1077 N 27.152 1.00 58.22 C 33.992 VAL A 139 10.838 1078 CA ATOM 34.814 28.224 1.00 60.55 C 11.541 VAL A 139 1079 Ç ATOM 1.00 71.06 O 29.321 VAL A 139 11.799 34.320 1080 0 ATOM 26.595 1.00 62.13 C 32.935 11.785 VAL A 139 1081 ĈВ ATOM 1.00 55.43 C 32.195 25.469 11.091 CG1 VAL A 139 1082 MOTA 26.091 1.00 47.09 C 33.588 CG2 VAL A. 139 13.068 **T083** MOTA 1,00 66.18 N 27.918 36.070 ILE A 140 11.841 1084 N ATOM 1.00 73.19 C 28.878 36.924 12.519 11E A 14U MOTA 1085 ÜА ILE A 140 37.514 29.925 1.00 77.32 C 11.594 C 1086 ATOM 1.00 79.51 0 37.370 31.123 11.822 1087 0 ILE A 140 ATOM 1.00 75.30 C 28,183 38.098 13.229 ILE A 140 1088 CB MOTA 1.00 79.57 C 27.300 14.357 37.569 CG1 ILE A 140 1089 ATOM 1.00 84.41 C 13.789 39.062 29,227 CG2 ILE A 140 MOTA 1090 1.00 75.80 C 28.065 36.752 1091 CD1 ILE A 140 15.381 ATOM 1.00 85.78 N 10.553 38.194 29.468 LEU A 141 ATOM 1092 N 1.00 97.07 C 30.384 38.838 LEU A 141 9.632 CA 1093 MOTA 1.00101.56 C Ŗ.966 37.937 31.409 1094 LEU A 141 MOTA C 32.225 1.00107.39 0 LEU A 141 8.177 38.40B 1095 ٥ ATOM 29.608 1.00101.80 ·C' 39.615 8.571 LEU A 141 MOTA 1096 CB 28.991 1.00106.45 C 40.905 LEU A 141 9.106 1097 CG MOTA 1.00108.62 C 1.00104.45 C 28.461 41.736 7.949 CD1 LEU A 141 1098 ATOM 41.699 9.882 30.046 1099 CD2 LEU A 141 ATOM 1.00101.47 N 31.384 . 9.276 36.650 LYS A 142 1100 MOTA N 1.00101.54 C 8.689 35.751 32.362 LYS A 142 1101 CA MOTA LYS A 142 1.00101.85 C 33.527 35.560 9.660 1102 C MOTA 1.00105.32 0 35.339 34.675 1103 - 0 9.262 LYS A 142 ATOM 1.00100.75 C 34.404 31.702 8.346 1104 ĈВ LYS A 142 ATOM 1.00 98.61 C 31.098 9.525 33.643 LYS A 142 CG 1105 MOTA 1.00 93.54 C 30.208 8.997 32.520 1106 CD LYS A 142 ATOM 29.747 1.00 96.37 C LYS A 142 10.082 31.550 MOTA 1107 CE 1.00 91.06 N 9.503 30.522 28.822 1108 NZ LYS A 142 ATOM 1.00102.59 N 35.703 33.223 10.940 LYS A 143 1109 N ATOM 34.206 1.00104.90 C 35.519 LYS A 143 11.992 1110 CA MOTA 1.00100.79 C 34.206 34.942 11.852 LYS A 143 MOTA 1111 C 1.00100.29 0 34,122 36.080 LYS A 143 11.372 MOŤA 1112 0 1.00107.17 C 35.207 36.672 LYS A 143 CB 12.059 1113 ATOM 1.00113.10 C 36.510 36.183 13.224 1114 CG LYS A 143 ATOM 36.248 35,522 1,00116.78 C 1115 14.559 LYS A 143 CD ATOM 1.00123.03 C 15.786 36.228 36.466 CE LYS A 143 ATOM 1116 1.00119.60 N 36.187 35.780 LYS A 143 17.123 MOTA 1117 NZ 33.182 1.00 94.81 N 34.199 12,237 ASP A 144 1118 N MOTA 1.00 85.45 C 31.828 34.669 12.319 1119 CA **ASP A 144** MOTA 1.00 79.96 C 31.840 34.531 C ASP A 144 13.827 1120 MOTA 1.00 88.63 O 31.687 33.436 14.365 ASP A 144 MOTA 1121 O 1.00 85.69 C 11.718 30.833 33.677 **ASP A 144** ATOM 1122 CB 1.00 89.87 C 29.398 .34.137 CG ASP A 144 11.884 1123 ATOM 1.00 90.66 0 29.060 34.609 12.989 1124 OD1 ASP A 144 ATOM 10.913 34.041 1.00101.36 0 28.608 OD2 ASP A 144 ATOM 1125 32.118 35.642 1.00 68.69 N 14.490 N **VAL A 145** ATOM 1126 1.00 67.87 C 32.226 35.721 **VAL A 145** 15.946 1127 CA MOTA 31.316 34.795 1.00 55.99 C **VAL A 145** 16.758 ATOM 1128 C 1.00 61.04 0 31.598 34.490 17.915 VAL A 145 1129 0 MOTA 31.974 37.167 1.00 76.83 C 16.415 1130 CB VAL A 145 ATOM

Table 2

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1.00 76.29 C 15.901 33.082 38.076 CG1 VAL A 145 1131 MOTA 1.00 77.74 C 37.655 15.902 30.517 CG2 VAL A 145 1132 ATOM 1.00 52.68 N 34.349 16.14B 30.227 ARG A 146 1133 N ATOM 1.00 56.85 C 33.493 16.839 29.283 ARG A 146 1134 CA ATOM 1.00 48.40 C 16.984 29.771 32.055 ARG A 146 1135 MOTA C 31.311 1.00 46.31 0 17.808 29.25B ARG A 146 1136 0 MOTA 1.00 44.42 C 33.538 27,925 16.121 CB ARG A 146 1137 MOTA 1.00 53.27 C 16.235 34.901 27.242 ARG A 146 CG 1138 · ATOM 1.00 47.00 C 25.846 34.911 15.613 **ARG A 146** 1139 CD MOTA 1.00 43.57 N 25.864 34.38B 14.253 ARG A 146 1140 NE ATOM 33.253 1.00 53.19 C 25.279 13.898 1141 CZ ARG A 146 MOTA 1.00 46.05 N 32.533 24.627 14.810 NH1 ARG A 146 1142 ATOM 1.00 49.59 N 32.825 12.546 25.359 NH2 ARG A 146 1143 ATOM 1.00 49.96 N 31.680 30.766 16.190 PHE A 147 N 1144 MOTA 1.00 55.08 C 30.330 31.297 16.233 1145 PHE A 147 MOTA CA 1.00 55.40 C 30.213 17.068 32.568 PHE A 147 С MOTA 1146 1.00 58.84 O 30.916 33.551 16.837 0 PHE A 147 1147 MOTA 29.828 1.00 47.49 C 14.815 31.536 PHE A 147 **1148** CB MOTA 29.679 1.00 55.00 C 30.271 14.003 PHE A 147 MOTA 1149 CG 1.00 50.35 C 13.520 29.598 30.796 CD1 PHE A 147 1150 ATOM 1.00 49.95 C 29.747 28.416 CD2 PHE A 147 13.730 1151 MOTA 1.00 61.13 C 12.773 28.416 30.654 **CE1 PHE A 147** 1152 ATOM 1.00 53.83 C 28.265 12.986 28.571 CE2 PHE A 147 1153 ATOM 1.00 56.75 C 27.905 29.386 12.508 CZ PHE A 147 1154 MOTA 1.00 SO.18 N 29.307 32.536 1155 ILE A 148 1B.03B N MOTA 1.00 53.42 C 29.097 33.661 18.940 ILE A 148 1156 CA MOTA 1.00 45.25 C 27.636 19.348 33.856 TLE A 148 C 1157 MOTA 1.00 44.46 O 26.944 19.659 32.899 0 ILE A 148 MOTA 1158 1.00 55.88 C 33.463 29.908 20.233 CB TLE A 148 1159 MOTA 1.00 65.94 C 19.907 33.427 31.399 CG1 ILE A 148 1160 ATOM 29.597 1.00 61.53 C 21.231 34.573 CG2 ILE A 148 ATOM 1161 1.00 69.07 C 33.081 32.279 21.093 CDI TLE A 148 1162 MOTA 1.00 37.73 N 35.099 19.337 27.172 VAL A 149 N MOTA 1163 1.00 42.64 C 35.381 35.794 25.817 19.764 VAL A 149 1164 CA MOTA 1.00 45.84 C 25.962 21.236 VAL A 149 1165 C MOTA 1.00 47.29 O 36.756 26.65\$ VAL A 149 21.552 1166 0 MOTA 1.00 42.61 C 18.929 36.512 25.185 VAL A 149 MOTA 1167 CB 23.791 1.00 44.21 C 36.844 19.472 CG1 VAL A 149 1168 MOTA 1.00 43.57 € 36.067 25.064 17.444 CG2 VAL A 149 1169 MOTA 1.00 40.34 N 25.328 35.036 22.127 1170 LEU A 150 N ATOM 1.00 42.16 C 25.400. 35.289 23.568 LEU A 150 ATOM 1171 CA 1.00 47.24 C 36.450 24.524 24.030 1172 LEU A 150 C ATOM 1.00 39.70 0 1.00 36.82 C 23.723 23..262 36.965 LEU A 150 O MOTA 1173 25.001 34.019 24.305 LEU A 150 1174 CB ATOM 25.860 1.00 50.79 C 32.825 23.885 LEU A 150 1175 CG MOTA 1.00 45.07 C 25.225 24.330 31.505 CD1 LEU A 150 ATOM 1176 1.00 55.15 C 32,999 27.252 24.473 1177 CD2 LEU A 150 MOTA 1.00 50.63 N 24.666 SER A 151 25.295 36.849 ATOM 1178 N 1.00 44.74 C 37.953 23.880 SER A 151 25.849 1179 CA ATOM 1.00 37.06 C 1180 25.770 37.710 22.365 SER A 151 C MOTA 1.00 49.84 O 21.587 38.663 SER A 151 25.651 1181 ٥ ATOM 1.00 45.09 C 38.200 24.273 27.320 1182 SER A 151 CB ATOM 23.792 1.00 45.86 O 37.144 SER A 151 28.150 OG ATOM 1183 1.00 38.65 N 36.455 21.937 25.866 ASN A 152 ATOM 1184 N 1.00 40.49 C 20.506 25.784 36.140 1185 CA ASN A 152 MOTA 20.073 1.00 40.22 C 35.998 ASN A 152 24.321 ATOM 1186 C 1.00 34.75 D 18.936 24.036 35.583 **ASN A 152** MOTA 1187 O 20.207 1.00 39.82 C 26.476 34.821 CB **ASN A 152** 1188 MOTA 33.752 21.199 1.00 54.90 C 26.097 ASN A 152 CG ATOM 1189

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21.694 1.00 45.34 0 24.972 33.739 OD1 ASN A 152 1190 MOTA 21.504 1.00 46.13 N 32.850 27.029 ND2 ASN A 152 1191 MOTA 1.00 38.94 N 36.309 20.990 23.410 **ASN A 153** 1192 ATOM N 20.740 1.00 45-44 C 36.213 **ASN A 153** 21.969 MOTA 1193 CA 1.00 42.99 C 34.827 20.723 21.352 **ASN A 153** 1194 C ATOM 1.00 3B.19 O 34.674 .20.414 20.171 **ASN A 153** 1195 0 MOTA 19.469 1.00 42.88 C 36.964 CB **ASN A 153** 21.589 1196 MOTA 1.00 49.74 C 19.660 21.665 38.468 **ASN A 153** 1197 CG ATOM 1.00 57.35 O 20.720 21.300 38.990 OD1 ASN A 153 1198 MOTA 1.00 53.13 N 18.645 22.130 39.171 ND2 ASN A 153 1199 MOTA 1.00 31.78 N 33.810 21.080 22.121 TYR A 154 1200 N ATOM 1.00 37.05 C 21.151 32.463 21.563 TYR A 154 MOTA 1201 CA 1.00 36.11 C 22.418 32.352 20.707 TYR A 154 1202 C MOTA 1.00 35.56 O 23.357 TYR A 154 20.918 33.107 ATOM 1203 O 1.00 35.50 C 21.247 31.425 1204 TYR A 154 22.675 CB ATOM 20.021 '1.00 40.10 C 31.329 23.535 TYR A 154 ATOM 1205 CG 1.00 33.69 C 20.037 24.703 30.565 CD1 TYR A 154 1206 ATOM 18.837 1.00 35.06 C 23.179 31.990 CD2 TYR A 154 MOTA 1207 1.00 38.35 C 18.899 CÉL TYR A 154 25.505 30.457 ATOM 1208 1.00 34.58 C 31.892 17.676 23.979 CEZ TYR A 154 1209 MOTA 1.00 46.30 C 17.726 TYR A 154 25.143 31.119 1210 CZ ATOM 31.005 16.618 1.00 43.90 0 TYR A 154 25.954 1211 ÓН ATOM 1.00 37.10 N 22.450 19.757 31.415 LEU A 155 MOTA 1212 . N 23.650 1.00 33.06 C 18.936 31.237 LEU A 155 ATOM 1213 CA 1.00 25.37 C 24.496 19.514 30.121 LEU A 155 1214 C MOTA 1.00 33.57 0 24.037 28.989 19.688 1215 0 LEU A 155 MOTA 1.00 33.13 C 23.303 17.482 30.866 1216 **LEU A 155** CB MOTA 1.00 39.86 C 16.635 30.561 24.545 LEU A 155 ATOM 1217 CG 1.00 39-38 C 25.480 31.752 CD1 LEU A 155 16.673 1218 ATOM 1.00 35.14 C 30.269 24.142 15.185 CD2 LEU A 155 ATOM 1219 25.746 1.00 34.79 N 30.437 19.802 **GLN A 156** ATOM 1220 N 1.00 30.99 C 26,638 29.432 **GLN A 156** 20.327 1221 CA MOTA 1.00 33.82 C 28.964 27.568 19.212 **GLN A 156** 1222 MOTA C 28.205 1.00 38.51 0 29.792 **GLN A 155** 18.545 1223 MOTA O 30.010 27.507 1.00 35.98 C 21.454 CB' **GLN A 156** MOTA 1224 1.00 52.10 C 28.478 CG **GLN A 156** 22.028 28.974 MOTA 1225 29.556 29.461 · 1.00 59.17 C 23.034 **GLN A 156** MOTA 1226 CD 1.00 58.98 0 30.542 30.134 22.750 QE1 GLN A 156 1227 ATOM 1.00 56.95 N 28.934 29.558 24.207 NE2 GLN A 156 1228 MOTA 1.00 35.15 N 27.655 19.012 27.651 **ILE A 157** 1229 N ATOM 1.00 39.14 C . 18.001 28.570 27.104 ILE A 157 ATOM 1230 CA 29.530 1.00 40.54 C 18.737 26.177 ILE A 157 1231 C ATOM 1.00 41.38 0 25.030 29.189 19.02B 1232 **ILE A 157** ATOM 0 1.00 36.32 C 27.832 16.928 · 26.304 CB ILE A 157 1233 ATOM 1.00 32.60 C 26.843 27.208 16.195 CG1 ILE A 157 MOTA 1234 1.00 42.84 C 15.943 25.728 28.842 CG2 ILE A 157 ATOM 1235 1.00 40.70 C 26.458 25.983 CD1 ILE A 157 15.181 1236 MOTA 1.00 38.99 N 26-674 30.718 19.068 ARG A 158 ATOM 1237 N 1.00 45.51 C 31.673 ARG A 158 19.804 25.857 1238 CA MOTA 32.273 1.00 43.75 C 18.982 24.711 ARG A 158 ATOM 1239 C 1.00 47.32 0 ARG A 158 17.781 24.851 32.484 1240 MOTA 0 26.749 32.778 1.00 53.96 C 20.381. ATOM 1241 ĊB ARG A 158 1.00 70.32 C 27.697 32.272 21.475 CG ARG A 158 MOTA 1242 1.00 65.23 C 33.405 22.155 28.453 ARG A 158 CD MOTA 1243 1.00 68.48 N 29.449 34.012 21.287 ATOM 1244 NE ARG A 158 1.00 75.70 C 35.147 30.079 21.572 ARG A 15B MOTA 1245 CZ1.00 65.00 N 29_B08 35.792 22.704 NHI ARG A 158 MOTA 1246 1.00 71.67 N 30.973 35.641 NH2 ARG A 158 20.724 MOTA 1247 32.544 1.00 47.20 N 19.653 23-589 **GLY A 159** ATOM 1248 N

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1.00 48.68 C 33.096 **GLY A 159** 18.998 22.415 CA MOTA 1249 1.00 50.27 C 22.133 32.317 **GLY A 159** 17.731 1250 C MOTA 1.00 44.17 0 32.897 21.983 16.658 1251 GLY A 159 MOTA 0 1.00 46.11 N N. 22.050 30.997 17.847 ILE A 160 1252 ATOM 1.00 39.12 C 30,189 21.831 1253 CA ILE A 160 16.664 ATOM 1.00 46.02 C 30.606 15.872 20.590 ILE A 160 ATOM 1254 C 1.00 35.03 O 30.840 16.434 19.514 TLE A 160 MOTA 1255 0 21.755 28.702 1.00 34.52 C 17.013 ILE A 160 1256 CB ATOM 1.00 37.12 C 15.727 21.917 27.874 CG1 ILE A 160 1257 ATOM 28.376 1.00 34.14 C 20.446 17.679 1258 CG2 TLE A 160 ATOM 1.00 28.22 C 26.392 15.993 22.199 CD1 ILE A 160 1259 MOTA 1.00 42.18 N 30.692 14.557 20.767 LYS A 161 1260 N ATOM 1.00 47.02 C 19.710 31.089 LYS A 161 13.631 CA 1261 MOTA 1.00 43.66 C 29.899 12.855 19.202 TAR W TET ATOM 1262 Ċ 19.908 28.899 1.00 41.53 O 12.686 O LYS A 161 1263 ATOM 1.00 49.68 C 32.095 12.599 20.236 CB LYS A 161 1264 ATOM 1.00 55.48 C 20.896 33.337 13.156 LYS A 161 CG ATOM. 1265 1.00 65.12 C 21.450 34.178 LYS A 161 12.002 1266 CDMOTA 1.00 70.60 C 22.175 35.421 12.488 LYS A 161 MOTA 1267 CE 1.00 76.58 N 36.307 22.563 NZ LYS A 161 11.350 **1268** ATOM 30.020 1.00 44.57 N 17.982 12.353 ATOM 1269 M LYS A 162 1.00 47.82 C 28.956 11.560 LYS A 162 17.383 CA 1270 MOTA 1.00 43.43 C 18.311 28.670 10.372 1271 C LYS A 162 ATOM 1.00 44.67 0 18,427 27.535 9.914 LYS A 162 1272 0 ATOM 29.391 1.00 50.56 C 15.987 11.084 1273 CB LYS A 162 ATOM 1.00 50.30 C 28.339 10.298 15.208 LYS A 162 1274 CG MOTA 1.00 52.43 C 11.109 14.958 27.085 LYS A 162 1275 CD ATOM 1.00 60.58 C 14.227 26.051 CE LYS A 162 10.279 1276 MOTA 1.00 59.55 N 14.149 24.731 10.963 1277 NZ LYS A 162 ATOM 29.691 1.00 44.12 N 9.897 19.010 THR A 163 MOTA 1278 N 1.00 53.06 C 19.904 29.487 1279 THR A 163 8.764 ĊА ATOM 1.00 55.60 C 28.833 21.234 9.140 THR A 163 ATOM 1280 \boldsymbol{c} 1.00 50-18 O 22.107 28.676 B.294 THR A 163 0 MOTA 1281 1.00 53.57 C 20.195 30.812 B.022 1282 CB THR A 163 ATOM 1.00 55.40 0 20.712 31.780 OG1 TER A 163 8.942 1283 MOTA 31.349 1.00 55.53 C 18.914 7.372 1284 CG2 THR A 163 ATOM 1.00 48.62 N 28.465 ASP A 164 10.407 21.397 1285 N MOTA 22.628 1.00 42.03 C 27.810 10.826 MOTA 1286 CA ASP A 164 1.00 44.90 C 10.764 22.477 26.299 ASP A 164 1287 C ATOM 1.00 48.57 0 25.573 23.470 10.821 1288 0. ASP A 164 MOTA 1.00 38.06 C 23.017 28.209 12.260 ASP A 164 1289 CB ATOM 1.00 36-69 C 12.358 23.525 29.631 ASP A 164 1290 CG ATOM 30.052 1.00 49.63 O .24.295 11.469 1291 ODI ASP A 164 ATOM 1.00 44.71 0 30.327 25.798 13.337 23.168 OD2 ASP A 164 ATOM 1292 10.639 1.00 44.64 N GLU A 165 21.251 ATOM 1293 N 1.00 53.09 C 24.353 **GLU A 165** 10.602 21.116 ATOM 1294 CA 1.00 49.63 C 21.821 23.739 GLU A 165 9.396 ATOM 1295 \Box 1.00 52.65 D 24.440 8.465 22.215 1296 **GLU A 165** 0 ATOM 1.00 50.75 C 19.650 23.909 10.681 MOTA 1297 CB GLU A 165 1.00 65:76 C GLU A 165 9.828 18.702 24_683 1298 CG ATOM 1.00 72.74 C 24.155 17.283 1299 CD **GLU A 165** 9.940 ATOM 1.00 69.18 0 11.040 16.884 23.691 OE1 GLU A 165 1300 MOTA 1.00 65-52 0 8.922 24.220 16.565 1301 OE2 GLU A 165 MOTA 1.00 48.94 N 22.002 22.424 GLY A 166 9.451 1302 N MOTA 1.00 55.73 C 22.700 21.701 8.405 **GLY A 166** ATOM 1303 CA 20.655 1.00 47.37 C 23.579 9.067 **GLY A 166** 1304 C MOTA 1.00 47.39 0 20.340 10.256 23.419 1305 GLY A 166 0. MOTA 0.50 34.99 N 20.112 24.517 THR A 167 B.317 ATOM 1306 N 0.50 35.61 C 19.099 8.8*6*5 25.386 1307 CA THR A 167 MOTA

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HOIBERG A/S

0.50 31.90 C 26.706 19.720 9.253 1308 C THR A 167 MOTA 0.50 30.91 0 20.526 8.524 27.264 THR A 167 1309 0 ATOM 25.623 18.006 0.50 40.53 C 7.849 THR A 167 CB ATOM 1310 6.633 . 26.081 0.50 51.84 O 18.602 THR A 167 1311 OG1 ATOM 0.50 26.00 C 24.332 17.258 CG2 THR A 167 7.574 MOTA 1312 1.00 43.71 N 19.360 10.434 27.191 TYR A 168 N ATOM 1313 28.467 19.871 1.00 42-97 C 10.922 1314 CA TYR A 168 MOTA 1.00 38.98 € 11.183 29.372 18,689 TYR A 168 1315 C MOTA 1.00 43.48 0 17.705 28.965 0 TYR A 168 11.801 1315 ATOM 28.283 20.682 1.00 44.02 C 12.205 TYR A 168 ATOM 1317 CB 1.00 36.86 C 27.702 22.047 TYR A 168 11.968 1318 CG MOTA 22.206 1.00 38.88 C 11.676 26.353 CD1 TYR A 168 1319 MOTA 1.00 36.72 C 12.000 23.179 28.512 CD2 TYR A 168 1320 ATOM 1.00 41.93 C 23.466 11.419 25.821 CE1 TYR A 168 1321 ATOM 1.00 42.88 C 11.739 .27.997 24.440 TYR A 168 CE2 1322 MOTA 1.00 43.41 C 24.576 11.451 26.652 TYR A 168 ATOM 1323 CZ 1.00 40.88 O 11.193 25,139 25.824 TYR A 168 1324 OH MOTA 1.00 44.05 N 10.715 30.610 18.787 ARG A 169 1325 N ATOM 1.00 41.18 C ARG A 169 10.871 31.533 17.681 CA 1326 MOTA 1.00 36.73 C 32.526 17.868 12.013 ATOM 1327 C ARG A 169 1.00 40.52 0 ARG A 169 33.216 18.877 12.102 ATOM 1328 0 1.00 50.40 C 17.444 9.552 32.289 ARG A 169 1329 CB ATOM 1.00 6D.69 C 9.655 16.430 33.416 1330 CG ARG A 169 ATOM 1.00 46.23 C 15.925 ARG A 169 8.284 33.861 CD MOTA 1331 1.00 56.58 N 7.716 32.865 15.022 ARG A 169 MOTA . 1332 NE 1.00 71.77 C 6.535 32.984 14.420 ARG A 169 1333 CZ MOTA 1.00 58.65 N 34.064 24.621 NH1 ARG A 169 5.785 1334 MOTA 1.00 59.89 N 6.101 13.618 32.015 NH2 ARG A 169 MOTA 1335 1.00 42.37 N 12.888 16.875 32.576 CYS A.170 N ATOM 1336 1.80 45.65 C 13.998 33.506 16.919 CYS A 170 1337 CA, ATOM 1.00 31.99 C 34.667 16.025 13.546 1338 С CYS A 170 ATOM 1.00 41-21 0 14.810 34.505 CYS A 170 13.423 1339 0 MOTA 16.357 1.00 42.01 C 32.840 15.253 1340 CYS A 170 CB ATOM 1.00 52.42 S CYS A 170 16.748 33.898 16.241 SG MOTA 1341 1.00 44.29 N 16.635 35.820 1342 N GLU A 171 13.289 MOTA 1.00 49.65 C 36.978 15.879 12.830 GLU A 171 MOTA 1343 CA 1.00 40.68 C 15.844 38.129 GLU A 171 13.814 C 1344 MOTA. 1.00 45.31 0 16.885 38.663 14.218 1345 GLU A 171 ٥ ATOM 1.00 47.28 C GLU A 171 11.503 37.502 16.426 CB 1346 MOTA 15.560 1.00 57.47 C 38.616 10.905 GLU A 171 1347 CG ATOM 1.00 65.00 C 39.147 16.096 9,580 GLU A 171 1348 CD MOTA 17.028 1.00 62.15 0 9.593 39.989 OE1 GLU A 171 1349 ATOM 1.00 54.66 0 8.531 38.707 15.584 1350 OE2 GLU A 171 MOTA 1.00 46.09 N 38.525 14.625 14.163 GLY A 172 MOTA 1351 N 1.00 49.63 C 39.624 14.436 **GLY A 172** 15.086 1352 CA ATOM 13.930 1.00 46.92 C 40.872 C GLY A 172 14.388 MOTA 1353 1.00 50.71 0 13.557 40.812 13.014 GLY A 172 ATOM 1354 0 .1.00 40.06 N 41.998 14.535 ARG A 173 14.753 1355 Ŋ MOTA 1.00 44.00 C 14.222 43.309 14.215 ARG A 173 MOTA 1356 CA 1.00 56.42 C 15.335 44.350 14.038 1357 C ARG A 173 ATOM 1.00 47.54 0 16.328 44.354 14.768 ATOM 1358 ٥ ARG A 173 1.00 42.90 C 13.310 43.800 15.345 ARG A 173 CB 1359 MOTA 1.00 41.21 C 42.970 15.527 12.048 1360 CG ARG A 173 MOTA 1.00 49.33 C 16.488 11.096 43.649 1361 CD ARG A 173 ATOM 1.00 55.21 N 42.862 16.656 NE. ARG A 173 9.880 1362 MOTA 43.387 16.790 1.00 54.70 C ARG A 173 8.669 1363 CZ MOTA 44.704 16.773 1.00 54.11 N 8.518 1364 NHI ARG A 173 ATOM 1.00 54.36 N 42.596 16.935 NH2 ARG A 173 7.510 ATOM 1365 1.00 51.94 N 15.135 45.245 13.080 ILE A 174 1366 ATTOM

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→ PVS

1.00 48.52 C 12.821 16.068 46,331 CA ILE A 174 МОТА 1367 1.00 42.65 C 12,902 15.228 47.591 ILE A 174 C 1368 MOTA 1.00 40.81 0 47.901 11.973 14.485 ILB A 174 1369 0 MOTA 1.00 51.33 C 11.436 ILE A 174 46.193 , 16.687 1370 CB ATOM 1.00 62.03 C 17.536 17.536 18.075 15.348 44.921 11.395 CG1 ILE A 174 MOTA 1371 1.00 57.79 C 11,128 47.417 CG2 ILE À 174 1372 MOTA 1.00 60.04 C 44.586 10.042 CDI ILE A 174 1373 MOTA 1.00 43.83 N 14.004 48.327 LEU A 175 1374 N MOTA 1.00 50.67 C 49.513 14.203 14.514 LEU A 175 1375 CA ATOM 1.00 53.85 C 14.502 50.558 13.102 1376 LEU A 175 C ATOM 1.00 54.58 O 12.694 51.017 13,435 LEU A 175. 1377 ATOM 0 1.00 52.93 C 14.853 15.520 50.223 **LEU A 175** 1378 CB MOTA 15.693 1.00 69.90 C 14.067 51.544 LEU A 175 1379 CG ATOM 1.00 58.23 C 15.592 51.287 12.539 CD1 LEU A 175 1380 ATOM 17.026 1.00 61.03 C 14.423 52.195 15.681 50.962 CD2 LEU A 175 ATOM 1381 1.00 49.99 N 12.641 ALA A 176 N 1382 MOTA 15.753 1.00 51.23 C 11.605 51.981 **ALA A 176** 1383 CA MOTA 1.00 45-44 C 14.902 51.629 10.385 ALA A 176 1384 C MOTA 9.739 1.00 57.30 O ALA A 176 14.347 ALA A 176 17.211 ARG A 177 14.776 52.518 1385 0 MOTA 1.00 54.86 C 11.193 52.214 CB MOTA 1386 1_00 50.42 N 50.341 10.074 1387 N ARG A 177 MOTA 1.00 45.08 C 13.987 8.917 49.924 ARG A 177 1388 · CA ATOM 1.00 48.67 C 12.641 , 49.302 11.862 48.974 9.269 ARG A 177 ,1389 . C ATOM 1.00 45.39 O 8.377 ARG A 177 1390 0 ATOM 1.00 57.24 C 48.918 8.081 14.778 ARG A 177 1391 CB MOTA 7.544 1.00 64.35 C 16.084 49.467 ARG A 177 . CG 1392 MOTA 1.00 64.31 C 48.460 6.666 16.813 ARG A 177 CD ATOM 1393 1.00 77.29 N 5.939 17.880 49.138 ARG A 177 1394 NE MOTA 1.00 58.44 C 49.331 4.625 17.889 ARG A 177 CZ 1395 ATOM 1.00 54.23 N 3.873 48.883 NHI ARG A 177 16.892 1396 MOTA 1.00 72.33 N 50.009 4.074 NHZ ARG A 177 18.884 1397 MOTA 1.00 44.96 N 10.562 12,373 49.130 GLY A 178 1398 N٠ ATOM 1.00 44.41 C 10.972 48.508 11.122 GLY A 178 1399 CA ATOM 1.00 44.68 C 10.354 11.050 47,122 GLY A 178 .c 1400 MOTA 1.00 40.98 0 10.092 GLY A 178 46.574 9.976 MOTA 1401 0 1.00 41.13 N 12.227 46.544 10.146 GLU A 179 1402 N MOTA 1.00 46.62 C 9.513 45.240 12.363 GLU A 179 1403 CA MOTA 1.00 46.51 C 10.496 44.076 GLU A 179 12.204 1404 С ATOM 1-00 46.07 O 11.619 12.710 44.116 GLU A 179 1405 0 ATOM 1.00 47.47 C 8.817 45:192 GLU A 179 13.736 1406 CB ATOM 1.00 52.61 C 44.049 7.652 14.011 GLU A 179 1407 CG MOTA 1.00 67.97 C 7.186 44.199 යා GLU A 179 15.396 MOTA 1408 1.00 52.50 O 7.709 16.232 44.974 OE1 GLU A 179 1409 ATOM 6.156 1.00 61.67 O 43.540 OE2 GLU A 179 15.657 1410 MOTA 1.00 46.98 N 11.504 43.037 10.044 ILE A 180 1411 N MOTA 1.00 44.57 C 10.844 11,260 41.843 ILE A 180 1412 CA MOTA 1.00 49.88 C 40.596 10.028 ILE A 180 11.442 1413 C MOTA 1.00 50.41 0 11.018 40.531 8.87B ILE A 180 ATOM 1414 0 1.00 60.91 C 41.784 11.371 9.820 ILE A 180 1415 CB MOTA 1.00 56.28 C 9.586 42.889 12.387 CG1 ILE A 180 1416 MOTA 1.00 58.36 C 40.416 11.996 CG2 ILE A 180 9.544 1417 MOTA 1.00 63.77 C 42.834 12.973 8.206 CD1 ILE A 180 1418 MOTA 10.532 1.00 49.49 N 39.607 12.088 ASN A 181 1419 N ATOM 1.00 44.31 C 10.010 12.269 38.308 ASN A 181 CA 1420 MOTA 1.00 53.84 C 37.382 11.223 12.329 ASN A 181 ATOM 1421 Ċ 1.00 49-42 0 37.776 12.297 ASN A 181 12.789. O 1422 MOTA 1.00 50.86 C 13.555 38.240 9.189 1423 CB ASN A 181 MOTA 1.00 58.63 C 8.165 37.117 13.527 ASN A 181 CG 1424 ATOM 1.00 68.55 0 12.581 36.332 8.126 OD1 ASN A 181 ATOM 1425

Table 2

1.00 62.99 N 7.331 37.031 14.567 ND2 ASN A 181 1426 MOTA 1.00 51.66 N 11.818 11.082 36.172 PHE A 182 1427 N. ATOM 1.00 54.82 C 12.210 11.839 35.261 PHE A 182 1428 CA MOTA 1.00 62.75 C 33.843 11.713 12.052 1429 PHE A . 182 C MOTA 1.00 55.35 Q 11.914 33.563 10.512 PHE A 182 1430 ATOM 0 1.00 62.28 C 12.989 10.521 35.354 PHE A 182 CB 1431 ATOM 1.00 74.94 C 9.352 34.717 12,283 CG PHE A 182 1432 MOTA .1.00 82.11 C 12.120 33.333 CD1 PHE A 182 9.292 1433 ATOM 1.00 B1.28 C 11.745 35.496 CD2 PHE A 182 B.333 1434 ATOM 1.00 84.02 C 11.429 8.244 32.733 CE1 PHE A 182 1435 MOTA 1.00 84.09 C 11.049 7.276 34.901 1436 CE2 PHE A 182 MOTA 1.00 83.03 C 10.892 7.236 33.516 PHE A 182 CZ. MOTA 1437 1.00 58.39 N 32.945 12.633 12.388 LYS A 183 1438 N MOTA 1.00 50.63 C 12.295 31.541 LYS' A 183 12-591 1439 CA MOTA 1.00 53.23 C 13.459 30.678 12.106 LYS A 183 1440 C ATOM 1.00 45.57 O 14.622 12.431 30.947 LYS A 183 MOTA 1441 0 1.00 65.15 C 12.022 31.263 14.073 1442 ĊВ LYS A 183 MOTA 1.00 64.65 C 11.957 29.780 LYS A 183 14.446 1443 CG ATOM 10.566 1.00 63.11 C 29.166 14.295 LYS A 183 CD MOTA 1444 1.00 53.42 C 10.590 14.627 27.670 LYS A 183 CE 1445 ATOM 1.00 53.61 N 9.599 LYS A 183 15.665 27.264 NZ 1446 MOTA 1.00 48.65 N 29.655 13.142 11.319 ASP A 184 MOTA 1447 N 1.00 52.92 C 14.156 10-797 28.751 ASP A 184 1448 CA MOTA 11.722 27.567 14:333 1.00 45.71 C ASP A 184 1449 C MOTA 13.371 . 1.00 44.54 0 26.894 12-104 ASP A 184 1450 O MOTA 1.00 62.54 C 13.784 28.255 9.404 ASP A 184 1451 CB ATOM 1.00 62.50 C 14.007 29.306 8.338 ASP A 184 CG 1452 ATOM 1.00 56.56 O 15.038 8.407 30.010 OD1 ASP A 184 1453 MOTA 1.00 70.30 0 13.155 29.417 7.429 OD2 ASP A 184 1454 MOTA 1.00 40.93 N 15.576 27.313 12.085 ILE A 165 1455 N MOTES 1.00 39.71 C 15.849 12.993 26.219 CA ILE A 185 ATOM 1456 1.00 38.52 C 16.806 25.231 12-372 1457 C ILE A 185 MOTA 1.00 38.65 O 17.909 11.958 25.590 ILE A 185 1458 0 ATOM 26.752 1.00 41.45 C 16.417 ILE A 185 14.326 1459 CB MOTA 1.00 46.89 C 15.051 27.548 15.316 CG1 ILE A 185 1460 ATOM 1.00 37.86 C 25.580 16.922 CG2 ILE A 185 15.199 1461 MOTA 1.00 48.29 C 28.337 15.805 16.246 CD1 ILE A 185 1462 MOTA 1.00 42.25 N 16.355 12.291 23.984 **GLN A 186** 1463 М MOTA 1.00 41.47 C 22.916 17.181 11.744 GLN A 186 1464 CA MOTA 1.00 38.63 C 22.416 .18.097 12.857 1465 **GLN A 186** C ATOM 17.630 1.00 42.48 0 21.991 GLN A 186 13.916 MOTA 1466 0 1.00 52.01 C 11.247 21.755 16.307 GLN A 186 1467 CB ATOM 1.00 64.38 C 17.100 GLN A 186 10.732 20.542 1468 ÇG MOTA 1.00 79.51 C 19.348 16.204 10.353 **GLN A 186** 1469 CD ATOM 1.00 79.17 0 19.202 15.092 10.873 1470 OE1 GLN A 186 MOTA 1.00 80.31 N 16.701 9.465 18.481 NE2 GLN A 186 1471 MOTA 1.00 43.44 N 22.457 19,398 1472 N VAL A 187 12.610 MOTA 1.00 47.67 C 21.987 20.367 **VAL A 187** 13.586 ATOM 1473 CA 20.607 20.866 1.00 49.13 C VAL A 187 13.146 1474 MOTA C 1.00 40.93 0 12.015 21.311 20.446 VAL A 187 1475 ATOM ø 21.583 1.00 42.03 C VAL A 187 13.675 22.939 1476 CB ATOM 1.00 41.16 C 22.315 22.652 14.563 CG1 VAL A 187 1477 ATOM 21.154 1.00 38.03 C 24.300 CG2 VAL A 187 14.224 1478 ATOM 1.00 41.32 N 20.785 19.621 ILE A 188 14.035 1479 N ATOM 1.00 42.62 C 21.255 18.273 ILE A 188 13.733 MOTA 1480 ÇA 22.441 1.00 40.36 C 17.913 ILE A 188 14.635 ATOM 1481 C 1.00 42.29.0 18.224 22.442 ILE A 188 -15-835 1482 0 MOTA 1.00 45.03 C 20.142 13.945 17.213 CB ILE A 188 MOTA 1483 18.967 1.00 41.79 C 13.002 17.475 CG1 ILE A 188 MOTA 1484

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Table 2

20.702 1.00 46.59 C CG2 ILE A 188 13.687 15.806 -1485 MOTA 17.763 1.00 40.92 C 16.566 CD1 ILE A 188 13.267 1486 MOTA 1.00 36.36 N 23.455 14.050 17.285 1487 VAL A 189 ATOM N 1.00 42.50 C 16.867 24.627 14.808 VAL A 189 . 1488 ATOM CA 24.667 1.00 48.22 C 15.338 **VAL A 189** 14.802 C 1489 ATOM 1.00 41.17 O 14.705 24.672 13.748 1490 0 VAL A 189 MOTA 1.00 44.30 C 25.921 14.206 17.455 VAL A 189 MOTA 1491 CB 1.00 39.49 C 16.930 27.125 CG1 VAL A 189 14.945 1492 ATOM 1.00 40.56 C 18.966 25.894 CG2 VAL A 189 14.304 MOTA 1493 24.665 1.00 40.63 N 14.754 ASN A 190 · 25.993 1494 M ATOM 1.00 40.98 C 24.698 13.316 16.143 1495 CA ASN A 190 ATOM 1.00 45.73 C 26.148 ASN A 190 16.395 12.885 1496 C ATOM 26.918 23.752 1.00 45-44 0 13.613 ASN A 190 1497 0 17.01B MOTA 1.00 40.78 C **ASN A 190** 17.285 12.908 ATOM 1498 CB 22.310 1.00 48.31 C 13.293 **ASN A 190** 16.999 1499 ÇĢ ATOM 1.00 44.75 0 15.917 13.005 21.782 OD1 ASN A 190 1500 ATOM 1.00 41.66 N 21.664 ND2 ASN A 190 17.962 13.951 1501 MOTA 1.00 42.84 N 26.509 11.710 15.877 VAL A 191 1502 MOTA N 1.00 39.39 C 27.863 15.982 11.151 VAL A 191 ·1503 CA MOTA 1.00 39.64 C 27.788 9.802 VAL A 191 16.683 1504 C MOTA 1.00 47.40 0 8.910 27.043 16.261 VAL A 191 1505 0 ATOM 28.470 1.00 44.63 C 10.954 14.574 VAL A 191 MOTA 1506 CB 1.00 41.78 C 29.890 14.671 10.368 CG1 VAL A 191 1507 ATOM 1.00 41.72 C 28.499 12.310 CG2 VAL A 191 13.848 MOTA 150B 28.542 1.00 43.27 N PRO A 192 17.775 9.641 N 1509 MOTA 1.00 45.21 C 28.596 8.416 18.578 1510 CA PRO A 192 MOTA 28.990 1.00 42.00 C PRO A 192 17.722 7.224 MOTA 1511 C 29.763 1.00 42.35 0 7.355 16.783 1512 0 PRO A 192 ATOM 1.00 49.92 C 29.668 PRO A 192 19.620 8.737 1513 CB ATOM 1.00 49.81 C 10.204 29.687 PRO A 192 19.690 CG 1514 ATOM 1.00 43.30 C 10.602 29.556 PRO A 192 18.246 1515 CD ATOM 28.515 1.00 40.57 N 6.034 . 18.075 PRO A 193 ATOM 1516 N 1.00 39.79 C 4.848 28.838 17.301 PRO A 193 1517 CA MOTA 30.256 1.00 43.45 C 4.372 PRO A 193 17.516 1518 C MOTA 1.00 44.20 O 30.864 18.552 4.666 1519 0 PRO A 193 ATOM 1.00 41.07 C 27.853· 3.809 17.842 PRO A 193 1520 CB ATOM 1.00 46.01 ¢ 4.630 26.843 18.661 PRO A 193 1521 MOTA CG 1.00 47.13 C 19.250 27.729 5.657 PRO A 193 1522 CD ATOM 1.00 45.04 N 30.779 16.516 3.665 THR A 194 ATOM 1523 N 1.00 48.33 C 2.987 32.075 THR A 194 16.614 1524 ĊA MOTA 1.00 51.40 C 16.019 1.623 31.713 THR A 194 ATOM 1525 C 30.848 1.00 41.84 O 1.529 THR A 194 15.124 1526 0 ATOM 1.00 48.51 C THR A 194 33.225 3.630 15.792 ATCM 1527 CB 1.00 54.30 O 32.862 3.724 OG1 THR A 194 14.414 ATOM 1528 33.574 1.00 57.24 C 4.992 16.338 THR A 194 ATOM 1529 CG2 1.00 48.50 N 16.507 0.565 32.352 VAL A 195 1530 N ATOM 32.017 1.00 45.60 C -0.760 **VAL A 195** 16.026 1531 CA MOTA 1.00 42.61 C 16.083 -1.715 33.200 **VAL A 195** 1532 C ATOM 1.00 46.25 O 34.021 VAL A 195 16.976 -1.644MOTA 1533 ο . 1.00 42.93 C CB VAL A 195 CG1 VAL A 195 -1.34630.840 16.853 1534 CB MOTA 1.00 43.08 C -1.582 31.282 18.314 1535 ATOM 1.00 43.46 C -2.635 30.339 CG2 VAL A 195 . 16.218 ATOM 1536 1.00 41.51 N 15.104 33.282 -2.603 1537 GLN A 196 N ATOM 1.00 48.63 C 34.355 15.070 -3.577 **GIN A 196** ATOM 1538 CA 1.00 45.56 C 33.817 -4.928 ¢. GLN A 196 14.615 1539 ATOM 1.00 45.71 O 13.706 -5.009 32.992 GLN A 196 ATOM 1540 0 1.00 49.59 C 35.477 14.119 -3.118GLN A 196 1541 MOTA CB 1.00 55.69 C -2.064 36.393 37.588 **GLN A 196** 1542 ĊG 14.693 ΔͲΩΜ 1.00 74.35 C GLN A 196 13.790 -1.757 MOTA 1543 CD

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1.00 74.51 0 38.639 1544 OEL GLN A 196 14.268 -1.328MOTA 1.00 79.78 N -1.970 37.429 NE2 GLN A 196 12.482 1545 ATOM 1.00 40.70 N -5.991 34.282 ALA A 197 15.257 1546 N ATOM 1.00 39.75 C **ALA A 197** 14.876 -7.329 33.873 1547 CA ATOM 1.00 42.61 C -7.650 34.550 13.550 ATOM **1548** C ALA A 197 ALA A 197 1.00 48.54 0 -7.246 35.687 13.316 1549 ATOM ٥ 34.313 1.00 39.72 C -B.333 1550 CB ALA A 197 15.940 MOTA 12.671 -8.368 33.865 1.00 43.54 N ARG A 198 1551 N MOTA 1.00 44.25 C CA ARG A 198 11.403 -B.72D 34.485 1552 ATOM 35.479 1.00 53.02 C -9.866 11.564 ARG A 198 MOTA 1553 C 1.00 45.60 O 36.528 ARG A 198 11.018 -9.960 1554 O ATOM 1.00 49.38 C 10.392 -9.131 33.416 ARG A 198 1555 CB MOTA 1.00 56.08 C -8.992 33.873 ARG A 198 8.967 1556 CG ATOM 1.00 58.30 C -9.099 32.724 ARG A 198 7.99L ATOM 1557 CD 7.873 -7.869 31.947 1.00 47.20 N ARG A 198 1558 NE ATOM 1.00 54.23 C -7.675 31.030 ARG A 198 6.931 1559 czATOM 1.00 47.47 N -8.633 30.793 6.038 NH1 ARG A 198 1,560 ATOM 6.882 1.00 50.85 N -6.541 30.339 1561 NH2 ARG A 198 ATOM 1.00 51.86 N 12.625 -10.722 35.133 GLN A 199 1562 N. MOTA 13.047 -11.844 1.00 52.79 C 35.965 MOTA 1563 CA **GLN A 199** 35.B71 1.00 50.17 C 14.564 -11.926 GIN A 199 ATOM 1564 C 1.00 54.53 O 34.798 **GLN A 199** 15.107 -12.162 1565 D MOTA 1.00 58-34 C 12.447 -13.159 35.472 1566 CB **GLN A 199** ATOM 10.941 -13.292 10.498 -13.315 1.00 68.50 C CG 35..635 **GLN A 199** MOTA 1567 37.100 1.00 83.24 C **GLN A 199** ATOM 1568 CD 11.300 -13.596 1.00 85.74 O GLN A 199 37.996 OEL ATOM 1569 1.00 71.40 N 9.214 -13.035 37.347 GLN A 199 1570 NE2 ATOM 36-991 15.247 -11.719 1.00 46.12 N 1571 N SER A 200 MOTA . 1.00 50.15 C 16.715 -11.753 37.042 SER A 200 .1572 ĊA ATOM 17.328 -13.157 37.004 1.00 47.60 C SER A 200 1573 C ATOM 36.541 1.00 49.49 O 18.458 -13.350 1574 0 SER A 200 ATOM 1.00 49.46 C 17.194 -11.D61 38.318 1575 SER A 200 ĊB ATOM 38.384 1.00 76.11 0 16.702 -9.737 **SER A 200** 1576 OG ATOM 1.00 48.87 N 37.518 ILE A 201 16.576 -14.122 N ATOM 1577 1.00 50-62 C 17.019 -15.504 1578 CA ILE A 201 37.591 ATOM 1.00 47.35 C 15.994 -16.400 36.925 ILE A 201 MOTA 1579 C 1.00 51.41 0 14.797 -16.328 ILE A 201 37.216 1580 MOTA O 39.067 1.00 64.29 C 17.101 -15.962 ILE A 201 1581 CB ATOM 18.080 -14.983 39.838 1.00 57.76 C CG1 ILE A 201 1582 ATOM 1.00 58.42 C 17.768 -17.373 39.116 1583 CG2 ILE A 201 ATOM 19.476 -14.860 1.00 68.87 C 39.290 CD1 ILE A 201 1584 MOTA VAL A 202 1.00 46.21 N 16.469 -17.249 36.032 1585 N ATOM 1.00 49.25 C 35.339 15.587 -18.157 VAL A 202 1586 ÇA ATOM 1.00 47.17 C 35.336 16.207 -19.540 ATOM **VAL A 202** 1587 C 1.00 43.79 O 17.391 -19.687 35.045 VAL A 202 0 ATOM 1588 15.371 -17.701 1.00 53.12 C 33.882 CB **VAL A 202** MOTA 1589 1.00 45.19 C 33.177 CG1 VAL A 202 · 14.436 -18.561 ATOM 1590 1.00 50.64 C 14.820 -16.276 33.861 1591 CG2 VAL A 202 ATOM 15.393 -20.544 . 35.653 1.00 49.57 N ATOM 1592 N ASN A 203 15.827 -21.937 35.680 1.00 S1.28 C ASN A 203 1593 CA MOTA 1.00 55.81 C 34.575 15.078 -22-576 1594 C ASN A 203 ATOM 13.857 -22.541 34.440 1.00 50.57 O ASN A 203 1595 0 MOTA 1.00 49.03 C 37.010 15.473 -22.635 1596 CB ASN A 203 MOTA 16.218 -22.067 38.217 1.00 47.83 C 1597 CG **ASN A 203** ATOM 1.00 47.54 0 17.319 -21.530 38.105 OD1 ASN A 203 1598 MOTA 1.00 44.22 N 15.617 -22.217 39.390 ND2 ASN A 203 1599 ATOM 1.00 53.79 N ALA A 204 15.811 -23.487 33.825 1600 И MOTA 1.00 58.78 C ALA A 204 15.249 -24-272 32.738 MOTA 1601 CA 32.730 1.00 59.86 C 15.827 -25.683 ALA A 204 1602 C MOTA

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33.268 1.00 58.63 O 16.909 -25.933 ALA A 204 MOTA 1.603 Q 1.00 54.08 C 15.541 -23.592 31.408 CB ALA A 204 1.604 MOTA 1.00 63.01 N 32.100 15.08B -26.592 THR A 205 1605 N MOTA 1.00 62.25 C 31.966 THR A 205 15.483 -27.989 CA MOTA 1606 1.00 59.60 € 30.546 15.949 -28.248 THR A 205 MOTA 1607 C 1.00 57.70 O 15.282 -27.874 14.323 -28.946 29:579 THR A 205 1608 0 ATOM 1.00 63.31 C 32.265 CB . THR A 205 1609 MOTA 1.00 64.86 Q 13.916 -28.799 33.634 OG1 THR A 205 MOTA 1610 1.00 70.94 C 14.760 -30.3B3 32.012 CG2 TER A 205 MOTA 1611 1.00 56.34 N 17.089 -28.913 30.430 ALA A 206 1612 N MOTA 1.00 60.33 C 17.670 -29.203 29.134 CA ALA A 206 1613 ATOM 1.00 64.54 C 17.035 -30.352 28.375 ALA A 206 ATOM 1614 C 1.00 68.98 O 16.377 -31.228 28.940 ALA A 206 0 1615 MOTA 1.00 58.07 C 29.290 19.156 -29.464 ALA A 206 ATOM 1616 CB 1.00 71.10 N 17.246 -30.306 27.067 **ASN A 207** 1617 N MOTA 1.00 71.82 C 16.791 -31.322 15.352 -31.788 26.140 1618 ÇÃ ASN A 207 MOTA 1.00 70.92 C 26.216 ASN A 207 1619 C ATOM 1.00 73.91 0 15.077 -32.971 26.023 ASN A 207 1620 O MOTA 1.00 69.97 C 26.249 17.724 -32.518 ASN A 207 CB ATOM . 1621 1.00 75.29 C 19.170 -32.119 26.105 ASM A 207 CG 1622 MOTA 1.00 81.94 O 25.097 19.562 -31.531 OD1 ASN A 207 1623 ATOM 19.972 -32.421 27.115 1.00 80.72 N ND2 ASN A 207 MOTA 1624 1.00 67.07 N 14.432 -30.877 26.496 **LEU A 208** 1625 N ATOM 26.528 1.00 68.52 C 13.026 -31.246 LEU A 208 1626 CA MOTA 12.347 -30.484 1.00 67.74 C 25.391 'LEU A 208 C 1627 ATOM 1.00 73.14 0 11.122 -30.415 12.393 -30.904 25.306 **LEU A 208** 1628 0 ATOM 1.00 68.09 C 27.877 LEU A 208 ATOM 1629 CB 1.00 79.90 C 12,930 -31.679 29.091 **LEU A 208** CG 1630 ATOM 1.00 73.01 C 30.319 CD1 LEO A 208 12.105 -31.321 ATOM 1631 1.00 77.54 C 28.843 12.854 -33.180 CDZ LEU A 208 ATÓM 1632 1.00 74.00 N 13.175 -29.907 24.519 1633 N GLY A 209 ATOM 12.694 -29.159 1.00 81.72 C 23.364 GLY A 209 CA 1634 ATOM 1.00 87.49 C GLY A 209 11.907 -27.893 23.667 MOTA 1635 C 1.00 95.12 0 22.788 11.241 -27.341 **GLY A 209** 1636 О MOTA 24.905 · 1.00 84.00 N 11.992 -27.420 GLN A 210 MOTA 1637 N 1.00 82.13 C 25.299 **GLN A 210** 11.254 -26.230 1638 CA ATOM 1.00 74.00 C 12.033 -24.922 25.205 GLN A 210 1639 C ATOM 1.00 71.75 O 25.132 13.265 -24.922 GLN A 210 1640 Ò ATOM 10.703 -26.400 26.711 1.00 86.64 C CB GLN A 210 1641 · MOTA 1.00 92.84 C 27.754 11.770 -26.685 **GLN A 210** 1642 CG MOTA 1.00 98.28 C 28.932 11.215 -27.469 GLN A 210 ATOM 1643 CD 1.00102.57 O 10.047 -27.856 28.930 OE1 GLN A 210 1644 MOTA 29.938. 1.00100.49 N 12.049 -27.714 NE2 GLN A 210 1645 ATOM 1.00 73.42 N 25.212 11.295 -23.810 1646 SER A 211 N ATOM 1.00 68.89 C 25.101 11.873 -22.470 CA SER A 211 MOTA 1647 1.00 59.63 C 26.394 11.749 -21.588 C SER A 211 ATOM 1648 1.00 58.00 O 27.297 10.995 -22.044 1649 0 SER A 211 ATOM 1.00 69.06 C 23.978 11.181 -21.680 SER A 211 ATOM 1650 CB 1.00 75.29 0 22.719 11.312 -22.319 SER A 211 OG 1651 MOTA 1.00 62.83 N 26,479 12.515 -20.616 VAL A 212 ATOM 1652 N 1.00 57.69 C 27.638 VAL A 212 12.470 -19.749 1653 CA MOTA 1.00 51.71 C 12.482 -18.343 27.056 VAL A 212 1654, C MOTA 1.00 48.36 0 13.140 -18.086 26.044 VAL A 212 1655 O ATOM 1.00 58.76 C 13.697 -19.965 28.554 VAL A 212 CB MOTA 1656 1.00 57.99 C 14.970 -19.802 27.762 1657 CG1 VAL A 212 ATOM 1.00 65.40 C 29.707 13.665 -18.988 CG2 VAL A 212 MOTA 1658 27.672 1.00 48.53 N 11.738 -17.438 THR A 213 N 1659 ATOM 11.698 -16.079 27.171 1.00 50.94 C 12.279 -15.100 28.194 1.00 46.89 C 1660 CA THR A 213 MOTA 1661 C THR A 213 MOTA

Table 2

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1.00 48.85 O 11.760 -14.969 29.301 THR A 213 MOTA 1662 0 1.00 50.59 C **26.820** 10.246 -15.669 THR A 213 1663 CB ATOM 1.00 54.06 O 25.627 9.720 -16.556 OG1 THR A 213 1664 MOTA 1.00 56.06 C 26.276 CG2 THR A 213 10.214 -14.255 MOTA 1665 1.00 50.67 N 13.367 -14.430 27.823 1666 N LEU A 214 MOTA 28.686 1.00 44.75 C 14.015 -13.445 CA LEU A 214 ATOM 1667 1.00 49.46 C 13.444 -12.078 28.327 **LEU A 214** C ATOM 1668 1.00 40.16 0 13.339 -11.738 27.147 LEU A 214 1669 ٥ ATOM 1.00 40.05 C 28.464 LEU A 214 15.519 -13.469 1670 CB MOTA 1.00 47.06 C 16.140 -14.857 28.611 CG LEU A 214 MOTA 1671 1.00 41.62 C 17.647 -14.728 28.666 CD1 LEU A 214 1672 MOTA 29.880 1.00 42.47 C CD2 LEO A 214 15.623 -15.532 1673 MOTA 1.00 44.86 N 29.345 13.089 -11.299 VAL A 215 1674 N MOTA 29.143 1.00 46.92 C 12.454 -10.004 VAL A 215 1675 CA ATOM 1.00 48.90 C -8.850 29.928 13.030 VAL A 215 C ATOM 1676 1.00 50.91 0 31.135 -8.937 13.254 VAL A 215 1677 O ATOM 29.508 1.00 49.64 C 10.969 -10.089 **VAL A 215** MOTA 1678 CB 1.00 50.90 C 29.213 10.265 -B.759 CG1 VAL A 215 1679 MOTA 1.00 52.37 C 28.765 10.332 -11.234 CG2 VAL A 215 1680 ATOM 1.00 44.39 N 29.221 -7.755 CYS A 216 . 13.254 N MOTA 1681 1.00 45-29 C -6.542 29.826 13.754 CYS A 216 1682 CA ATOM 29.501 1.00 52.26 C -5.449 12.744 CYS A 216 1683 C MOTA 1.00 47.28 0 . 12.223 28.393 -5.399 CYS A 216 1684 ٥ ATOM 1.00 45.92 C 29.257 15.122 -6.180CYS A 216 1685 ĊВ 16.483 ATOM 1.00 51.48 S 29.998 -7.140 1686 SG CYS A 216 ATOM 1.00 44.49 N -4.598 30.478 12,454 ASP A 217 1687 N ATOM 30.291 1.00 46.18 C 11.523 -3-499 ASP A 217 1688 CA MOTA 1.00 46.02 C 30.313 12.330 -2.230ASP A 217 C MOTA 1689 1.00 42.34 0 31.307 -1.906 12.974 ASP A 217 1690 O MOTA 1.00 43.07 C .10.501 **-3.453** 31.419 ASP A 217 ĊВ 1691 ATOM 1.00 54.67 C -4.624 31.382 9.576 ASP A 217 CG 1692 MOTA 1.00 54.44 0 -4.755 30.366 8.860 OD1 ASP A 217 1693 ATOM 1.00 52.78 0 -5.417 32.350 9.573 OD2 ASP A 217 ATOM 1694 1.00 43.43 N -1.49829.215 12.279 1695 М ALA A 218 MOTA 1.00 51.56 C 29.129 -0.269ALA A 218 13.030 CA 1696 ATOM 1.00 51:78 C 0.900 28.633 12.205 1697 C ALA A 218 ATOM 1.00 48.04 0 28.031 ALA A 218 11.150 0.731 1698 0 ATOM 1.00 46.61 C 28.202 -0.468 14.221 ALA A 218 CB ATOM 1699 1.00 47.98 N 12.704 2.096 28.901 ASP A 219 1700 N MOTA 28.377 1.00 53.40 C 3.287 ASP A 219 12.076 1701 CA MOTA 1.00 54.39 C 28.287 . 13.097 4.412 ASP A 219 1702 C MOTA 1.00 53.10 0 28.791 14.214 4.308 ASP A 219 1703 0 MOTA 1.00 67.27 C 3.693 29.214 10.876 ASP A 219 1704 .CB MOTA 1.00 73.00 C 3.878 30.644 11.226 ASP A 219 1705 CG A'TOM 30.905 1.00 77.65 0 31.502 1.00 83.21 0 12.424 4.087 ODL ASP A 219 1706 MOTA 3.824 OD2 ASP A 219 10.315 1707 ATOM 1.00 46.12 N 27.622 5.482 GLY A 220 12.693 1708 N ATOM 1.00 43.59 C 27.405 GLY A 220 13.541 6.632 ATOM 1709 CA 1.00 46.49 C 7.286 6.810 26.135 13.035 GLY A 220 1710 C ATOM 1.00 45.48 0 25.554 GLY A 220 12.062 1711 0 MOTA 1.00 43.50 N 8.341 25.678 PHE A 221 13.700 1712 N MOTA 1.00 42.29 C 9.017 24.465 13.283 PHE A 221 2713 ATOM CA 1.00 33.90 C 23.669 9.499 PHE A 221 14.499 1714 С MOTA 1.00 43.58 0 10.265 24.178 15.313 PHE A 221 1715 0 MOTA 1.00 41.04 C 24.797 10.215 PRE A 221 12,391 ATOM. 1716 CB 23.572 1.00 44.52 C 10.861 11.792 PHE A 221 CG ATOM 1717 1.00 47.33 C 23.037 CD1 PHE A 221 10.591 10.395 1718 MOTA 22.891 1.00 44.34 C CD2 PRE A 221 11.863 12.482 ATOM 1719 1.00 45.26 C 10.910 21.837 CE1 PHE A 221 10.088 1720 ATOM

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1.00 48.97 C 21.693 12.380 11.989 1721 CE2 PHE A 221 ATOM 1.00 44.61 C 11.897 21.166 10.785 CZ PHE A 221 MOTA 1722 1.00 40.11 N 9.050 22.400 PRO A 222 14.645 1723 N ATOM 1.00 40.06 C 8.122 21,655 13.780 PRO A 222 1724 CA MOTA 1.00 50.45 C 22.344 13.693 6.765 PRO A 222 1725 c · MOTA 1.00 43.37 0 6.419 23.172 14.546 PRO A 222 MOTA 1726 0 20.307 1.00 44.90 C 8.000 PRO A 222 14.480 CB ATOM 1727 1.00 43.89 C 20.158 15.163 9.311 1728 CG PRO A 222 ATOM 1.00 38.16 C 21.536 9.547 15.733 CD PRO A 222 MOTA 1729 1.00 47.32 N 21.998 5.999 GLU A 223 12.559 1730 N ATOM 1.00 48.48 C GLU A 223 4.564 22.565 12.466 MOTA 1731 ĊA 22.403 3.917 1.00 44.89 C 1732 **GLU A 223** 13.778 C MOTA 1.00 42.04 0 3 886 21.321 .14.364 **GLU A 223** ATOM 1733 ٥ 21.837 1.00 51.24 C 3.905 CB **GLU A 223** 11.359 1734 MOTA 1.00 45.06 C 4.402 22.100 9.947 CG GLU A 223 MOTA 1735 1.00 60.54 C 23.556 **GLU A 223** 9.513 4.303 MOTA 1736 CD 24.263 1.00 71.83 0 3.368 9.950 OE1 GLU A 223 1737 MOTA 1.00 70.97 O 23.986 5.153 8.700 **GLU A 223** 1738 OE2 ATOM 23,483 1.00 46.34 N 14.249 3.296 PRO A 224 1739 N MOTA 1.00 48.92 C 23.453 2.559 15.507 ATOM 1740 ÇA. PRO A 224 1.00 49.30 C 22.501 1.373 15.536 PRO A 224 1741 C ATOM 1.00 47:42 0 22.311 14.535 0.692 PRO A. 224 1742 0 MOTA 1.00 47.68 C 24.911 15.678 2.113 CB PRO A 224 1743 ATOM 25.698 1.00 57.81 C 14.893 3.128 PRO A 224 1744 CG MOTA 1.00 47.48 C 3.314 24.843 13.673 1745 CD PRO A 224 ATOM 1.00 50.13 N 21.884 16.685 1.143 THR A 225 1746 ATOM N 1.00 60.61 C 21.021 -0.016 16.859 1747 CA. THR A 225 MOTA 1.00 59.15 C 21.907 -1.033 17.598 THR A 225 MOTA 1748 C 1.00 47.10 0 -0.663 22.631 .18.533 THR A 225 1749 0 ATOM 1.00 58.08 C 19.810 17.723 0.319 THR A 225 MOTA 1750 CB 18.985 1.00 83.82 O 1.259 17.027 OG1 THR A 225 1751 ATOM 1.00 73.24 C 18.009 -0.934 19.003 CG2 THR.A 225 1752 MOTA 1.00 52.21 N 21.862 17.189 -2.296 MET A 226 1753 M ATOM 1.00 53.46 C . 17.824 -3.31022.692 MET A 226 1754 CAMOTA 1.00 56.38 C 21.927 18.721 -4.265MET A 226 ATOM 1755 C -4.657 20.802 1.00 51.69 0 18.417 MET A 225 1756 0 ATOM 1.00 61.02 C 23.397 -4.149 ·MET A 226 16.766 1757 CB ATOM 1.00 73.13 C 24.112 -3.339 15.711 MET A 226 ATOM 1758 CG 1.00 79.72 S 25.388 -2.409 16.515 MET A 226 1759 5D ATOM 1.00 72.80 C MET A 226 -3.79126.474 17.052 1760 CE ATOM 1.00 51.74 N -4.649 22.564 1761 SER A 227 19.821 N ATOM 1.00 57.86 C -5.617 22.003 20.755 SER A 227 ATOM 1762 CA 1.00 61.93 C 23.187 21.169 -6.496 , C SER A 227 . 1763 MOTA 1.00 60.05 O -6.024 24.332 21.204 MOTA 1764 0 **SER A 227** 1.00 41.57 C 21.403 21.961 -4.912SER A 227 1765 MOTA CB 22.355 1.00 62.88 0 -4.055 22.546 1766 OG **SER A 227** ATOM 1.00 57.15 N 21.472 -7.765 22.924 TRP A 228 1767 72 MOTA 1.00 55.47 C 23.998 -8.689 1768 CA TRP A 228 21,540 MOTA 1.00 59.04 C 23.243 -9.290 23.899 ATOM 1769 C TRP A 228 22-829 1.00 49.40 0 23.856 -9.273 TRP A 228 ATOM 1770 0 24.050 -9.840 1.00 49.35 C 20.842 TRP A 228 1771 CB MOTA 1.00 47.96 C -9.439 24:308 19.435 CG TRP A 228 MOTA 1772 23.494 1.00 53.38 C CD1 TRP A 228 18.630 -8.695 ATOM 1773 1.00 47.75 C 25.462 -9.760 CD2 TRP A 228 18.654 MOTA 1774 24.067 1.00 52.08 N 17.394 -8.537 NEI TRP A 228 MOTA 1775 1.00 45.77 C -9.177 25.279 CE2 TRP A 228 17.379 1776 ATOM 1.00 42.71 C 18,906 -10.482 26.637 1777 CES TRP A 228 MOTA 26.227 1.00 37.55 C 16.355 -9.291 CZ2 TRP A 228 1778 MOTA 1.00 45.83 C 17.887 -10.598 27.586 ATOM 1779 CZ3 TRP A 228

Table 2

27.373 1.00.50.85 C 16.625 -10.004 CH2 TRP A 228 1780 ATOM 23.749 -9.795 1.00 58.07 N 25.027 1781 N THR A 229 MOTA 1.00 60.10 C THR A 229 25.047 -10.474 25.057 25.04/ ----24.918 -11.741 1782 CA ATOM 1.00 61.83 C 25.902 THR A 229 1783 C MOTA 1.00 54.86 O 24.132 -11.787 26.868 THR A 229 ATOM 1784 0 1.00 53.98 C 26.191 -9.610 25.882 -9.252 25.652 THR A 229 1785 CB MOTA 26.999 1.00 57.01 0 OG1 THR A 229 1786 ATOM 1.00 57.89 C 26.418 -8.373 24.816 CG2 THR A 229 1787 MOTA LYS A 230 25.677 -12.765 25.515 1.00 58.82 N 1788 N MOTA 1,00 58.37 C CA LYS A 230 25.684 -14.043 26.217 1789 MOTA LYS A 230 27.088 -14.147 LYS A 230 28.066 -14.266 LYS A 230 25.396 -15.173 LYS A 230 25.113 -16.539 1.00 52.83 C 26.792 1790 C ATOM 1.00 54.49 O 26.054 ATOM 1791 0 1.00 55.01 C 25.227 1792 CB MOTA 1.00 45.56 C 25.849 24.757 A'I'UM 1/93 CG 1.00 59.41 C 24.973 ~17.615 LYS A 230 1794 CD MOTA LYS A 230 LYS A 230 ASP A 231 1.00 62.34 C 24.803 -19.019 25.339 24.460 -20.050 24.304 MOTA 1795 CE 1.00 59.23 N NZ 1796 ATOM 27.183 -14.078 28.115 1.00 61.62 N 1797 N MOTA 1.00 69.33 C 28.479 -14.105 28.781 1798 ÇA ATOM 29.439 -13.118 28.113 1.00 69.66 C ASP A 231 1799 C MOTA 1.00 73.37 O 30.612 -13.429 27.916 ASP A 231 1800 0 MOTA 1.00 67.95 C 28.754 29.096 -15.509 ASP A 231 1801 CB ATOM 29.645 1.00 76.63 C 28.359 -16.492 ASP A 231 1802 CG MOTA 1.00 73.37 0. 27:830 -16.069 30.697 OD1 ASP A 231 1803 MOTA 1.00 73.07 0 ' 28.327 -17.692 29.295 OD2 ASP A 231 ATOM 1804 1.00 69.81 N 27.766 28.939 -11.933 GLY A 232 1805 N MOTA 27.147 1.00 62.92 C 29.780 ~10.925 GLY A 232 MOTA 1806 ÇA 29.815 -10.953 25.633 1.00 57.21 C GLY A 232 C 1807 MOTA 1.00 64.11 0 30.217 -9.985 24.999 GLY A 232 1808 0 ATOM 29.398 -12.058 25.039 1,00 60.24 N GLU A 233 1809 N ATOM 1.00 67.77 C 29.407 -12.163 23.587 CA GLU A 233 1B10 ATOM 1.00 69.76 C 28.086 -11.753 22.977 GLU A 233 1811 ATOM C 1.00 67.85 0 23,437 27.019 -12.146 GLU A 233 1812 O MOTA 1.00 73.47 C 29.721 -13.589 23,156 **GLU A 233** 1813 CB MOTA 1.00 93.05 C 23.298 31.174 -13.980 GLU A 233 ATOM 1814 CG 1.00101.69 C 32.100 -13.154 22.416 GLU A 233 CD 1815 MOTA: 21.241 1.00104.10 0 31_753 -12.894 OE1 GLU A 233 1816 31.753 -12.074 21.222 1.00105.15 0 33.189 -12.771 22.898 1.00105.15 0 ATOM OE2 GLU A 233 ATOM 1817 28.146 -10.986 21.894 1.00 69.71 N PRO A 234 1818 N ATOM 26.928 -10.527 21.227 1.00 69.07 C PRO A 234 1819 CA MOTA 1.00 63.95 C 26.042 -11.660 20.747 С PRO A 234 1820 ATOM · 1.00 68.33 0 26.516 -12.774 20.513 1821 0 PRO A 234 ATOM 1.00 74.23 C 27.463 -9.717 20.047 CB PRO A 234 1822 MOTA 28.863 -9.346 1.00 78.24 C 20.458 1823 CG PRO A 234 ATOM 1.00 73.22 C 21.151 29.349 -10.575 PRO A 234 1824 CD MOTA 1.00 60.42 N 24.756 -11.361 20.589 ILE A 235 1825 N ATOM 23.5 23.091 -1 22.292 -10.780 22.785 -12.748 23.480 -13.103 -96 -13.935 -7.237 1.00 59.30 C 20.075 1826 CA ILE A 235 MOTA 1.00 73.94 C 18.887 ILE A 235 1827 C ATOM 22.292 -10.780 19.062 1.00 69.18 0 1828 0 ILE A 235 MOTES 21.118 1.00 58.75 C ILE A 235 1829 CB ATOM 22.435 1.00 60.61 C CG1 ILE A 235 1830 MOTA 1.00 54.52 C 20.602 CG2 ILE A 235 1831 ATOM 1.00 58.31 C 23.598 1832 CD1 ILE A 235 MOTA 1.00 80.94 N 23.341 -12.205 17.679 GLU A 236 1833 ATOM N 1.00 90.13 C 22.742 -11.605 16.488 1834 GLU A 236 MOTA CA 21.234 -11.755 16.308 1.00 93.13 C 20.685 -12.857 16.339 1.00 89.58 O 23.493 -12.094 15.252 1.00 98.19 C 25.017 -12.039 15.429 1.00107.77 C GLU A 236 ATOM 1835. C 1836 0 GLU A 236 ATOM. 1837 CB GLU A 236 MOTA **CLU A 236** 1838 CC MOTA

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MOTA 1839 CD **GLU A 236** 25.542 -10.662 15.B44 1.00115.02 C OE1 GLU A 236 16.788 1B40 24.988 -10.055 1.00121.81 0 MOTA 1.00116.63 O 1841 OE2 GLU A 236 26.526 -10.191 15.233 ATOM MOTA 1842 N . **ASN A 237** 20.585 -10.606 16:115 1.00 98.73 N 1843 CA **ASN A 237** 19.136 -10.494 15.944 1.00104.56 C MOTA 14.686 ATOM 1844 C ASN A 237 18.609 -11.196 1.00110.81 C MOTA 1845 O **ASN A 237** 17.530 -11.792 14.705 1.00112.81 0 18.759 -9.004 ASN A 237 15.930 1846 CB 1.00100.46 C ATOM **ASN A 237** ATOM 1847 CG 17.268 -8.761 16.142 1.00100.48 C OD1 ASN A 237 16.868 -7.689 16.600 1.00 96.36 0 ATOM 1848 1849 ND2 ASN A 237 16.443 -9.747 15.798 1.00 97.08 N ATOM MOTA 1850 **GLU A 238** 19.382 -11.111 13.607 1.00114.86 N N 1851 19.072 -11.709 GLU A 238 12.303 1.00120.04 C ATOM CA ATOM 1852 C **GLO A 238** 17.688 -12.328 12.095 1.00121.21 C 16.975 -11.855 1853 11.181 1.00121.72 0 ATOM 0 GLU A 238 GLU A 238 20.152 -12.736 ATOM 1854 CB 11.963 1.00121.17 C GLU A 238 21.557 -12.228 MOTA 1855 CG 12.238 1.00126.14 C 1856 **GLU A 238** 21.808 -10.840 11.662 1.00130.4B C MOTA CD MOTA 1857 OE1 GLU A 238 21.090 -9.885 12.034 1.00132.56 O OE2 GLU A 238 22.731 -10.705 18.070 -14.713 17.685 -16.080 1858 10.837 1.00134.55 O ATOM ATOM 1859 N ASP A 241 9.305 1.00127.03 N 9.767 ATOM 1860 CA ASP A 241 1.00127.98 C 1.00129.18 C ATOM 1861 C ASP A 241 17.960 -16.274 11.255 MOTA 1862 O . ASP A 241 18.938 -15.754- 11.803 1.00129.01 0 ATOM 1863 CB ASP A 241 18.443 -17.152 8.972 1.00124.42 C MOTA 1864 CG ASP A 241 18.044 -18.574 9.365 1.00123.20 C 18.114 -18.916 ATOM 1865 OD1 ASP A 241 10.570 1.00119.17 0 OD2 ASP A 241 17.664 -19.356 1.00120.27 O 1866 8.464 MOTA 17.080 -17.043 ATOM 1867 **ASP A 242** 11,888 1.00129.87 N N ATOM 1868 CA ASP A 242 17.157 -17.357 13.310 1.00128.52 C 13.544 1.00124.12 C 1869 C ASP A 242 16.420 -18.676 ATOM 15.291 -18.851 MOTA 1870 0 **ASP A 242** 13.081 1.00127.28 0 14.128 1.00134.37 C 1871 ASP A 242 16.509 -16.230 ATOM CB ATOM 1872 ÇG ASP A .242 15.076 -15.931 13.693 1.00137.89 C OD1 ASP A 242 1873 -14.695 ~16.306 12.560 1.00139.91 0 MOTA ATOM 1874 OD2 ASP A 242 14.335 -15.302 14.484 1.00138.48 0 GLU A 243 17.053 -19.614 1875 14.237 1.00115.47 N ATOM N MOTA 1876 CA **GLU A 243** 16.401 -20.892 14.492 1.00108.81 C ATOM 1877 C GLU A 243 16.219 -21.065 15.984 1.00101.77 C 1878 0 **GLU A 243** 15.232 -21.637 16.453 1.00 97.50 O MOTA .17.243 -22.056 18.587 -22.269 13 -957 MOTA 1879 CB **GLU A 243** 1.00113.03 C **GLU A 243** MOTA 1880 CG 14.665 1.00119.77 C 19.736 -21.500 ATOM 1881 CD **GLU A 243** 14.022 1-00123.96 C 1882 OE1 GLU A 243 20.004 -21.723 12.821 1.00128.49 0 ATOM 14.716 1.00125.21 0 1883 OE2 GLU A 243 20.380 -20.682 ATOM 1884 17.193 -20.552 16.719 MOTA N LYS A 244 1.00 90.55 N 17.196 -20.652 ATOM 1.685 ÇA LYS A 244 18.159 1.00 87-36 C 1886 C LYS A 244 16.847 ~19.342 18.851 1_00 78.94 C ATOM MOTA 1887 0 LYS A 244 15.944 -19.299 19.681 1.00 79.48 O MOTA 1888 CB 18.567 -21.157 18.623 1.00 85.94 C LYS A 244 18.973 -20.687 MOTA 1889 CG LYS A 244 20.009 1.00 90.77 C ATOM 1890 CD LYS A 244 20.222 -21.392 20,527 1.00 85.35 C 19.960 -22.872 1891 CE LYS A 244 20.764 1.00 85.15 C ATOM 1892 NZ LYS A 244 18.698 -23.096 21.533 1.00 79.01 N ATOM 17.566 -18.279 1893 N 18.510 1.00 72.67 N MOTA HIS A 245 ATOM . 1894 CA HIS A 245 17.332 -16.978 19.121 1..00 73.65 C ATOM 1895 С HIS A 245 16.275 -16.150 18.398 1.00 71.43 C 16.483 -15.726 1.00 73.85 0 MOTA 1896 0 HIS A 245 17.264 MOTA 1897 ED HIS A 245 18.636 -16.191 19.174 1.00 62.45 C

Table 2

1.00 73.56 C 19.96B CG HIS A 245 19.712 -16.860 1898 MOTA 1.00 75.57 N 19.566 -17.183 21.301 ND1 HIS A 245 1.899 MOTA 1.00 74.25 C 19.624 CD2 HIS A 245-20.963 -17.251 1900 MOTA 1.00 69.91 C 21.742 20.680 -17.740 CE1 HIS A 245 1901 MOTA . 1.00 78.21 N 21.542 -17.792 20.747 NE2 HIS A 245 1902 MOTA 15.151 -15.907 1.00 71.28 N 19.066 ILE A 246 1903 N ATOM 1.00 67.47 C 14.061 -15.117 13.820 -13.823 18.492 CA ILE A 246 MOTA 1904 1.00 68.54 C 19.279 ILE A 246 1905 C MOTA 1.00 56.11 0 20.459 **TLE A 246** 13.465 -13.871 1906 O MOTA 1.00 71.39 C 12.746 -15.912 18-494 ILE A 246 CB ATOM 1907 1.00 73.66 C 17.829 12.953 -17.270 11.656 -15.114 CG1 ILE A 246 1908 ATOM 1.00 69.42 C 17.803 CG2 ILE A 246 ATOM 1909 1.00 82.71 C 13.544 -17.182 16,451 CD1 ILE A 246 1910 ATOM 18.625 1.00 57.64 N PHE A 247 13.991 -12.675 ATOM 1914 N 1.00 57.66 C 19.286 13.783 -11.395 PHE A 247 1912 CA MOTA 1.00 59.75 C 12.444 -10.766 11.842 -11.003 19.000 PHE A 247 MOTA 1913 C 1.00 71.91 O 17.955 PHE A 247 0 MOTA 1914 1.00 58.61 C 14.831 -10.386 18.865 PHE A 247 1915 CB MOTA 1.00 55.18 C 16.205 -10.761 19.252 PHE A 247 1916 ÇG MOTA 16.931 -11.663 18.486 1.00 63.52 C CD1 PHE A 247 1917 MOTA 1.00 64.94 C 20.375 16.791 -10.195 CD2 PHE A 247 1918 ATOM 18.836 1.00 56.98 C 18.233 -11.994 CE1 PHE A 247 1919 ATOM 1.00 62.89 C 18.084 -10.515 20.735 CE2 PHE A 247 1920 MOTA 1.00 59.14 C 18.813.-11.416 11.984 -9.948 19.963 PHE A 247 1921 CZ ATOM 1.00 60.62 N 19.939 SER A 248 N MOTA 1922 1.00 59.42 C -9.211 19.761 10.741 SER A 248 1923 CA MOTA 1.00 58.07 C 18.848 -B.Q35 11.135 SER A 248 MOTA 1924 C 1.00 50.63 0 12.324 -7.793 1B.605 SER A 248 0 1925 MOTA 1.00 51.67 C -B.684 21.107 10.238 SER A 248 ATOM 1925 CB · 21.713 1.00 56.47 0 -7-849 11.212 OG SER A 248 MOTA 1927 1.00 62.87 N 10.156 -7.286 18.364 1928 N ASP A 249 ATOM 1.00 68.58 C 17.461 ASP A 249 10.433 -6.169 1929 CA MOTA 1.00 71.42 C -5.157 18.016 ASP A 249 11.414 C 1930 MOTA 1.00 70.32 0 17.304 12.289 -4.649 ASP A 249 1931 0 MOTA 1.00 78.97 C 17.102 -5.519 9.113 ASP A 249 CB ATOM 1932 1.00 85.41 C -6.538 8.122 16.598 ASP A 249 1933 CG MOTA 1.00 90.50 Q 15.438 8.266 -6.986 OD1 ASP A 249 1934 ATOM 1.00 85.77 0 17.370 7.218 -6.926 OD2 ASP A 249 ATOM 1935 1.00 71.27 N 19.297 11.274 -4.875 ASP A 250 N ATOM. 1936 -3.942 1.00 74.17 C 19.964 ASP A 250 12.159 ATOM 1937 CA 1.00 70.10 C -4.71320.521 13.358 1938 C **ASP A 250** MOTA1.00 70.84 0 20.971 -4.113 ASP A 250 14.337 ATOM 1939 0 11.390 -3.284 21.100 1.00 82.42 C : ASP A. 250 CB 1940 MOTA 1.00 86.25 C 21.895 ~4.296 10.583 ASP A 250 1941 ÇG MOTA 21.328 1.00 87.71 0 10.204 -5.350 OD1 ASP A 250 ATOM 1942 1.00 99.42 O 23.082 -4.044 10.316 OD2 ASP A 250 1943 MOTA 1.00 61.34 N 13.266 -6.044 20.478 SER A 251 1944 N ATOM 1.00 60.93 C 21.005 -6.932 CA SER A 251 14.301 1945 MOTA 1.00 55.43 C -6.787 22.529 14.357 SER A 251 1946 C MOTA 1.00 54.55 0 23.149 -6.997 15.398 SER A 251 1947 0 MOTA 1.00 56.47 C -6.615 20.386 15.667 SER A 251 CB 1948 MOTA 1.00 68.26 Q -6.71918.971 SER A 251 15.608 OG 1949 MOTA 1.00 44.12 N -6.419 23.120 SER A 252 13.222 1950 N ATOM 1.00 54.67 C 24.565 -6.262 SER A 252 13.132 1951 CA ATOM 25.142 1.00 45.19 C SER A 252 12.961 -7.666 1952 C MOTA -7.900 1.00 45-23 0 26.321 SER A 252 13.231 D MOTA 1953 1.00 50.26 C 11.948 -5.359 24.957 CB SER A 252 1954 MOTA 1.00 68.26 O 24.785 10.705 -6.019 SER A,252 OG ATOM 1955 -8.586 24.288 1.00 39.14 N 12.511 1956 N GLU A 253 MOTA

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1.00 42.86 C 12.351 -9.984 24.655 GLU A 253 MOTA 1957 1.00 55.42 C 23.787 GLU A 253 13.245 -10.847 1958 C MOTA 1.00 55.46 0 22.573 GLU A 253 13.322 -10.649 0 1959 ATOM 24.459 1.00 46.35 C GLU A 253 10.924 -10.475 MOTA 1960 CB 1.00 52.21 C 25.335 **GLU A 253** 9.898 -9.823 MOTA 1961 CG 1.00 55.68 C GLU A 253 8.629 -10.640 25.406 1962 CD ATOM 8.464 -11.550 24.569 1.00 60.84 O MOTA 1963 OE1 GLU A 253 1.00 63.61 0 7.792 -10.370 13.925 -11.798 OE2 GLU A 253 26.296 1964 MOTA 1.00 49.11 N 24.423 MOTA 1965 N LEU A 254 14.793 -12.741 23.730 1.00 43.78 C LEU A 254 1966 CA MOTA 1.00 54.16 C 24.052 14.260 -14.129 1967 C LEU A 254 MOTA 1.00 49.96 0 25.221 14.179 -14.516 1968 **LEU A 254** 0 MOTA 1.00 48.13 C 16.240 -12.617 17.132 -13.793 24.212 23.786 1969 CB LEU A 254 ATOM 1.00 61.15 C LEU A 254 1970 ĊĠ ATOM 24.314 1.00 45.18 C 23.024 1.00 52.09 N 23.233 1.00 52 17.129 -13.902 22.264 CD1 LEU A 254 MOTA 1971 13.874 -14.873 13.343 -16.214 14.371 18.561 -13.622 24.314 1972 CD2 LEU A 254 ATOM 1973 THR A 255 ATOM N 13.343 -16.214 14.371 -17.254 THR A 255 ATOM 1974 CA 1.00 57.05 ¢ THR A 255 22.822 1975 C ATOM 1.00 56.25 0 14,809 -17.279 21.677 THR A 255 ATOM 1976 0 1.00 62.05 C 12.050 -16.444 22.419 THR A 255 1977 MOTA CB 1.00 66.84 O 1.00 69.28 C 10.999 -15.630 22.951 ATOM 1978 OG1 THR A 255 11.625 -17.908 14.784 -18.085 22.491 CG2 THR A 255 MOTA 1979 14.784 -18.085 23.774 1.00 57.59 N 15.740 -19.140 23.482 1.00 53.88 C 1.00 57.59 N 1980 N ILE A 256 MOTA ILE A 256 MOTA 1981 CA 23.227 1.00 55.73 C 14.863 -20.362 C ILE A 256 1982 MOTA 1.00 53.74 0 24.050 ILE A 256 14.031 -20.740 1983 O MOTA 1.00 60.39 C 24.635 ILE A 256 16.721 -19.325 CB ATOM 1984 1.00 49.75 C 17.478 -18.003 24.865 CG1 ILE A 256 ATOM 1985 1.00 67.76 C 17,729 -20.408 24.263 1986 CG2 ILE A 256 MOTA 10.337 -17.959 1.00 52.15 C 26.113 МОТА 1987 CD1 ILE A 256 22.070 1.00 60.13 N 15.049 -20.980 ARG A 257 1988 ATOM N 14.153 -22.051 14.176 -23.516 1.00 71.50 C 21.657 MOTA 1989 CA ARG A 257 1.00 69.32 C .22.065 22.523 1990 C ARG A 257 MOTA 13.160 -24.049 1.00 80.18 0 ATOM 1991 0 ARG A 257 14.007 -21.955 20.148 1.00 74.93 C ARG A 257 1992 CB ATOM 19.720 1.00 86.48 C 1.00 94.98 C 13.281 -20.678 MOTA 1993 CG ARG A 257 ARG A 257 ARG A 257 CD 11.972 -21.046 19.067 MOTA 1994 1.00102.55 N 12.243 -22.177 11.403 -23.175 18.190 1995 NE MOTA 17.936 1.00101.10 C ARG A 257 1996 CZ MOTA 18.481 1.00 98.39 N NH1 ARG A 257 10.194 -23.198 1997 ATOM 1.00 99.09 N 17.182 1998 NH2 ARG A 257 11.805 -24.190 MOTA 1.00 61.69 N 15.287 -24.195 21.864 · N ASN A 258 MOTA 1999 1.00 64.49 C 15.340 -25.602 22.253 CA ASN A 258 MOTA 2000 1.00 62.07 C 16.465 -25.618 23.247 2001 ASN A 25B ATOM С 1.00 55.85 0 22.925 17.624 -25.892 MOTA 2002 0 ASN A 258 1.00 65.15 C 21.041 ASN A 258 15.636 -26.481 2003 CB MOTA 1.00 68.75 C 14.404 -26.716 20.191 MOTA 2004 CG ASN A 258 1:00 64.25 0 13.379 -27-234 OD1 ASN A 258 20.673 2005 MOTA 1.00 70.00 N 14.484 -26.329 ND2 ASN A 258 18.926 MOTA 2006 1.00 62.90 N 16.094 -25.272 24.468 VAL A 259 MOTA 2007 Ŋ 1.00 65.80 C VAL A 259 17.049 ~25.157 25.545 2008 MOTA CA 1.00 58.88 C VAL A 259 17.365 -27.483
VAL A 259 16.370 -24.703
VAL A 259 17.433 -24.328
VAL A 259 15.437 -23.546
ASP A 260 19.176 -26.159
ASP A 260 20.110 -27.102 17.876 -26.384 25.872 2009 VAL A 259 MOTA C 1.00 56.71 0 26.054 ATOM 2010 O 1.00 64.49 C 26.858 MOTA 2011 CB 1.00 63.04 C 17.433 -24.328 27.883 2012 CG1 VAL A 259 MOTA 26.599 1.00 62.50 C CG2 VAL A 259 ATOM 2013 1.00 60.37 N 25.951 ATOM 2014 Ŋ 20.110 -27.191 26.329 1.00.64.76 C CA ASP A 260 2015 MOTA

Table 2

21.141 -26.491 27.190 1.00 63.70 C ASP A 260 2016 C MOTA 27.253 1.00 55-60 0 21.185 -25.257 ASP A 260 ATOM 2017 0 1.00 61.25 C 25.120 20.785 -27.B29 ASP A 260 201B CB MOTA 1.00 68.49 C 21.602 -26.844 22.091 -25.847 24.322 2019 CG ASP A 260 MOTA 24.896 1.00 68.44 0 OD1 ASP A 260 2020 ATOM 21.775 -27.084 23.110 1.00 81.31 0 OD2 ASP A 260 2021 ATOM 1.00 57.12 N 21.986 -27.277 27.832 2022 N LYS A 261 MOTA 1.00 51.64 C 22.985 -26.711 28.711 LYS A 261 2023 CA ATOM 1.00 46.97 C . 23.832 -25.591 28.141 LYS A 261 2024 C ATOM 1.00 48.66 0 28.895 24.335 -24.757 LYS A 261 2025 ٥ MOTA 1.00 52.71 C 29.258 23.874 -27.828 2026 CB LYS A 261 MOTA 1.00 61.87 C 30.358 23.193 -28.612 LYS A 261 CG 2027 ATOM 1.00 73.37 C 1.00 76.85 C 30.947 24.105 -29.669 202B CD LYS A 261 · ATOM 23.600 -30.117 23.680 -29.007 32,308 LYS A 251 2029 CE ALUM 1.00 77.99 N 33.304 2030 NZ LYS A 261 MOTA 1.00 51.62 N 24.004 -25.534 25.827 ASN A 262 N 2031 ATOM 1.00 50.71 C 24.189 -23.099 24 825 26.278 24.834 -24.464 ASN A 252 2032 CA MOTA 1.00 49.52 C 26.414 ASN A 262 2033 C MOTA 26.224 1.00 44.29 0 24.835 -22.073 ASN A 262 Ó MOTA 2034 1.00 63.69 C 25.160 -24.707 24.815 CB asn a 262 MOTA 2035 1.00 76.99 C 24.636 CG ASN A 262 26.545 -25.256 2036 ATOM 1.00 88.03 0 27.466 -24.881 25.368 1.00 83.71 N OD1 ASN A 262 2037 ATOM 23.664 26.713 -26.145 ND2 ASN A 262 2038 ATOM 22.911 -23.100 22.173 -21.864 1.00 43.87 N 26.755 ASP A 263 . N 2039 ATOM 1.00 49.29 C 26:915 ASP A 263 2040 CA MOTA . 1.00 56.55 C 28.307 22.341 -21.257 ASP A 263 2041 C MOTA 1.00 45.77 0 21.984 -20.103 28.532 **ASP A 263** 2042 0 ATOM 1.00 46.15 C 26.593 20.705 -22.115 ASP A 263 2043 CB MOTA 1.00 47.16 C 20.502 -22.558 25.148 ASP A 263 CG 2044 MOTA 1.00 50.06 0 21.208 -22.006 24.272 OD1 ASP A 263 2045 ATOM 24.894 1.00 53.96 0 OD2 ASP A 263 19.642 -23.440 ATOM 2046 22,886 -22.033 1.00 52.20 N 29.241 **GLU A 264** 2047 N ATOM 1.00 50.47 C 23.126 -21.517 30.580 2048 GLU A 264 MOTA CA 30.464 1.00 55.25 C 24.217 -20.455 GLU A 264 2049 C MOTA 1.00 51.52 0 ·25.286 -20.722 29.917 GLU A 254 2050 0 ATOM 31.526 1.00 49.18 C **GLU A 264** 23.575 -22.644 CB 2051 MOTA 1.00 56.13 C 23.865 -22.150 32.948 **GLU A 264** 2052 CG ATOM 1.00 59.96 C 33.968 24.070 -23.270 GLU A 264 2053 CD MOTA 1.00 52.27 0 23.144 -24.088 34.166 OE1 GLU A 264 2054 MOTA 1.00.63.96 0 25.161 -23.319 34.575 OE2 GLU A 264 MOTA 2055 1,00 50.58 N 30.971 23.936 -19.254 ALA A 265 MOTA 2056 И 1.00 49.56 C · 24.882 -18.143 30.932 ALA A 265 2057 CA ATOM 1.00 44.28 C 24.285 -16.892 31.553 ALA A 265 . 2058 ATOM С 32.020 1.00 44.60 O 23.138 -16.876 ALA A 265 2059 ATOM ο. 1.00 55.17 C 25.275 -17.839 29.485 ALA A 265 ĊB MOTA 2060 1.00 46.95 N 25.084 -15.837 31.565 GLU A 266 MOTA 2061 N 24.597 -14.566 1.00 58.95 C 32.052 GLU A 266 CA 2062 ATOM 1.00 54.06 C 30.796 24.233 -13.782 GLU A 265 MOTA 2063 C 29.937 1.00 49.16 0 **GLU A 256** 25.077 -13.547 MOTA 2064 0 1.00 49.59 C 32.824 25.662 -13.784 **GLU A 266** 2065 CB ATOM 1.00 68.76 C 25.188 -12.371 33.185 **GLU A 266** 2066 CG MOTA 26.312 -11.461 1.00 79.04 C 33.655 2067 CD **GLU A 266** MOTA 1.00 92.30 O 27.442 -11.585 33.135 OE1 GLU A 266 MOTA 2068 34.534 1.00 64.00 O OE2 GLU A 266 26.071 -10.604 MOTA 2069 1.00 56.50 N 22.969 -13.405 30,682 TYR A 267 2070 MOTA N 1.00 53.55 C 29.539 22.539 -12.620 ATOM 2071 CA TYR A 267 1.00 53.33 C 29.973 22.379 -11.175 TYR A 267 MOTA 2072 C TYR A 267 . 1.00 56.26 0 21.857 -10.899 31.051 Ö 2073 ATOM 21.216 -13.131 29.000 1.00 41.05 C TYR A 267 MOTA 2074 CB

Table 2

21.302 -14.503 28.392 1.00 52.19 C 2075 CG TYR A 267 MOTA 1.00 46.18 C 21.310 ~15.645 29.200 CD1 TYR A 267 ATOM 2076 27.010 1.00 42.85 C CD2 TYR A 267 21.374 -14.669 2077 MOTA 1.00 36.41 C 28.649 TYR A 267 21.385 -16.907 2078 CEL MOTA 1.00 47.87 C 21.447 -15.926 25.447 CE2 TYR A 267 2079 MOTA 1.00 46.20 C 27.269 21.454 -17.043 2080 CZ TYR A 267 ATOM 1.00 46.42 0 21.534 -18.289 26.709 2081 OH TYR A 267 MOTA 29.134 1.00 54.55 N 22.849 -10.259 VAL A 268 MOTA 2082 N 1.00 51.27 C 22.744 -8.B33 29.420 **VAL A 258** 2083 CA MOTA 1.00 53.04 C -8.121 28.325 VAL A 268 21.939 2084 C ATOM 1.00 49.32 0 27.140 22.238 -8.26B VAL A 268 MOTA 2085 0 29.507 1.00 51.72 C -8.164 24.149 VAL A 268 2086 CB ATOM 1.00 53.25 C CG1 VAL A 268 · -6.553 29.697 24.008 2087 MOTA 1.00 53.72 C -8.757 30.667 CG2 VAL A 268 24.954 2088 ATOM 1.00 47.02 N -7.372 28.708 20.909 2089 CYS A 269 MOTA N 1.00 46.07 C 27.712 CYS A 269 20.130 -6.631 2090 CA MOTA 1.00 48.28 C 27.825 -5.192 20.572 2091 C CYS A 269 MOTA 28.893 1.00 54.75 O 20.513 -4.568 CYS A 269 2092 O MOTA -6.725 27.972 1.00 47.89 C 18.645 CB CYS A 269 2093 ATOM 1.00 57.20 S 18.154 -5.06D 29.588 CYS A 269 2094 SĢ MOTA 1.00 44.49 N 26.705 -4.684 **ILE A 270** 21.040 2095. N MOTA 1.00 54.21 C -3.334 26.618 21.542 ILE A 270 MOTA 2096 CA 1,00 51.98 C 25.984 20.492 -2.429ILE A 270 2097 C MOTA 1.00 52.39 O 24.858 -2.665 ILE A 270 20.057 209B 0 ATOM 1.00 58.16 € 22.804 -3.333 25.757 ILE A 270 2099 CB ATOM -4.385 -1.964 26.287 1.00 59.14 C 23.777 2100 CG1 ILE A 270 MOTA 1.00 58.07 C 25.768 CG2 ILE A 270 23.451 2101 ATOM 1.00 62.65 C 24.907 -4.69825.332 2102 CDI ILE A 270 ATOM 1.00 46.08 N -1.413 26.725 ALA A 271 20.068 N MOTA 2103 1.00 43.82 C 26.220 19.081 -0.463 ALA A 271 2104 CA. ATOM 1.00 41.91 C 25.863 0.838 19.811 ALA A 271 MOTA 2105 · C 1.00 41.51 0 26.713 20.461 1.454 2106 ALA A 271 O ATOM 1.00 40.50 C -0.21227.272 18.010 2107 CB . ALA A 271 MOTA 1.00 43.98 N 24.601 1.242 GLU A 272 19.709 2108 MOTA N 1.00 50.40 C 2.453 24.128 20.375 GLU A 272 2109 CA ATOM 3.346 1.00 40.39 C 23.255 **GLU A 272** 19.526 2110 C ATOM 22.548 1.00 43.66 O 2.880 18.635 2111 O GLU A 272 MOTA 1.00 46.89 C 23.251 21.589 2.115 GLU A 272 CB MOTA 2112 1.00 76.32 C 23.863 1.366 22,738 GLU A 272 2113 CG ATOM 1.00 88.35 € 1.101 22.832 **GLU A 272** 23.835 2114 CD ATOM 1.00 95.66 O 0.886 21.643 23.496 OE1 GLU A 272 MOTA 2115 23,206 1.00 91.47 O 1.096 OE2 GLU A 272 25.031 2116 ATOM 1.00 46.76 N 23.316 19.843 4.635 ASN A 273 MOTA 2117 N 1.00 47.59 C 22.438 ASN A 273 19.260 5.648 2118 ATOM CA 1.00 52.11 C 6.718 22.340 ASN A 273 20.335 2119 C ATOM 1.00 44.76 0 6.622 23.008 21.356 **ASN A 273** MOTA 2120 0 22.916 1.00 46.27 C ASN A 273 17.897 6.201 2121 CB ATOM 24.211 1.00 44.51 C 6.980 17.964 MOTA 2122 CG **ASN A 273** 1.00 44.37 O 19.012 7.471 24.611 OD1 ASN A 273 ATOM 2123 1.00 38.00 N 24.866 7.125 2124 ND2 ASN A 273. 16.808 MOTA 1.00 56-80 N 20.128 7.723 21,504 2125 LYS A 274 ATOM N 1.00 51.83 C . 21.154 21.317 B.740 2126 LYS A 274 ATOM CA 1.00 54.11 C 9.485 22.567 21.618 LYS .A 274 2127 C MOTA 1.00 58.51 0 10.123 22.545 22.667 LYS A 274 2128 0 ATOM 1.00 55.02 C 20.238 LYS A 274 9.742 20.718 2129 CB ATOM 1.00 47.96 C 10.658 20.644 19.590 MOTA 2130 CG LYS A 274 1.00 52.54 C 11.218 19.403 18.892 MOTA 2131 CD LYS A 274 18.622 1.00 65.50 C LYS A 274 19.784 12.175 Œ 2132 MOTA 12.652 17.364 1.00 68.41 N 19.120 MOTA 2133 NZ LYS A 274

Table 2

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1.00 47.65 N 23.659 9.403 ALA A 275 20.869 2134 N MOTA 1.00 48.41 C 24.868 10.100 21.275 ALA A 275 MOTA 2135 CA 1,00 49.48 C 9.233 25.930 ALA A 275 21,944 2136 Ç MOTA 1.00 50.34 O 26.988 9.735 22.294 **ALA A 275** 2137 0 MOTA 1.00 44.55 C 25.487 20.084 10.B14 ALA A 275 2138 CB MOTA · 1.00 49.34 N 7.942 25.691 22.122 **GLY A 276** ATOM 2139 N 26.746 1.00 51.88 C 22.755 7.177 **GLY A 276** ATOM 2140 CA 1.00 50.21 C 5.694 26.738 GLY A 276 22.482 2141 C ATOM 1.00 51.48 0 25.779 5.164 GLY A 276 21.907 ATOM 2142 O 1.00 50.99 N 27.824 5.026 GLU A 277 22.868 2143 N MOTA 1.00 53.05 C 27.906 3.586 22.696 ATOM 2144 CA GLU A 277 1.00 51.11 C GLU A 277 22.598 3.056 29.316 ATOM 2145 C 30.249 1.00 52.33 0 3 655 GLU A 277 23.116 2146 0 ATOM 1.00 58.98 C 27.194 GLU A 277 23.873 2.915 MOTA 2147 CB 27.218 1.00 74.31 C 23.900 1.389 **GLU A 277** 2148 CG ATOM 1.00 89.46 C **GLU A 277** 24.570 0.797 28.462 2149 CD MOTA 1.00 96.28 O 29.183 1.537 25.277 2150 OE1 GLU A 277 ATOM 1.00 89.19 0 28.705 24.398 -0.420**GLU A 277** 2151 OE2 MOTA 1.00 49.66 N 29.453 1.927 21.907 ATOM **GLN A 278** 2152 N 1.00 45.13 C 1.228 30.724 21.783 CA **GLN A 278** 2153 ATOM 1.00 50.42 C -0.239 30.415 21.513 MOTA 2154 C **GLN A 278** 1.00 46.75 0 -0.568 29.417 20.877 **GLN A 278** ATOM 2155 0 1.789 20.662 31.607 1.00 48.09 C **GLN A 278** 2156 CB ATOM 1.00 46.69 C 33.064 1.327 20.812 **GLN A 278** ATOM 2157 CG. 1.00 57.97 C 33.976 1.822 **GLN A 278** 19.700 2158 CD MOTA 1.00 44.46 O 1.330 33.917 18.572 **GLN A 278** MOTA 2159 OE1 1.00 53.33 N 34.826 NE2 GLN A 278 20.012 2.800 MOTA 2160 -1.132 1.00 45.92 N 31.257 22.013 2161 N ASP A 279 MOTA 1.00 47.69 C -2.541 - 31.014 21.795 ASP A 279 2162 CA MOTA 1.00 47.71 C 21.345 -3.251 32.270 C ASP A 279 2163 ATOM 1.00 48.35 O 21.357 -2.687 33.366 ASP A 279 2164 ٥ ATOM 1.00 60.02 C 30.451 23.062 -3.186 ASP A 279 MOTA 2165 CB 1.00 69.17 C -2.707 31.154 24.316 ASP A 279 2166 ÇĢ ATOM 1.00 75.17 0 -2.954 24.456 32.370 OD1 ASP A 279 2167 MOTA 1.00 75.70 0 -2.07330.490 OD2 ASP A 279 25.157. ATOM 2168 1.00 49.27 № 32.079 -4.48020.892 ALA A 280 MOTA 2169 И 1.00 57.28 C 33.172 20.428 -5.314ALA A 280 ATOM 2170 . CA 1.00 54.10 C -6.748 32,833 ALA A 280 20.804 2171 C MOTA 1.00 47.63 0 -7.12631.659 20.868 ATOM 2172 0 ALA A 280 1.00 47.77 C 33.341 . 18.909 -5.184 2173 CB 085 A AJA ATOM 1.00 53.68 N -7.560 33.854 21.043 SER A 281 ATOM 2174 N 1.00 48.69 C SER A 281 21.429 -8.93133.599 2175 ATOM CA -9.952 1.00 45.20 C 34.031 . 20.402 2176 C SER A 281 ATOM 1.00 45.89 0 19.595 -9.718 34.934 SER A 281 2177 0 ATOM 1.00 61.38 C -9.219 34.279 22.768 2178 CB SER A 281 ATOM -8.863 35,646 1.00 57.59 0 22.718 SER A 281 2179 0G ATOM 1.00 43.38 N 20.427 -11.086 33.349 ILE A 282 2180 N ATOM 1.00 41.38 C 19.524 -12.185 33.637 ILE A 282 CA ATOM 2181 1.00 47.86 C 20.392 -13.429 33.671 2182 C ILE A 282 MOTA 1.00 51.03 0 32.799 21.235 -13.631 Ω **ILE A 282** ATOM 2183 18.436 -12.316 1.00 40.14 C 32.548 ILE A 282 2184 CB MOTA 1.00 46.94 C 17.557 -11.056 32.557 CG1 ILE A 282 ATOM 2185 1.00 42.53 C 32.807 17.576 -13.549 CG2 ILE A 282 2186 MOTA 1.00 45.40 C 31.476 16.484 -10.998 ATOM 2187 CD1 ILE A 282 1.00 45-39 N 20.204 -14.248 34.695 HIS A 283 N MOTE 2188 1.00 46.01 C 20.998 -15.458 34.816 2189 CA HIS A 283 MOTA 20.145 -16.651 34.501 1.00 41.84 C 2190 C **EIS A 283** MOTA 1.00 51.27 0 19.164 -16.923 35.197 HIS A 283 2191 a ATOM 21.570 -15.575 36.230 1.00 53.96 C CB HIS A 283 MOTA 2192

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→ PVS

1.00 60.28 C 22.617 -14.551 36.543 CG HIS'A 283 2193 ATOM 1.00 69.25 N 36.065 23.908 -14.633 ND1 HIS A 283 2194 MOTA 1.00 68.71 € 37.260 CD2 HIS A 283 22.554 -13:401 2195 MOTA 1.00 75.43 C 24.593 -13.578 36.473 2196 CE1 HIS A 283 ATOM 37.199. 1.00 66.88 N 23.796 -12.816 NE2 HIS A 283 2197 ATOM 1.00 41.70 N 20.499 -17.349 33.427 N LEU A 284 2198 ATOM 1.00 45.86 C 19.752 -18.534 33.050 LEU A 284 2199 A2 MOTA 33.469 1.00 49.53 C 20.533 -19.778 LEU A 284 2200 Ç MOTA 1.00 45.44 0 21.683 -19.963 33.058 LEU A 284 0 2201 ATOM 1.00 41.74 C 31.532 19.515 -18.576 CB LEU A 284 2202 ATOM 1.00 47.91 C 31.028 CG LEU A 284 18.782 -19.827 2203 MOTA 17.407 -19.88B 31.680 1.00 45.59 C CD1 LEU A 284 2204 ATOM 1.00 48.70 € 18,648 -19.810 29.500 CD2 LEU A 284 2205 ATOM 34.285 1.00 48.59 N 19.913 -20.625 LYS A 285 N MUTA 2206 1.00 53.60 C 34.711 20.557 -21.863 LYS A 285 2207 CA MOTA 1.00 46.75 C 34.061 19.797 -23.008 LYS A 285 C ATOM 2208 1.00 49.33 0 34.109 18.570 -23.061 2209 O LYS A 285 ATOM 1.00 56.58 C LYS A 285 20.531 -21.991 36.239 2210 CB ATOM 36.942 1.00 63.01 C 21.302 -20.880 LYS A 285 MOTA 2211 CG 1.00 71.05 C 21.254 -21.021 38.459 LYS A 285 ATOM 2212 CD 1.00 76.77 € 39.148 21.853 -19.795 LYS A 285 CE 2213 MOTA 1.00 73.22 N 20.993 -18.583 39,020 LYS A 285 2214 NZ MOTA 1.00 44.47 N 33,436 20.525 -23.922 VAL A 285 ATOM 2215 N 1.00 53.73 C 19.888 -25.047 32.759 VAL A 286 .2216 CA 19.800 -2-. ATOM 1.00 58.55 C 33,410 **VAL A 286** C. 2217 ATOM 1:00 58.02 0 33.489 21.446 ~26.709 2218 0 VAL A 286 MOTA 1.00 49.11 C 31.268 20.283 -25.078 VAL A 286 2219 MOTA CB 1.00 52.83 C 19,618 -26.248 30.572 CG1 VAL A 286 2220 MOTA 1.00 49.45 € 19.872 -23.760 30.597 CG2 VAL A 286 MOTA 2221 1.00 SE.62 N 19.267 -27.100 33.875 PHE A 287 2222 N ATOM 1.00 60.81 C 19.493 -28.379 34.528 PHE A 287 2223 CA ATOM 1.00 64.78 C 19.172 -29.540 33.607 2224 PHE A 287 C ATOM 1.00 64.16 0 18.208 -29.487 . 32.846 PHS A 287 2225 O MOTA 35.795 1.00 58.95 C 18.645 -28.461 PHE A 287 MOTA 2226 · CB 1.00 61.24 C 18.868 -27.314 36.724 PHE A 287 2227 CG MOTA 1.00 56.19 C 17.963 -26.259 20.036 -27.237 CD1 PHE A 287 36.783 2228 ATOM 37.477 1.00 62.69 C CD2 PHE A 287 2229 ATOM 1.00 53.03 C 37.575 18.224 -25.139 CEI PHE A 287 2230 ATOM 1.00 58.31 C 38.266 CE2 PHE A- 287 20.304 -26.124 2231 ATOM 1.00 59.07 C 38.314 19.397 -25.073 PEE A 287 CZ 2232 MOTA 1.00 66.33 N 19.997 -30.583 33.666 2233 ALA A 288 MOTA N 32.834 1.00 73.18 C 19.795 -31.766 ALA A 288 MOTA 2234 CA 1.00 78.08 C 33.119 18.428 -32.377 ALA A 288 2235 C MOTA 1.00 78.39 0 34.259 ALA A 288 17.960 -32.349 ATOM 2236 O 1.00 69.96 C 20.887 -32.785 33.106 ALA A 288 2237 CB MOTA 1.00 80.55 N 32.087 17.794 -32.931 LYS A 289 MOTA 223B N 1.00 84.08 C 32.240 16.476 -33.541 LYS A 289 CA MOTA 2239 16.535 -34.855 1.00 88.56 C 33.016 2240 C LYS A 289 MOTA 1.00 92.60 0 15.585 -35.127 33.785 LYS A 289 MOTA 2241 0 15.830 -33.779 1.00 82.11 C 30.872 CB LYS A 289 2242 ATOM 1.00 82.83 C 16.538 -34.804 30.009 2243 LYS A 289 ·CG ATOM 1.00 81.13 C 15.739 -35.066 28,748 LYS A 269 2244 СD MOTA 1.00 87.98 C 16.362 -36.164 27,910 LYS A 289 CE ATOM 2245 1.00 90.82 N 15,562 -36.424 26.677 LYS A 289 2246 NZ MOTA 17.519 -35.608 32.835 1.00 94.14 0 OXT LYS A 289 2247 MOTA LYS A 289 2248 TER 1.00 53.80 O 53.829 -2.499 26.862 1 **HETATM 2249** ٥ HOH 1.00 53.53 0 56.206 -5.661 31.435 HOH 2 O **HETATM 2250** 60.633 -12.908 1.00 43.98 0 18.815 HETATM 2251 HOH 4

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→ PVS

1.00 90.82 0

1.00 72.50 0

1.00 57.32 0

1.00 47.09 0

1.00 62.95 O

1.00 51.71 0

1.00 71.24 0

1.00 69.54 0

1.00 49.07 0

1.00 71.54 0

1.00 44.38 0

1.00 45.41 0

1.00 49.69 0

1.00 68.54 0

1.00 54.90 0

1.00 68.80 0

1.00 64.86 O

1.00 81.77 0

1.00 59.36 0

1.00 70.67 0

1.00 53.04 0

1.00 74.30 O

1.00 70.68 O

Table 2

1.00 64.41 0 5.585 16.291 34.157 5 HOH HETATM 2252 1.00 59.48 O 11.233 23.825 24.283 6 HOH HETATM 2253 0 1.00 60.83 O 17.749 21.204 19.365 7 HOH HETATM 2254 Ο 1.00 45.67 O 12.803 19.226 15.430 R HETAIM 2255 0 HOH 31.410 1.00 50.19 0 9 22.245 15.815 HOH HETATM 2256 0 1.00 49.37 0 30.709 21.325 10 25.429 O HOH HETATM 2257 1.00 51.13 0 15.248 23.048 36.010 **HETATM 2258** 0 HOH 11 19.866 1.00 37.03 O 29.692 33.165 HOH 12 HETATM 2259 0 1.00 61.40 0 9.169 23.139 31.247 13 HOH **HETATM 2260** 0 1.00.75.27 0 8.038 17.022 56.156 14 HOH HETATM 2261 0 1.00 48.91 0 40.002 7.174 8.769 HOH 15 HETATM 2262 0 1.00 47.42 0 7.473 10.231 43.238 HOH 16 0 **HETATM 2263** 1.00 78.13 0 5.720 15.641 26.081 17 0 HOH HETATM 2264 1.00 46.05 0 14.627 . 22.658 20.551 HETATM 2265 HOH **1**B 0 -2.472 26.804 1.00 52.85 O 11.221 19 нетатм 2266 0 HOH 1.00 64.49 0 60.224 -4.320 13.041 HOH 20 **HETATM 2267** O 1.00 85.96 O -2.048 48.897 14.835 HETATM 2268 0 HOH 21 51.498 -21.147 1.00 47.61 0 29.546 22 **HETATM 2269** 0 HOH 1.00 76.55 0 24.511 42.141 -28.698 HOH 23 HETATM 2270 0 1.00 37.40 o 21.636.45.365 -18.499 25 HOH HETATM 2271 0 15.790 47.805 -19.728 1.00 64.11 0 HOR 26 HETATM 2272 0 1.00 47.49 0 20.999 58.533 -6.980 **HETATM 2273** HOH 27 0 1.00 59.32 0 5.659 40.436 -14.53428 HOH HETATM 2274 0 14.473 · 1.00 79.28 O 16.322 18.746 29 HOH **HETATM 2275** 0 9.533 1.00 52.16 0 25.965. 40.212 30 HOH **HETATM 2276** 0 1.00 59.76 Q 13,144 55.396 16.482 31 HETATM 2277 0 HOH 1.00 48.37 0 15.732 20.883 9.922 32 HETATM 2278 0 HOH 41.445 1.00 73.91 0 11.915 -0.137 33 HETATM 2279 0 HOH 1.00 49.89 O 7.531 19.815 11.044 HOR 34 HETATM 2280 0 1.00 63.36 0 25.922 3.742 6.902 HOH 35 **HETATM 2281** Ο. -1.338 1.00 76.17 O 20.994 21.399 37 HOH **HETATM 2282** 0 1.00 62.61 0 53.773 -1.97718.329 HOH 8E HETATM 2283 a 1.00 49.73 O -2.937 43.718 18.014 39 **HETATM 2284** HOH 0 1.00 66.60 O 40.568 -12.177 HOH 40 32.281 **HETATM 2285** 0 44.469 -19.805 1.00 64.16 0 19.381 41 HOH **HETATM 2286** 0 41.566 -20.577 1,00 61.50 O

25.046

7.104

36.677

33.317

.22.357

11.598

22.448

22.080

17.068

17,965

19.593

18.642

23.848

5.551

5.705

10.472

. 18.934

21.824

29.774 -14.171

12.323 -25.457

31.052 -17.541

26.373 -11.223

71 26.466 -20.918 34.876

2.690 28.661

48.530 -18.261

37.802

9.583

12.959

16.779

23.695

4.212

7.263

-1.710

-7.793

-0.227

-4-238

-3.423

8.523

26.631 6.184 27.729

-3.198

46,204 -17.946

32.170

16.682

18.307

33.086

30.778

21,536

19.556

19.290

19.831

35.113

36.955

33.498

34.986

9.968

9.588

12.269

16.255

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HETATM 2289

HETATM 2290

HETATM 2291

HETATM 2292

HETATM 2293

HETATM 2294

HETATM 2295

HETATM 2296

HETATM 2297

HETATM 2298

HETATM 2299

RETAIM 2300

HETATM 2301

HETATM 2302

HETATM 2303

HETATM 2304

HETATM 2305

HETATM 2306

HETATM 2307

HETATM 2309

HETATM 2310

HETATM 2308 . O

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18.395 1.00 56.61 0 8.293 12.647 HOH · 72 HETATM 2311 O 1.00 48.96 Q -5.693 36.496 17.106 **HETATM 2312** 0 HOH 74 1.00 70.05 0 1.311 8.383 -8.583 HETATM 2313 75 HOH 4.081 1.00 64.69 0 76 26.233 40.015 HOH HETATM 2314 0 1.00 63.73 0 21.01B 39.423 0.780 HOH 77 HETATM 2315 0 1.00 47.01 0 47.077 -9.984 HOH **7**B 30.385 HETATM 2316 0 9.580 1.00 54.37 0 17.757 HETATM 2317 HOH 80 22.465 ٥ 1.00 61.83 0 18.635 25.847 39.446 HOH 81 HETATM 2318 0 1.00 66.46 0 35.163 23.903 -18.248 82 HOH HETATM 2319 0 17.550 29.059 1.00 69.50 O 7.625 HETATM 2320 83 HOH 0 1.00 45.18 0 38.779 84 22.192 30.581 HETATM 2321 HOH 1.00 62.11 0 8,865 19.724 26.758 HOH 85 HETATM 2322 D 1.00 49.94 O 58.691 -24.045 87 29.601 HETATM 2323 0 HOH 1.00 65.08 O -7.832 88 22.701 60.581 HOH HETATM 2324 O 62.739 -12.104 1.00 60.23 O HETATM 2325 HOH 89 21.940 0 1.00 52.86 O 90 44.638 -19.542 28.142 **HETATM 2326** HOH 0 1.00 54.05 O 59.567 -10.713 HOH 91 19.926 0 HETATM 2327 1.00 55.20 0 23.841 23.097 24.364 92 HOH HETATM 2328 O нон 1.00 50-35 0 24.024 93 14.026 37.104 **HETATM 2329** 0 30.316 16.747 1.00 47.63 0 28.637 HOH 94 HETATM 2330 0 1.00 47.38 0 HOH 95 13.597 ~12.079 32.292 HETATM 2331 0 1.00 59.12 0 31.726 6.030 20.525 HETATM 2332 Ω HOH 96 1.00 74.46 0 12.219 25.294 38,142 97 HOH. HETATM 2333 0 1.00 58.26 O 17.582 46.166 -21.327 9B HOH . HETATM 2334 0 18.462 17.614 1.00 74.29 0 3.098 99 HETATM 2335 HOH. 0 1.00 54.31 O 7.657 -6.217 21.068 HOH 100 HETATM 2336 0 1.00 51.37 0 58.468 -22.566 31.973 HOH 101 HETATM 2337 Ο 34.891 15.303 25.581 1.00 62.92 0 102 HETATM 2338 0 HOH 1.00 52.97 0 9.781 4.793 26.865 103 HETATM 2339 0 HOH 1.00 46.27 0 14.346 28.768 104 27.113 HETATM 2340 Ô HOH 1.00 63.10 0 -4.091 20.934 59.591 105 HETATM 2341 U HOH -6.575 1.00 50.94 O HOH 106 29.101 39.039 HETATM 2342 O 36.888 1.00 67.77 0 20,829 -6.266 HOH 107 HETATM 2343 a 1.00 57.81 O 38.213 108 14,801 -6.395 HOH HETATM 2344 0 24.173 1.00 57.65 0 21.412 -19.178 **HETATM 2345** 109 0 HOH 1.00 51.50 0 110 29.742 32.206 15.564 HETATM 2346 HOH 0 1.00 57.43 0 -3.772 27.197 35.482 O HOH 111 HETATM 2347 1.00 63.78 O 23.730 20.567 24.733 HOH 112 HETATM 2348 О 1.00 68.59 0 15.996 50.339 ~4.519 · HOH 113 HETATM 2349 0 1.00 53.34 0 -4.867 34.503 114 10.665 HETATM 2350 HOH 0 1.00 72.17 O 26.540 6.955 17.535 HOH 115 HETATM 2351 0 1.00 65.77 O 24.014 15.712 -29.078 HOH 116 BETATM 2352 0 -7.537 32.255 44.366 1.00 62.15 0 HOH 118 HETATM 2353 Ω 1.00 57.67 0 -0.664 29.827 41-068 HOH 119 HETATM 2354 0 1.00 65.41 0 26.706 14.630 -27.859 122 HETATM 2355 HOH O 25.803 1.00.74.4B O 8.521 -18.764 HOH 123 HETATM 2356 0 1.00 63.41 0 60.049 -12.759 HOH 125 15.199 **HETATM 2357** O 1.00 52.05 0 18.707 14.473 HETATM 2358 0 HOH 126 10.378 1.00 65.81 0 28.187 -10.553 30.862 127 HETATM 2359 0 HOH 8.662 1.00 62.54 0 7.837 37.705 HETATM 2360 HOH 128 0 23.744 37.155 1.565 1.00 65.13 O HOH 130 HETATM 2361 0 1.00 64.16 D -9.380 57.052 HOH 131 13_354 HETATM 2362 O 44.417 -16.467 1.00 58.09 O 31.235 HOH 132 HETATM 2363 0 44.757 7,268 1.00 51.54 0 18.966 HOH 134 HETATM 2364 0 35.759 1.00 66.29 0 HOH . 135 22.888 3.287 D HETATM 2365 10.371 1.00 53.80 O 29.244 10.345 **HETATM 2366** O HOH 136 1.Q0 59.91 O -8.331 20.298 HOH 21.314 HETATM 2367 0 137 55.169 -17.210 1.00 51.68 0 38.747 0 HOH 138 HETATM 2368 14.760 55.271 10.174 1.00 55.52 0 139 HETATM 2369 0 HOH

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1.00 78.73 0 23.711 55.591 3,512 0 HOH 140 HETATM 2370 7.977 1.00 63.10 0 5.285 37.922 142 HOH HETATM 2371 0 1.00 68.63 O 30.186 15.578 24.355 **HETATM 2372** HOH 143 0 1.00 64.84 0 31.463 23.201 9.987 **HETATM 2373** 0 HOH 144 1.00 70.85 0 40.304 15.111 -8.434 HOH 145 HETATM 2374 0 1.00 66.43 0 49.705 -9.362 34.105 0 HOH 146 HETATM 2375 1.00 70.2B O 22.545 50.730 2.853 HETATM 2376 O HOH 147 38.804 -17.868 1.00 69.84 O 23.888 149 HOH HETATM 2377 ٥ 1.00 69.82 0 26.301 66.907 -32.270 HETATM 2378 150 0 HOR 1.00 67.26 0 51.924 -24.07B 29.578 HOH 151 HETATM 2379 O 152 1.00 72.11 0 49.759 -6.982 31.935 HOH HETATM 2380 0 1.00 70.57 0 12.964 31.927 11.771 HOH 153 **HETATM 2381** 0 1.00 64.86 0 31.148 14.696 6.619 154 HETATM 2382 O. HOH 1.00 74.81 0 69.714 -31.980 33.398 HETATM 2383 ٥ HOH 155 1.00 59.10 0 0.230 26.480 50.982 156 HETATM 2384 0 HOH 7.195 1.00 68.26 0 30.848 22.798 HOH 157 HETATM 2385 0 1.00 72.82 0 -6.906 18.703 19.477 **HETATM 2386** O HOH 158 60.522 -15.082 1.00 57.68 O 13.20B 159 HOH **HETATM 2387** 0 1.00 71.55 0 47.949 -14.048 34.799 **HETATM 2388** 0 HOH 160 12.156 -20.278 36.293 1.00 63 41 0 161 HOH HETATM 2389 0 1.00 59.67 O 21.733 0.618 0 HOH 162 12.064 HETATM 2390 1.00 57.94 0 13.025 12.470 18.298 HOR 163 HETATM 2391 0 -6.036 37.279 1.00 66.37 0 11.241 164 HOH 7.083 1.00 72.54 0 8.146 1.00 80.46 0 HETATM. 2392 0 30.761 15.326 HETATM 2393 165 HOH ٥ 8.146 . HETATM 2394 26.288 HOH 166 24,166 0 1.00 52.52 Q 28.877 37.307 18.532 HOH 167 **HETATM 2395** O 1.00 79.89 0 15.027 10.591 19.929 169 **HETATM 2396** 0 HOH 1.00 88.12 0 12.208 18.161 19.995 171 HETATM 2397 0 HOH 1.00 83.59 0 25.181 -23.987 172 37.247 нетатм 2398 Ω HOH 1.00 58.69 0 37.260 -3.696 18.136 HETATM 2399 HOH 174 1.00 68.04 0 8.924 9.790 35.B98 HOH 175 0 HETATM 2400 1.00 75.74 0 39.649 55.783 -13.588 1.00 68.92 0 **HETATM 2401** ٥ HOH 176 11.431 -13.326 32.112 177 HETATM 2402 Ω HOH 1.00 72.04 0 15.436 13.080 15.462 HOH 178 HETATM 2403 O 1.00 75.68 O 30.834 10.845 -23.387 HETATM 2404 179 ٥ HOH -8.704 37.430 1.00 69.36 0 O HOH 180 8.771 HETATM 2405 1.00 71.93 0 41.306 -18.704 21.236 HOH 181 **НЕТАТМ 2406** 39.325 24.779 1.00 76.42 0 15.632 182 . **HETATM 2407** 0 HOH 1.00 59.85 0 24.170 7.268 9.633 HOH 184 HETATM 2408 O 1.00 73.13 0 26.095 -4.659 8.212 HOH 185 **HETATM 2409** 22.886 1.00 67.43 0 22.544 -23.667 187 HETATM 2410 HOH 0 1.00 60.86 O 52.923 -18.866 38.135 190 HETATM 2411 ٥ HOH 13.987 -13.566 39.379 1.00 64.17 0 192 HETATM 2412 0 HOH 19.753 1.00 74.26 0 34.818 8.678 194 o HOH HETATM 2413 1.00 71.99 0 11.313 17.210 16.248 195 HOH HETATM 2414 O 1.00 74.25 0 37.449 -18.466 21.583 HOH 196 HETATM 2415 O 13.886 1.00⁻69.55 0 13.183 HETATM 2416 O HOH 197 18.608 1.00 55.13 0 47.030 -11.918 32.100 199 HETATM 2417 O HOH -2.904 23.865 1.00 78-50 0 8.309 HOH 200 **HETATM 2418** O 1.00 77.78 0 42.102 3.955 27.690 HOH 201 HETATM 2419 1.00 79.77 0 56.872 -6.846 HOH 204 13.069 HETATM 2420 Ο 1.00 66.67 0 3.871 18.787 . HETATM 2421 205 13.299 0 HOH 1.00 60.72 0 60.023 -30.224 29.245 206 ٥ HOH HETATM 2422 -4.423 1.00 90.36 0 17.190 14.879 EOH 208 0 **HETATM 2423** 1.00 73.09 0 10.483 32.627 17.298 HETATM 2424 HOH 209 1.00 88.84 0 61.308 -30.434 210 11.855 HOH HETATM 2425 0 1.00 85.86 0 13.217 40.439 25.017 0 HOH 211 HETATM 2426 1.00 78.51 0 7.822 -16.528 22.942 a HOH 213 HETATM 2427 23.675 20.955 33.560 1.00 73.58 0 214 Δ HOH HETATM 2428

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31.871 1.00 66.49 0 8.958 -13.070 215 HETATM 2429 HOH 0 1.00 67.53 0 9.052 16.630 HOH 216 13.965 **HETATM 2430** ٥ 1.00 61.80 O 8.596 28.112 -0.069 нетатм 2431 HOH 220 0 1.00 61.93 0 31.299 38.557 -18.341 221 HETATM 2432 0 HOH 1.DD 62.41 0 222 . 20.516 15.336 17.249 HOH HETATM 2433 0 1.00 67.08 0 45.347 -13.991 32.487 **HETATM 2434** HOH 223 0 9.634 28.605 1.00 80.33 O 26.343 224 HOH HETATM 2435 O 1.00 66-49 0 6.770 26.881 41.843 225 **HETATM 2436** 0 HOH 21.933 62.656 -9.449 1.00 77.20 0 226 0 HOH HETATM 2437 1.00 47.64 0 -0.959 38.266 16.939 HOH 227 HETATM 2438 \mathbf{o} 1.00 69.94 0 27.871 29.550 HOH 228 1.517 HETATM 2439 O 1.00 70.28 0 67.088 -17.467 25,455 229 HETATM 2440 0 HOR 1.00 67.12 0 36.354 -14.024 22.761 HOH 231 HETATM 2441 0 1.00 71.11 0 9.742 -18.263 29.864 HETATM 2442 O HOH 233 1.00 68.73 0 39.210 -1.6449.749 нон 236 Ö HETATM 2443 1.00 70.06 0 18.795 37.370 -0.374 HETATM 2444 0 HOH 238 1.00 63.21 0 27.314 239 28.893 -23.822 HOH HETATM 2445 0 1.00 69.17 0 20.653 54.689 -2.794240 HETATM 2446 0 HOH 1.00 73.68 O -7.932 32.703 57.255 241 0 HOH HETATM 2447 1.00 73.66 0 26_839 45.754 -28.862 HOH 242 D HETATM 2448 1.00 67.47 0 -1.718 21.145 36.229 **HETATM 2449** HOH 243 Ò 63.978 -31.459 1.00 70.06 0 24.749 HOH 244 HETATM 2450 O 1.00 65.72 0 -0.424 42.223 15.031 245 0 HOH HETATM 2451 1.00 68.84 O 5.518 46.493 13.421 246 HOH HETATM 2452 0 1.00 67.16 0 37.829 -20.633 31,086 247 HETATM 2453 0 HOH 1.00 80.75 0 24.733 16.331 8.656 249 0 HOH HETATM 2454 1.00 67.41 0 48.462 -11.577 34.686 250 HETATM 2455 0 HOH 1.00 73.87 0 26.863 -21.667 27.711 252 HOH HETATM 2456 Ó 1.00 94.36 0 25.486 24.675 5.799 253 HETATM 2457 0 HOH 1.00 68.87 O 19.570 -18.069 15.539 255 HOH HETATM 2458 0 1.00 75.95 0 7.507 24.181 27.128 HETATM 2459 HOH 256 1.00 77.43 0 13.595 18.214 50.275 257 HOH HETATM 2460 0 1.00 80.04 0 5.598 21.754 24.259 HOH 258 RETATM 2461 0 1.00 73.87 0 -9.401 38.458 259 23.644 HETATM 2462 0 HOH 1.00 83.70 O 29.288 57.908 -36.191 HOB 260 HETATM 2463 O 1.00 67.62 0 14.644 -13.020 15.667 **HETATM 2464** HOH 261 0 1.00 77.21 0 16.745 16.016 47.827 HOH 262 HETATM 2465 0 1.00 64.40 O 19.538 -33.347 29.548 HOH 263 **HETATM 2466** 0 1.00 75.54 0 2.949 33.426 13.572 265 HOH **HETATM 2467** 25.030 51.698 -23.955 1.00 72.53 0 266 HOH HETATM 2468 Ò 1.00 87.07 0 29.126 34-667 -5.967 HETATM 2469 O HOH 267 18.679 1.00 81.24 0 0.866 21.351 268 HOH HETATM 2470 0 11.563 -28-282 33.256 1.00 88.99 0 270 HETATM 2471 0 HOH 1.00 68.45 O 25.953 36.560 -14.131 273 HETATM 2472 0 HOH 1.00 60.17 0 3.498 32.668 11.344 HOH 275 HETATM 2473 Ω 1.00 69.47 0 24.261 -20.185 20.738 **HETATM 2474** 0 HOH 277 32.241 1.00 61.50 0 16.935 12.111 HOH 279 **HETATM 2475** O 31.018 33.495 1.00 82.04 O O HOH 281 6.985 HETATM 2476 1.00 76.82 0 66.155 -18.386 29,259 HETATM 2477 O HOH 282 7.960 15.959 16.209 1.00 82-31 0 283 HETATM 2478 HOH O 1.00 87.04 0 10.497 -27.436 284 17.219 HOH HETATM 2479 0 1.00 92.90 0 26.964 63.396 -39.492 HOH 286 O HETATM 2480 1.00 73.68 0 68.136 -30.170 24.134 HOH 288 HETATM 2481 0 1.00 63.71 0 21.035 57.596 -2.4270 HOH 289 HETATM 2482 9.498 1.00 71.30 O 5.098 -6.663 HOH 290 HETATM 2483 0 1.00 84.14 0 28.355 60.022 -32.628 O HOH 291 HETATM 2484 1.00 83.51 0 27.829 -18.993 32.106 HETATM 2485 0 HOH 292 1.00 80.50 0 25.765 53.781 -27.581 HOH 294 O HETATM 2486 24.969 -15.013 17.181 1.00 79.45 0 HETATM 2487 HOH 295

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1.00 63.37 0 21.804 -31.840 29.638 RETAIM 2488 O HOH 296 1.00 76.81 0 24.675 41.475 22.470 HETATM 2489 HOH 297 1.00 76.40 O 16.858 21.097 -16.469 298 · HOH HETATM 2490 1.00 73.55 0 1.947 39.785 10.492 HOH 299 0 HETATM 2491 1.00 83.17 0 60.577 -6.394 24.883 HOH 300 HETATM 2492 . O 1.00 82.86 0 63.003 -25.379 12.022 301 **HETATM 2493** 0 HOH 1.00 76.81 0 36.500 -13.658 302 29.658 HOH HETATM 2494 ٥ 1.00 71.74 0 35.860 -10.762 28.183 **HETATM 2495** HOH 303 1.00 79.17 0 39.854 -9.262 33.215 304 HOH HETATM 2496 ٥ 1.00 75.26 Q 22.138. 35.777 -10.127 305 **HETATM 2497** 0 HOH 51.476 -6.285 1.00 73.10 0 34.862 306 HETATM 2498 HOH 1.00 79.78 0 51.580 -7.567 307 40.147 HOH HETATM 2499 ٥ 1 00 75.06 0 71.917 -29.800 28.423 HETATM 2500 HOH 308 1.00 78.92 0 68.573 -22.761 309 31.298 HOH HETATM 2501 0 1.00 75.58 O 22.252 33.788 4.586 HOH 310 HETATM 2502 0 26.214 1.00 71.75 0 13.773 26.312 311 **HETATM 2503** HOH 1.00 75.67 0 12.029 25.114 24.723 HETATM 2504 Ω HOH 312 1.00 72.55 0 5.646 49.266 313 23.485 HOH **HETATM 2505** 1.00 71.36 0 43.055 12.920 25-648 314 HOH HETATM 2506 1.00 77.71 0 34.503 32.710 4.653 HETATM 2507 0 HOH 315 1.00 78.77 0 32.175 37.131 2.456 316 HETATM 2508 ٥ HOH 1.00 80.24 0 27.100 34.488 6.881 317 HOH HETATM 2509 1.00 81.07 0 13.099 23.711 10.082 HOH 318 **HETATM 2510** 1.00 79.53 0 18.524 -28.499 21.428 319 HOH HETATM 2511 0 1.00 82.34 0 26.684 30.716 3.017 HOH. 321 0 HETATM 2512 32.903 1.00 82.07 O 27.178 -5.228 322 **HETATM 2513** 0 HOH 603 174 CONECT CONECT 603 274 932 1341 CONECT CONECT 1341 932 CONECT 1686 2094 CONECT 2094 1686 6 23 6 2512 0 n 3 27 303 MASTER END

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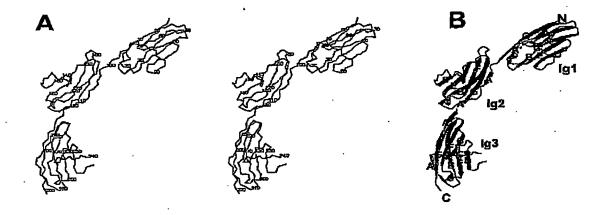
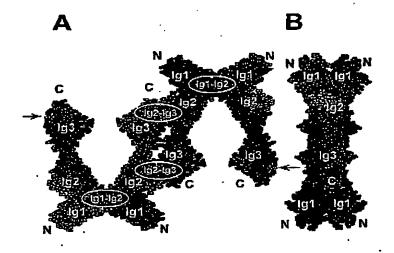


Figure 1

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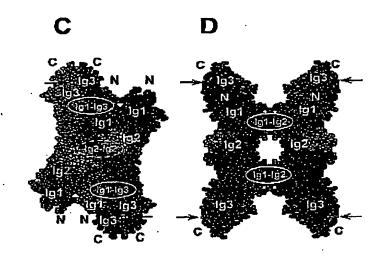
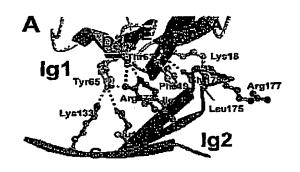
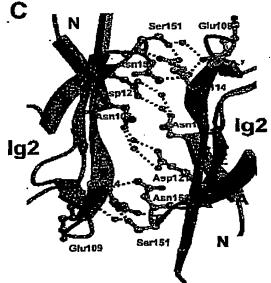


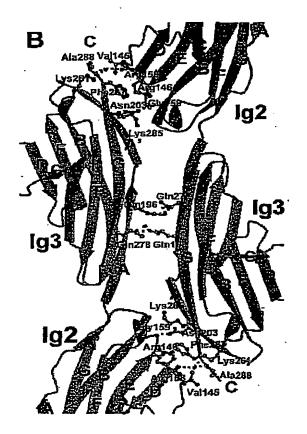
Figure 2

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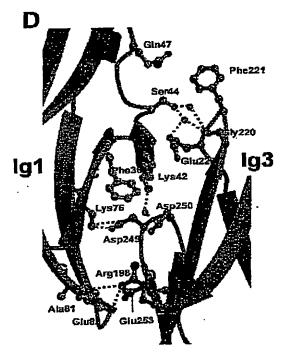
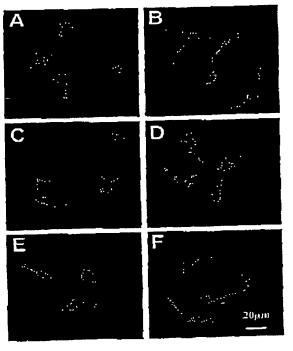


Figure 3

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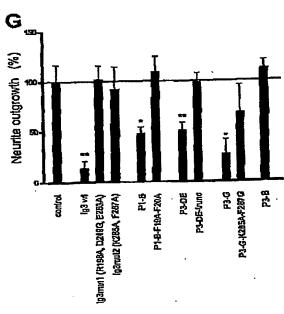
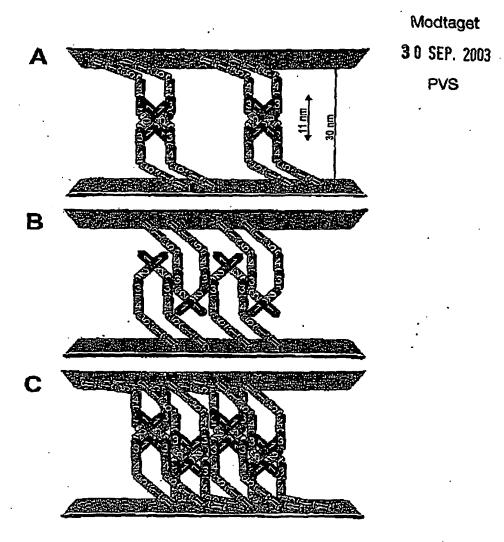


Figure 4



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Figure 5

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